# The Los Angeles Times

XIVTH YEAR.—12 PAGES. TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 15, 1895. PER WEEK, 20c. PER MONTH 85c. FIVE CENTS



AMUSEMENTS— With Dates of Events.

New Los Angeles Theater—
C. M. WOOD Lessee. H. C. WYATT, Manager.
THE FASHIONABLE EVENT OF THE SEASON.
One Week Beginning Next Monday, Jan. 21.
MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
GRAND OPERA IN ENGLISH.
Sale of Seats Begins Wednesday A.M.
Engagement of the Famous MARIE
TAVARY
Grand English Opera Co.
Under Direction Mr. Charles H. Pratt.
The Largest, Strongest and Most Complete Operatic Organization in America.
REPERTOIRE:
Monday.....“RIGOLETTO” | Thursday.....“CARMEN”
Tuesday.....“IL TROVATORE” | Friday.....“FAUST”
Wednesday mat.....“BOHEMIAN GIRL” | Saturday Matinee.....“MARTHA”
Wednesday ev'g.....“CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA” and “I PAGLIACCI.” | Saturday evening.....“TANNHAUSER”
PRICES—$1.50, $1.00, 75 cents and 50 cents.

NEW LOS ANGELES THEATER—
C. M. WOOD, Lessee. H. C. WYATT, Manager.
THREE NIGHTS—THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY, Jan. 17, 18, 19—MATINEE SATURDAY. Return of the supreme favorites, HAVERLY'S Mastodonic, Operatic Minstrels. Directed personally by Col. J. H. Haverly. A complete change of programme presented by all the old favorites and the specially added star comedian of the world, Mr. Larry Dooley. New songs, stories, acts and specialties. First production here of the operatic burlesque, “BILL TROVATORE.” Introducing Miss Addie Cassidy, prima donna soprano and entire strength of company.
PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00. Seats now on sale.

ORPHEUM— S. MAIN ST. BET. FIRST AND SECOND.
(Formerly Grand Opera-house.)
LOS ANGELES' SOCIETY VAUDEVILLE THEATER.
In conjunction with the San Francisco Orpheum.
WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, JANUARY 14.
An entire new company direct from the San Francisco Orpheum, on their return voyage to Europe and the east.
THE BRAATZ SISTERS, THE ROSSLEYS, GEORGINS DADIGO, Last week of THE MORELLOS and the great dog “Bob.”
RAMZA & ARNO, JOEN—McCARTHY'S—NELLIE, CONSTANTINE & LYONS, Last week of GEO. EVANS, the lone Minstrel.
Performance every evening including Sunday. Evening Prices—Parquette, 25c and 50c; Family Circle, 25c; gallery, 10c; single box and loge seats, 75c.
Matinee Saturday and Sunday 25c to any part of the house; children 10c any seat; gallery 10c; single box and loge seats 50c
COMING, LYDIA YEAMANS TITUS.

BURBANK THEATER— FRED A. COOPER, Manager.
A BRILLIANT SOCIETY SEASON.
Week com. Sunday, Jan. 13, with regular Saturday Matinee.
JEFFREYS LEWIS “Forget-Me-Not.”
In her Masterpiece.
Miss Lewis as Stephanie, indorsed by the press and public as being the best character personation on the American stage. Prices as usual. Orchestra, 50c; dress and family circles, 50c; balcony, 25c; gallery, 15c; boxes, 75c; loges, 50c.

CHURCH OF THE UNITY—
—Corner Third and Hill Streets.
The Literary Event of the Season.
ONLY TWO EVENINGS with the Distinguished Russian and Siberian Traveler, Writer and Lecturer
GEORGE KENNAN.
Friday Evening, January 25. Subject—“Russian Political Exiles.” (Illustrated.)
PRICES—$1.00, 75c and 50c. Special rates given to schools, societies, lodges, etc., when tickets are taken in blocks. Reserved seats on sale at the A. W. Berry Stationery Co., 120 South Spring Street, Wednesday, January 16. Special tickets exchanged for reserved seats.

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—103 North Spring Street.
EVERYTHING IN MUSIC.
Weber Pianos, Kimball Pianos; 10 pieces Sheet Music 25 cents.

GRAND CONCERT.
MISS GERTRUDE AULD,
Assisted by Mrs. Margaret Messmore-Le Sage and Messrs. F. A. Bacon and H. S. Williams,
At Simpson Tabernacle, Thursday Evening, Jan. 17, 1895.
All of lower floor and balcony, 50c for reserved seats; top gallery, 25c. Seats reserved at Blanchard & Fitzgerald's Music Store, 113 S. Spring, on and after Tuesday, Jan. 15, 9 a.m.

MILLIE CHRISTINE,
YOUR LAST OPPORTUNITY.
THIRD NEAR SPRING.
SEE HER TODAY.

SPECIAL NOTICES—

DIVIDEND NO. 21 OF THE LOS ANGELES Savings Bank for the six months ending December 31, 1894, is now due and payable as follows: On term deposits at the rate of four and one-half (4½) per cent. per annum; on ordinary deposits at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum. W. M. CASWELL, Cashier. 15

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE firm of Farrell & Waterhouse has this day dissolved by mutual consent, and the business will be continued by Farrell & Co., at 324 S. Spring St., on and after the 10th inst.

“BIOCHEMISTRY” (LIFE CHEMISTRY)—IS a new, scientific system of restoring health by supplying deficiencies to impoverished blood; at present only $3 per month; investigate. 229 WILSON BLOCK. 9 to 11, 2 to 4.

KEEP YOUR FEET WARM, SAVE DOCtors' bills; Dr. Thacher's foot-batteries and magnetic garments will do it. Call on or address ZENAS HODGES, 153½ S. Spring.

MRS. C. M. JOHNSTON OF SAN DIEGO for a short time only will give readings in achycometre and give spirit tests; sittings daily, 9 to 12, 1 to 5. 128 W. FIFTH ST. 18

OPIUM, MORPHINE AND COCAINE HABIT successfully treated; no failures; no hindrance from business; consultation strictly confidential. 304 STIMSON BLOCK.

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I HAVE MOVED MY REAL ESTATE AND insurance office to 107 Broadway. W. W. WIDNEY.

D. MADIGAN FIGURES CLOSE ON ALL kinds of cement work. 409 SAN PEDRO ST.

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And Dental Rooms.

ADAMS BROS.' DENTAL PARLORS, 239½ S. Spring st. Filling, 25c, $8, $10; all work guaranteed; established 10 years; office hours, 8 to 5, Sundays 10 to 12.

DR. L. W. WELLS, SPRING AND FIRST, Wilson Block; elevator. Gold crown and bridge work a specialty; teeth extracted; no pain. Rooms 7.

DR. URMY, DENTIST, 134½ S. SPRING st. Painless extracting, new process; first-class work, at lowest prices.

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EXCURSIONS—
With Dates and Departures.

BURLINGTON ROUTE EXCURSIONS, PERsonally conducted, leave Los Angeles every Wednesday, via Southern Pacific, Denver and Rio Grande and Burlington routes, for Chicago, New York, Boston and other Eastern points; upholstered tourist cars, with all conveniences. See any Southern Pacific agent, or write to T. H. DUZAN, agent, 222 S. Spring st., Los Angeles, Cal.

PHILLIPS'S PERSONALLY CONDUCTED excursions, via Southern Pacific, Rio Grande and Rock Island route, leave Los Angeles every Tuesday; cross the Sierra Nevadas, pass the entire Rio Grande scenery, and make 10 hours' stop at Niagara Falls, all by daylight; also via the Southern route, El Paso and Fort Worth, every Thursday. Office, 138 S. SPRING ST.

JUDSON'S POPULAR EXCURSIONS EVERY Monday over the Rio Grande Western and Denver and Rio Grande Railways, scenic route, personally conducted; newly upholstered cars through to Chicago, New York and Boston; finest equipment; best service; quick time. Office, 212 S. SPRING ST.

MOUNT LOWE RAILWAY — FOR TIMEtable see TERMINAL RAILWAY CO.

LOST STRAYED
And Found.

FOUND—CAME TO RANCHO LOS FELIZ, some time about the middle of December, a dark bay mare, with white star in forehead and white strip on nose, weight about 700 or 800 lbs. SALZGABEE & FALEINELLA. 19

STRAYED—CAME TO MY PLACE JANuary 1, cor. 11th and Vermont ave., brown horse, with a little white on head; weight about 1000 lbs. Owner can have same by paying charges and proving property. 15

LOST—WEDNESDAY NIGHT, FROM CITIzens' Stock Yards, 2 gray horses, 4 and 6 years old, weight about 1200 lbs. each; a reward will be given for any information. V. V. COCHRAN.

LOST—A POCKETBOOK ON BROADWAY, bet. Third and Fourth sts., containing membership card of Friday Morning Club. Reward for return to TIMES OFFICE. 15

LOST— A HEAVY-SET ROAN HORSE, 9 years old, brown nose, shoes well worn. Finder return to 1249 S. PEARL ST., receive reward. 16

FOUND— SAM. THE CHAMPION HORSEclipper, N. BROADWAY.

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And Patent Agents.

PATENTS FOR INVENTIONS IN ALL countries obtained, bought and sold, by S. J. DAY & CO., who since 1849 have acted for leading inventors, manufacturers and others. Los Angeles office, rooms 222-223 BRADBURY BLDG.

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MONEY WANTED—

WANTED—TO BORROW $700; AMPLE COLlateral security; short time; liberal interest. P, box 44, TIMES OFFICE. 13


## THE MORNING'S NEWS
—IN—
## The Times

Associated Press Reports Briefed.

BY CABLE—Page 2.

British steamer Rowan founders in the Bay of Biscay; a boat with seven men lost....Other vessels wrecked on the British coast....A bomb explosion startles Paris....The French Cabinet resigns.

IN CONGRESS—Pages 1, 2.

The Senate galleries filled with visitors in anticipation of debate on the currency problem....Senator Stewart says the banks have a hold on the administration...Senators Hill, Gorman and Allison also discuss the proposition....The Oleomargarine Bill in the House:...Appointments and promotions....Discovery made that Spain pays an export bounty on sugar.

GENERAL EASTERN—Pages 1, 2, 3, 6.

Tie-up of the trolley-lines in Brooklyn; five hundred men out....A barge ashore at Fire Island; the crew probably lost....Debs and other A. R. U. leaders make application for a writ of error....Foreign governments maintaining a system of espionage on American abattoirs....Vice-President Colfax's grave to have a monument...Donations from Illinois to the Nebraska sufferers....A woman found frozen to death in Chicago streets....Ex-Judge Maguire of San Francisco lectures on the single tax at New York....U. S. District Judge Seaman holds court at the Milwaukee depot; a novel incident.

AT LARGE—Pages 1, 2, 3, 6.

Dispatches were also received from San Antonio, Galveston, New Orleans, New York, Chicago, Butte, St. Louis, San Francisco, Vancouver, B. C., Washington, London, Paris and other places.

PACIFIC COAST—Pages 1, 3.

Mose Gunst refuses to resign his appointment as Police Commissioner of San Francisco....The metropolis infested by burglarious footpads....A flaming volcano reported to be in eruption on Ambryn Island, New Hebrides; many villages swept away....Lieut.-Gov. Reddick relinquishes office and thanks the Senators for frequent courtesies; what he said about Lieut.-Gov.-elect Millard....The Republicans of [illegible] taking action on the proposition to release Speaker Lynch from his obligation to vote for Senator Perkins....An interesting will case....W. G. Shumaker arrested at Santa Rosa for obtaining goods under false pretenses....An attendant at Napa assaulted by a patient....Suicide of an inmate of the Napa Asylum.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL—Pages 5.

Trade in produce at Chicago....Fluctuations in the wheat market....The Boston stocks....State of trade in England....San Francisco vegetable and grain quotations....New York silver.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA—Page 11.

The chain-gang ordinance now in force at Pasadena....Meeting of the Orange county Supervisors....Condition of the suspended First National Bank of San Bernardino....A receiver expected.

THE CITY—Pages 6, 7, 8, 9, 12.

Meeting of the City Council—Dr. E. A. Bryant re-elected Police Surgeon. Trial of one of the Elikan murderers commenced....Preliminary examination of “Kid” Thompson, one of the alleged Roscoe train robbers....An important decision by Judge Ross on water rates....Trial calendars in the Federal courts called....Mysterious shooting in a First-street lodging-house....Meeting of the Board of Education; the committees announced. Important memorial affecting the Salt Lake Railroad.

WEATHER FORECAST.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.—For Southern California: Occasional rain tonight, ending tonight or Tuesday; cooler in the southeastern portion; slight to fresh variable winds, shifting to northerly.

### IT WAS LOADED.

A Suspicious-looking Parcel Causes a Sensation in Paris.

PARIS, Jan. 14.—(By Atlantic Cable.) A bomb explosion about midnight, in front of No. 65 Rue Monceau is believed to have been the work of Anarchists. Nobody was killed, but considerable damage was done. The bomb is described as of a reversible sort, chiefly charged with dynamite, packed in gunpowder and concealed in an English tin cracker box, strengthened by a thick band of aluminum. The police have no clew to the culprit, though some policemen on duty in adjacent streets saw a man running swiftly away a short time before the explosion. It appears that a porter on duty at No. 65 Rue Monceau, just before midnight, was informed by a passer-by that a suspicious-looking parcel had been placed on the window-ledge of the ground floor. The porter seized the parcel, and hurled it into the middle of the street, where it exploded.

Showers of shot were hurled in all directions, breaking all windows in the vicinity, although they were protected by strong wooden shutters. Following the explosion there was a panic among the people residing in the immediate vicinity. No. 65 Rue Monceau was formerly the residence of Prince Victor Napoleon. Its front was considerably damaged.

The Chief of the Municipal Laboratory is inclined to think the explosion was more in the nature of a dangerous joke than an Anarchist outrage. He is reported to have ascertained that the bomb contained no projectiles, and was apparently only charged with gunpowder.

# REDDICK GOES.

## He Gave up the Gavel Yesterday.

### What He Has Said About Mr. Millard.

The Latter's Oath to be Entered in the Journals of Both Houses.

Mr. Bledsoe is Again After that “Well”—He Secures an Opinion by the Attorney-General, but is Squelched.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 14.—The evident intention of the politicians to delay the organization of the Legislature for the transaction of actual business, was manifest again today. In neither house was anything of importance accomplished. Though there seemed to be nothing to prevent the announcement of the Senate and Assembly committees, it was not done. Tonight, it is stated that the committees will be made known tomorrow.

It is estimated that fully three hundred bills are in the hands of members, ready to be introduced as soon as the rules shall have been agreed upon and the standing committees appointed.

THE SENATORIAL CONTEST.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 14.—A little new life was added to the Senatorial contest tonight by the arrival of Jacob H. Neff, who is just now being boomed for Senatorial honors by representatives of the mining interests. Mr. Neff has assured them that he is willing to take upon himself the responsibility of a two-year term at Washington, Assemblyman Thomas of Nevada county, who first talked of nominating ex-Gov. Markham for Senator, has now transferred his hope to Mr. Neff. He says that he will place the president of the Miners' Association in nomination.

M. H. de Young is also here. He returned on a late train tonight, and there is fresh enthusiasm among his supporters.

J. B. Stetson, the San Francisco merchant, is also attracting considerable attention as a Senatorial possibility. Assemblyman Powers, chairman of the San Francisco delegation, has stated that he will vote for Stetson. Mr. Powers stated positively that the San Francisco men did not care how they could support Mr. Neff or any other man who is distinctly a representative of the mining interests, and, furthermore, that they did not think the agricultural counties could be induced to support a mining man. He stated that he should vote for Stetson, because he was a broad-gauge business man, and he intimated that if it came to a question of Mr. de Young or Mr. Perkins, he would vote for Mr. de Young for the same reason.

The Perkins men are apparently awaiting developments. They are claiming to have six votes pledged, in addition to the forty-five which were represented at the Republican caucus. W. B. Hamilton, Mr. Perkins's manager, declared tonight that he could not see how there could be any particular change in the situation for at least two or three days. He stated that the supporters of Mr. Perkins would make no further move until after the standing committees of the House and Senate should be announced, and both houses fully organized for actual business. Senator Perkins, he said, would probably not return to Sacramento unless some of his supporters in the Legislature should send for him.

OPPOSITION TO SENATOR PERKINS.

SAN BERNARDINO, Jan. 14.—The Republican County Central Committee met this afternoon to consider the question of releasing Speaker Lynch from the instructions of the county convention to support Mr. Perkins for Senator. Twenty-seven out of seventy-seven members were present. This was not a quorum, and no action was taken.

The generally-expressed opinion is that the County Committee has no authority to release from any obligation imposed by the convention, which created the committee at the same time it nominated Mr. Lynch for the Assembly. It is understood here that Senator Perkins opposed Lynch's Speakership candidacy, and several expressed themselves as disposed to condone Lynch's offense should he bolt the instructions on personal grounds. The committee adjourned until the 19th, when it is thought a quorum will be present. The question of the election of a chairman and secretary and resolutions on State division will then come up.

AN APPOINTMENT NEAR HOME.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 14.—Gov. Budd today appointed D. W. Weldt pilot for the port of Wilmington and San Pedro Bay. It has been ratified by the Senate.

In the notices of the meeting of the State road convention, some have given the date as February 8. The convention meets in Sacramento Thursday, February 7.

### CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE.

THIRTY-FIRST SESSION.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 14.—SENATE. — Though Spencer G. Millard lies critically ill at his home in Los Angeles, he is, nevertheless, Lieutenant-Governor of the State of California. The State Senate today declared that there could be no doubt as to the legality of the oath of office which was taken by him before Superior Judge W. H. Clark at Los Angeles on January 10. To guard against any technical objections that might be raised, the Senate adopted a concurrent resolution ordering that a certified copy of the official oath be entered in full upon the journal of each house. There is no doubt that the Assembly will concur in the resolution. It is held, however, that this is but a formality, and that Mr. Millard would still be Lieutenant-Governor without further action on the part of the Legislature.

Lieut.-Gov. Reddick, recognizing that his successor had been duly inaugurated, gracefully stepped down and out. Soon after he had called the Senate to order, this morning, Mr. Reddick arose to a question of privilege. He declared that it was his desire to correct certain newspaper stories in which it had been stated that there was strife as to who would occupy the chair of presiding officer of the Senate, and also stating that an ill-feeling had arisen between Senator Androus of Los Angeles and himself. These stories he desired to brand as false. He stated that within an hour after his arrival in Sacramento he met and conferred with Senator Androus regarding the seating of Mr. Millard. He told the Senator he believed that any oath of office which Mr. Millard might take before his election should be duly declared by the Speaker of the Assembly would be nugatory, and that he and Senator Androus jointly drafted a telegram to Mr. Millard, requesting him not to qualify until his election had been declared before the Legislature in joint assembly.

The Lieutenant-Governor stated further that he had told Senator Androus that, in the event of the death of Mr. Millard, he believed he would hold over until a successor should be elected, and that it would also be his duty to hold over until Mr. Millard should qualify for the office. In conclusion, Lieut.-Gov. Reddick stated that he and Senator Androus had at all times been in harmony, and that he brought up the matter in order that his position [illegible] Senator Androus might not be misunderstood.

Following this statement, Senator Gesford, chairman of the special committee appointed to arrange for the inauguration of the Lieutenant-Governor-elect, made his report. The committee reported that in their opinion Mr. Millard had been duly inaugurated Lieutenant-Governor. The oath of office, taken before Superior Judge Clark at Los Angeles, complied with all the provisions of the Political Code, which stipulates that the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor shall take the oath of office before the Legislature in joint assembly they found to be directory, merely, and not mandatory. In conclusion, the committee recommended that a certified copy of the oath of office, which accompanied their report, be spread upon the journals of both houses. This report was unanimously adopted.

Immediately afterward Senator Flint, Speaker pro tem., was called to the chair, while Lieut.-Gov. Reddick delivered his valedictory address. He thanked the Senators for their uniformly-courteous treatment of him as their presiding officer, and referred to the fact that only twice during his term of office as president of the Senate had his decisions been appealed from, and in each case the Senate had sustained his decision. For his successor he bespoke the same courteous treatment. Then, in the midst of loud applause, he stepped down and quitted the Senate chamber.

The first duty of President, pro tem, Flint was to announce the vote by which the Senate unanimously adopted the concurrent resolution, which directs that the official oath of Lieut.-Gov. Millard be entered upon the journals of both houses.

The Senate today received a petition from the Oakland Federation of Trades Unions in which it is asserted that California apparently has one law for the rich and another for the poor. The petition recites that while a large number of A.R.U. men have been indicted for a conspiracy of which they are innocent, no action has been taken to investigate the conspiracy recently entered into by a large number of rich men of Sacramento, who, as a vigilance committee, have conspired to take the law into their own hands and to drive poor men from the city of Sacramento and to prevent others charged with crime from securing a fair trial under the law. The petitioners call upon the Governor to put down this conspiracy and upon the Legislature to officially investigate the charges which they make. The matter was referred to the Committee on Capital and Labor.

The Senate confirmed Gov. Budd's appointment of E. L. Colnon as his private secretary.

ASSEMBLY—Mr. Bledsoe was responsible for the only diversion in today's session of the Assembly. The member from Humboldt came in with his promised motion, demanding that the sergeant-at-arms take steps to abolish the saloon and restaurant in the basement of the Capitol, known as “the Well.” Mr. Dixon sought to shut off the aggressive member from Humboldt with a motion to lay Mr. Bledsoe's motion on the table. Mr. Dixon carried his point by a vote of 55 to 21, but Mr. Bledsoe was not thus easily squelched. He filed a written protest against the action of the Assembly, accompanying which was an opinion from Atty.-Gen. Fitzgerald, in response to an inquiry from Mr. Bledsoe. The opinion set forth that, while the Secretary of State is custodian of the State Capitol, he has no authority to permit the building to be used for other than State purposes, and that a restaurant or saloon cannot be established in the Capitol, or on the Capitol grounds. The protest was duly filed.

Mr. Dixon's motion to lay Mr. Bledsoe's motion on the table was intended to cut off debate, but it did not prevent Mr. Bledsoe from charging that A. J. Rhoads, a prominent Republican politician from Sacramento county, was the proprietor of this saloon and restaurant privilege. Despite Mr. Bledsoe's assertion, Mr. Cutter denied that liquor was being sold in “the Well,” and stated that the Secretary of State had so informed him. No other business of importance came up in the Assembly.

### THE “OLD MAN” DISGUSTED.

(Uncle Sam:) “Well, what does this last crank want with me?”

### GUNST STUBBORN.

HE REFUSES TO RESIGN HIS APPOINTMENT.

A Committee Waits on Him with Resolutions—His Answer—He Calls the Whole Thing an Insult.

*By Telegraph to The Times.*

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.—(Special Dispatch.) Mose Gunst, the new Police Commissioner, had a bad quarter of an hour today, when the three members of the committee appointed by Sunday's mass-meeting called on him and requested him to resign. The committee consisted of George T. Gaden, J. A. Anthony and A. W. Thompson. They called this afternoon at Gunst's cigar store and waited for him. When Gunst walked hurriedly into his store, he found these men waiting patiently, with peculiar expressions on their faces. He seemed to divine their business, for his face flushed, and he set his teeth with snap. It had been freely wagered that “Mose,” good-natured fellow that he is, would meet his visitors with a smile, and, after passing around a box of his best Havanas, would say: “Well, come in, boys, and let's talk this thing over.” Not so, Gunst. He squared off metaphorically, and wanted to know what business brought the visitors to his store.

“I beg to hand you this letter, Mr. Gunst,” said Chairman Gaden, politely, handing the new Police Commissioner a folded slip of paper. If Gunst read it, he would have found resolutions asking him to resign.

Gunst paid no attention to the outstretched hand of Gaden, but walked directly into the ante-room. He soon came out again, exclaiming, “I have got your answer for you.” In his hand he held a piece of paper about the size of the one Gaden held. “In the first place I want to know if you are citizens and taxpayers,” said Gunst.

“We are,” replied all three.

“Well, here is my answer,” said Gunst, poking his paper into Gaden's hand. Under the business heading was: “After I know what authority you have and am furnished with a copy of your resolutions, signed by the proper people, I will answer your communication.”

Gaden glanced at the paper and replied: “The information that you require is in this communication.”

“I have got nothing to say except this whole business is an outrage and an insult,” said Gunst. He was too excited to read the letter, but he continued to talk of insult. Then the committee left.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.—The committee appointed at the citizens' mass-meeting Saturday night to call and request Police Commissioner Mose Gunst to resign performed their delicate task today, and met with a chilly reception. Gunst refused to recognize them until they had presnted their authority in writing. He was informed that a letter which had been handed him was the authority and if he would read it the committee awaited his reply. Gunst refused to read the paper and said: “I consider it a piec of imposition and an insult. I have no reply to make.”

The committee of eleven apponited to effect a permanent organization and devise a plan of action, held a meeting. A letter inclosing the resolutions adopted Saturday night, was written to Congressman Maguire at Washington. It is requested to urge both upon the President and Congress the stern necessity of action in the matter. The committee says that unless the court commissioners and the District Attorney do their duty the people will resort to stronger methods than resolutions or appeals.

### A BIG FIRE.

A Conflagration in Main Street of Austin.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

AUSTIN (Tex.,) Jan. 14.—A big fire is raging in the main street of this city. A general alarm has just been sounded. The fire at present has destroyed the three-story brick building occupied by Gammel's bookstore, and is still burning, with little hope of subduing the flames. Only half a block away is the Statesman office, in the same block.

# THE PROBLEM.

## Financial Debate in the Senate.

### Senators Hill and Gorman Cross Swords.

The Maryland Statesman Looks to the Republicans for Patriotic Action.

The Income Tax Provision Crops Up. Representative Black of Illinois Resigns—Work of the House.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Senator Jones yesterday submitted the outline of his financial bill to Senator Teller. He and other silver men conferred regarding it, and decided that the part relating to the coinage of the American product was not satisfactory. Today Senators Jones and Teller had a long conference, in which an effort was made to adjust differences existing between friends of silver, and reconcile them to the administration.

The talks between Senator Teller and Senator Jones did not result in any definite understanding. Mr. Jones said he was not ready yet to put his bill, and that he would talk with the different Senators to see if there was any prospect of getting it through.

“There will be no use,” he said, “to put in a bill at all, unless there is some probability of its acceptance by the conflicting elements. I have been seeing the representatives of different shades of sentiment about the Senate and until I shall have had an opportunity to compare their views I cannot say whether I shall present the bill at all.”

Mr. Jones also said that while it was true that he had seen the President and submitted a rough draft of the bill which he proposed to him, it was not a fact that the President had indicated his acceptance of the plan proposed. He said he had talked with the President for two hours on Friday, and that while the President had indicated his desire that legislation should be accomplished, and had urged him to go ahead, he had not said that the Jones bill would be acceptable in all respects. He had not gathered the impression that the President was opposed to the bill, but that he was non-committal and would be on any bill until he should be assured as to whether it could pass Congress.

INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Senator Sherman today introduced a bill, providing for carrying into effect the international arbitration resolution adopted by Congress in 1890, by asking the President to conduct such negotiations as it provides for through the diplomatic agents of the United States, or to appoint a committee to visit such other nations as he may determine on, “for the purpose of instituting negotiations with them for the creation of a tribunal of international arbitration and other appropriate means whereby difficulties and disputes between nations may be peaceably and amicably settled.”

RELIEF OF SUGAR PRODUCERS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The entire Louisiana delegation in Congress appeared before the House Appropriation Committee today to urge some provisions to be made for relief of the immediate losses suffered by the sugar producers and planters of that State, caused by the repeal of bounty provided for in the McKinley tariff act.

FIVE PER CENT. FOR CALIFORNIA.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The [illegible] Public Lands Committee has decided to report favorably a bill granting to California 5 per cent. of the proceeds of the sale of public lands.

### FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—SENATE. — The prevailing feeling that the currency problem has been transferred to the Senate has made that body the center of interest at the Capitol. The galleries were again well filled today, in anticipation of developments in the way of speeches indicating the probable course of the majority. After routine business Senator Stewart resumed his speech begun Saturday.

He spoke of the extent to which the banks controlled Congress, political convention telegraph companies and the press. The banks always maintained a lobby in Congress. They dominated national congregations of Republicans, Democrats and Populists, and secured the nomination of their friends. There had been bank rule in the administration for twenty years.

When Senator Stewart finished Senator Gorman made a speech in which he declared that he never would follow a leader who, in time of peace, would increase the national debt to pay the current expenses of the government.

Mr. Stewart closed at 1 o'clock, and then Mr. Gorman of Maryland rose for the speech which had been expected for some days. At the outset Mr. Gorman gave his attention to the proposition to cripple the income tax by cutting off its appropriation. He declared himself opposed to that line of attack. He then proceeded to take up the tariff legislation, as bearing on existing conditions. The tariff bill which first came to the Senate from the House brought forth an era of demagogy such as the country had seldom before seen. It overlooked the greatest essential of legislation, to realize sufficient revenue to carry on the government.

The Senator said that he, for one, would never have voted for the tariff bill if he had not believed it had been shaped so as to raise ample revenue for the expenses of the government. The Senate had added $60,000,000 to the revenue under that law, and yet it was not demonstrated that the revenues under the law were sufficient to carry on the ordinary expenses of the government.

“According to your estimates,” inter-

rupted Mr. Vest, "do you claim that the revenues for the present year will not meet the expenses?"

"I do."

"Do you include in your estimates the 40 per cent. tax on sugar and the increased whisky tax, which will not be available for this year? I desire to call the Senator's attention to the fact that the revenues of the government have been steadily increasing for three months, and that it is reasonable to presume that by April the revenues will meet the expenditures."

"I will allow another to answer that question," replied Mr. Gorman. "I will allow the foremost man of finance in the Democratic party to answer, the Secretary of the Treasury, who, amid all this turmoil, has stood for a tax sufficient to meet the demands on the treasury. He stood there while slander was rampant and the vipers of the press were spitting at him, and he stands there now. The Wilson Bill or the Brice Bill, or the Smith Bill, or by whatever name you desire to call it, was a compromise bill. The Senator from New York, Mr. Hill, was not a party to it. There is something about Democrats from the section from which he comes that prevents them from ever compromising." (Laughter.)

"The Senator fought the bill manfully," said Mr. Gorman, continuing. "I admire manliness. But in addition to opposing the income tax which, as I have shown, is necessary, the Senator from New York joined with all the extreme tariff reformers to cut down duties on imports. 'I will never follow a leader,' said he emphatically, 'who will in time of peace increase the national debt to pay the current expenses of the government.'

"Before the election of 1892," said Mr. Gorman, "it had already been demonstrated that the McKinley law did not include sufficient revenue to meet the demands of the government. The estimates on which that law had been made were erroneous, just as the estimates on which this last tariff law was framed were erroneous. It had been clearly pointed out prior to the election of 1892, that the McKinley bill reduced revenues to the point of threatening the treasury with bankruptcy."

Mr. Gorman reviewed the circumstances under which the Wilson bill was taken up in the Senate and declared that the expenses of the government could not be reduced. He quoted from a report to substantiate his remarks.

Mr. Gorman quoted from a report of the condition of the treasury on January 12, showing that the deficit since July 1, 1894, or the excess of expenditures, as Mr. Carlisle called it, was $34,000,000 on January 12.

Mr. Carlisle, while the tariff bill was pending, had estimated the receipts under the Senate bill for the ensuing fiscal year at $363,000,000, and the expenditures at $378,000,000, or a deficit of $15,000,000. The deficit was already double that sum and the year was but half over.

Mr. Gorman spoke of the difficulty of making accurate prognostications and declared that in his opinion the Secretary ought not to be held to his figures.

"But," said he, addressing the Democratic side, "you cannot afford to trifle with the situation. You must maintain without party divisions, the honor and integrity of the government. We are raising more taxes from our people than from customs duty," said Mr. Gorman. "Not enough revenue was being raised from customs to pay the pensions. The bulk of taxation was now being levied within our own borders. The customs revenue would be many millions short of the $140,000,000 required for pensions. Can we reduce the expenditures?

"I answer no. In 1892 the pension budget reached $180,000,000, its highest point. It is now down to $140,000,000 and will diminish as the old soldiers die. It will average $125,000,000 for the next ten years. The expenditures for postal service, the navy, rivers and harbors must go on. The Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. Quay) has said that the Democratic party has been rebuked and turned out of power. I think the Senator from Colorado (Mr. Teller) stated the case on Saturday last when, addressing his Republican colleagues, he warned them that the Republicans could be swept into power last fall not because the people had overconfidence in that party, but because in their present distress they would have removed from power any party.

"You will come into power on March 4 next," said Senator Gorman, passionately, "under circumstances more favorable than we did. We have removed many of the obstructions from your path. You will have in the House a big majority, as we have now, and in the Senate a majority as big as ours—for ours hangs but by a thread. I say now to the Senator from Pennsylvania, when he and his colleagues meet the question that confronts us now, I will treat him and his friends in a spirit different from that which he has manifested toward us. I will say to him, when any question affecting the finances of the government, any proposition to prevent the bankruptcy of the government, or to give the country a sound currency, I will help you through in the hour of peril, although you refused to aid us."

Senator Aldrich said: "As the Senator from Maryland says, the responsibility will be on the Republican side of the chamber after March 4, let me ask him if we will have the President with us after that date."

Senator Gorman paused for a moment and then, in eloquent terms, declared that the President of the United States could be depended on to meet any emergency presented to him with a patriotism uninfluenced by party feeling.

"Let me suggest," said Senator Hale, "that while the Senator from Maryland places the responsibility on this side of the chamber after March 4, yet the administrative branch of the government remains with the Democrats. Now, when the Senator says the President will patriotically join us in preparing a remedy, does he mean to say the President will approve such a bill for raising revenue as this side of the chamber may prepare? We have our own idea as to how this revenue should be raised. It is part of the Republican policy of protection. Now, is the Senator authorized to say the President will help us in defeating this measure?"

Senator Gorman disclaimed any authority to speak for the President, or to indicate his course, but if the Republican Congress, after March 4, meets this grave responsibility with patriotism, unswerved by party feeling, he felt confident that every man, from the President down to the humblest man in the party, would help in securing that end.

Senator Aldrich then suggested that Senator Gorman had pointed out that the government needed more revenue.

"And now what remedy does the Senator propose?" asked Senator Aldrich.

"The first thing to do is to pass the appropriation for collecting the income tax," said Senator Gorman. "For one, I am convinced that the masses of the people, who comprise the brawn and sinew of the land, who love justice and honest dealings, the people whom Lincoln said could not be fooled all the time, will come back and render a verdict in favor of those who knew when their party was in the minority that there was a deficiency, and who had the courage, when in the majority, to insist on trying to make the receipts meet the expenditures. They will give due credit to the great statesmen whom they had treated unjustly."

"Why not pass some bill now to increase the revenue?" asked Mr. Aldrich.

"We have no power to do so."

"There are some measures on the calendar," he said, alluding to the bills to place iron and coal on the free list, and to abolish the differential on refined sugar.

"But they decrease the revenue," replied Mr. Gorman.

"We could alter their character," said Mr. Aldrich.

"Will you aid us to take them up?" asked Senator Vest.

Mr. Aldrich responded: "If you will change their character, yes."

"Certainly," observed Mr. Vest, with a smile, "if we will substitute the McKinley act."

In concluding, Mr. Gorman said: "It would be good policy and good politics for the Republicans to join us; sink party differences; meet the emergency and not let this question be made a football any longer."

Mr. Hill and Mr. Allison were instantly on their feet, asking recognition. The latter was recognized.

Mr. Allison complimented the Maryland Senator for clearly and for the first time making it clear from the Democratic standpoint that the country was now face to face with a great deficit. The Senator had not mentioned the currency question. He had gone to the really great emergency, the government's grave emergency in lacking revenue now, and threatened with still greater lack of revenue. And yet, with the situation before them in two months Congress separates not to convene again for nearly a year from the present time.

"But there is a remedy at hand," he said. "There are bills here, sent from the House, to further reduce the revenues on coal and iron. The duty of the hour is to take these bills, and, instead of passing them to further reduce the revenues, to so frame them as to yield $50,000,000 additional to our revenues."

Mr. Allison expressed amusement that the President and Secretary of the Treasury should remain passive with no suggestion to Congress as to the imperative necessity of increasing the revenues of the government; with a tremendous Democratic majority in Congress it was a plain duty that they should be reminded, in unmistakable language, from the executive branch of the government, that the revenues must be increased at once to secure sufficient to sustain the credit of the government. This was the present pressing duty, instead of vain conferences over a currency bill, or the reform of greenbacks, or the many financial plans under discussion. He urged that the statistics he presented showed that the McKinley law would have yielded ample revenue. But from the outset the normal action of that law was interrupted by the threat of revising and nullifying it. Mr. Allison closed with a vigorous appeal to those in authority, the President, the Secretary of the Treasury, the administration and Congress, to meet the emergency here and now instead of waiting for a full year.

Mr. Hill said: "If the Senator from Maryland desires to vindicate himself, I see no reason why he should not have the opportunity. But in urging this vindication the Senator from Maryland should not seek to impeach those who supported the Wilson bill. That Senator (Mr. Gorman) was among those who voted for that bill."

He (Senator Hill) was not among those who voted for it. It was a peculiar situation to find Senators who had voted against a law criticised for its existence by those who voted for it. As to the income tax, he understood the Senator from Maryland to be opposed to it, but, after a time, presto change—the Senator was found to favor that tax for a period of five years, Mr. Hill defined his position, which was to repeal the tax. If it was to stand he would offer no opposition to the appropriation for carrying it into effect.

"I the Commissioner of Internal Revenue should be enjoined from collecting the tax by one party in the District of Columbia, pending the determination of its constitutionality," asked Mr. Vilas, "would not that prevent the collection of the tax anywhere until the case was decided?"

"It would not," replied Mr. Hill, who proceded to argue that the injunction would only lie for the benefit of any person bringing the action.

"Why cannot a class get the benefit of a suit brought in the interest of a class? What denial can there be on the ground of residence?" asked Mr. Vilas.

"The parties must be similarly situated," replied Mr. Hill.

"Do you contend that A. B. in the District of Columbia could not bring a suit on behalf of himself and all others in the District?" asked Mr. Platt.

"I do not," replied Mr. Hill. "That could be done, but it is the most that could be done. No suit against the Commissioner could be brought save in the District."

Returning to the tariff law, Mr. Hill said that he had no retraction to offer for the criticisms he had made against that law. He objected to the differential on sugar. Did the gentleman from Maryland think of revenue when he voted for that provision—a provision that hurt the Democratic party more than any other factor. One would think from listening to the Senator from Maryland that he had stood here and combated a Democratic mob.

"That Senator," he went on, "stands here today opposed to any change in the rules. He appeals piteously to the Republican side of the chamber for help."

Mr. Hill did not join in any such appeal. He appealed to his party associates. There was a ripple of applause at this point, which was checked by the presiding officer. Why had the Senator from Maryland been removed from the stolid attitudes of indifference he had assumed today? Had he just heard the voices of the State conventions all over the country of last fall? Did he not know that in three platforms the Democrats had stood by the gallant few in this chamber and in the House and who had stood for redeeming the Chicago platform pledges, why did he attack him, Senator Hill? In attacking him, he did not attack a Democratic President and the Democratic House of Representatives. In 1893 the Senators of his own State had declared for free raw material. The Senator from Maryland had alluded to the section from which he came as unfavorable to compromise.

"Very well, I am not so certain," he added, "that the atmosphere of Northern New York is not as good as that in nearby States which breathe compromise on all public questions. (Laughter.) Some things can be compromised, but I cannot understand why the Senator deemed it necessary at this late day to attack me in order to vindicate his position on the tariff act."

Mr. Hill referred to the assertion of Mr. Gorman that he had always been opposed to the issue of bonds, and recalled Mr. Gorman's position in 1893, when he favored a bond issue. The Senator had also said he did not consider the verdict of last fall a condemnation of his tariff bill. Did he mean that it went over above and beyond that bill to the bill that was not passed? (Laughter.) He (Senator Hill) did not intend to offer a scheme of remedial legislation. To do so would be idle until the rules were changed. The Senator from Maryland attempted to set his judgment up as superior to that of some of his associates. Past events, he begged to assure him, had shown that he was no wiser than others. With bitter irony he quoted the concluding words of Mr. Gorman's speech on the occasion of the passage of the tariff bill, when that Senator enjoined patience, forbearance and virtue on the Democratic side; spoke of the rising sun of a brighter day in the horizon, and predicted victory and success at the November elections.

"At that time," continued Mr. Hill, "he predicted victory. Now he says he alone anticipated defeat. I voted against the bill, hoping after it passed the Senate it would be modified in conference, but when circumstances forced the House to accept it it went to the President. It might have been better if he had returned it for correction, but when he, in his wisdom, allowed it to become a law, it became a party measure, and from that time I ceased criticising, and as a Democrat tried to make my people believe it was a fair and just measure. As a party man I tried to strengthen it before the people. After the election I accepted the verdict and would never have alluded to a personal vindication hoped for or anticipated, had it not been for the remarks of the Senator from Maryland."

Mr. Gorman was again on his feet as soon as Mr. Hill closed. He spoke very quietly at first, but with evident feeling. He disclaimed a desire to have a personal controversy with the Senator from New York. He was not in the habit of making explanations. He was guided always by the one rule of bringing his best judgment to bear on a proposition and to abiding by that judgment. There was another rule, he said, which he was in the habit of following, and that was to confer and consult with his associates and abide by the judgment of the party. As to the tariff law as a whole, Mr. Gorman said that if the Democracy, from its head to its most humble member, had given the measure generous support, the results of last November would have been different. He did not then appreciate that the Senator from New York would be found fighting with the Republicans against the bill.

No dominant party could have succeeded in the midst of the terrible depression that existed last summer. He did not want to be disagreeable to the Senator from New York. He had not commented upon his course, but his position as it was now defined was a legitimate subject of comment. And if his idea was carried out it would further decrease the revenue $40,000,000. His position was unfair. It would be disastrous to the country.

"Now, I say to the Senator from New York," said he, "bring forth your measures for relief, and if it is a proper measure, one that commands a majority in this chamber, we will pass it."

With a final protest against his course, and an appeal to both sides of the chamber for patriotic action, Mr. Gorman concluded and Mr. Call of Florida took the floor. Mr. Call urged the necessity of an income tax. The Senate held a brief executive session, and, at 5:15 p.m., adjourned.

HOUSE.—Speaker Crisp laid before the House today the resignation of Representative John C. Black of Illinois, who accepted the position of United States District Attorney.

A bill to correct the military record of Julius A. Briggs, late of Co. A, New York Heavy Artillery, passed.

In the morning hour, Mr. Hatch called up the Grout Bill, to make oleomargarine and all other imitation dairy products subject to the laws of the State or Territory into which they are transported, which was under consideration Saturday.

Mr. Bynum resumed his hostile attitude toward it, indicating a disposition to filibuster, if necessary, to defeat it.

Mr. Bailey of Texas suggested that Mr. Hatch accept a substitute to repeal the oleomargarine act, but this was not acceptable to the chairman of the Committee on Agriculture.

Mr. Bynum thereupon moved a recess of one hour. On a rising vote, the motion was defeated by 3 to 117. Mr. Bynum made a point of no quorum.

A yea and nay vote disclosed a quorum, but as the morning hour expired, no action was had on the Oleomargarine Bill. A special order was then adopted, giving the day to consideration of bills reported from the Judiciary Committee.

The first bill called up was that coming from the Senate to provide for the enlargement of the judicial system of the Indian Territory by the appointment of another United States Judge, and by increasing the number of places for holding court. The bill was read by sections for amendment. Among those adopted were those providing that court in the Northern District shall be held at Muskogee, Vinita, Tahlequah and Miami. A number of committee amendments were also agreed to, and the bill passed.

The next bill called up was by Mr. Goodnight of Kentucky to divide the State of Kentucky into two judicial districts. It being apparent that action on the bill was impossible today the House, at 5:15 p.m., adjourned.

## JUDGE RICKS.

### Chairman Bailey of the Sub-committee Finds Him Guilty.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Nearly every member of the House Judiciary Committee attended a special meeting today to consider charges against Judge Ricks. The committee will not reach a conclusion for some days.

Representative Bailey of Texas, chairman of the sub-committee, which made the investigation at Cleveland, submitted his views to the effect that the Judge had been guilty of grave misconduct, if not malfeasance and dishonor, by receiving fees after he had been elevated to the bench which he claimed to have earned before his elevation. Ex-Congressman Hemphill of South Carolina appeared as counsel, to press the charges against Judge Ricks, preferred by Samuel T. Richie, but was not given a hearing.

It was learned today from unquestionable authority that Mr. Lane will present to the committee an opinion coinciding with the views presented by Mr. Bailey, and will recommend to the House the resolutions for impeachment. There is a possibility that a vote will be reached tomorrow.

## SPANISH SUGAR.

### The Fact that an Export Bounty is Paid is Inconsequential.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The first effect of the discovery by the treasury officials that Spain pays an export bounty on sugar and that therefore Spanish sugar is liable like European beet sugar, to an additional tax of one-tenth of 1 cent per pound, was the cause of much apprehension, lest it should prevent the consummation of the agreement which United States Minister Taylor has almost completed with the Spanish government, looking to the restoration of American exports to the minimum tariff schedule.

But it is believed here that this fear is not well founded. As explained by Mr. Taylor the Spanish bounty is paid only on sugar produced in the Spanish possessions and imported to the United States and absolutely inconsequencial, amounting to but $1797 during the last year.

## A BUSTED BANK.

### A Dover, N. H., Concern Mulcted by its Cashier.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

DOVER (N. H.,) Jan. 14.—A notice was posted on the doors of the Dover National Bank this morning announcing that the institution had been suspended, and, by order of the directors of the bank's affairs, had been taken in charge by Bank Examiner C. M. Dorr.

To an Associated Press reporter Examiner Dorr said that Cashier Isaac F. Abbott's accounts were badly mixed, and there was a shortage which would amount to about $8000.

Cashier Abbott shot and killed himself this afternoon.

LATER:—Cashier Abbott's accounts are short $60,000 to $80,000.

# WRECKED VESSELS.

## British Steamer Rowan Founders.

### One Boat with Seven Men, Including the First Officer, is Lost.

### An Unknown Brig Goes Down off Hull and the Crew Perish—A Barge Ashore at Fire Island.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

LONDON, Jan. 14.—(By Atlantic Cable.) The British steamer Rowan has foundered in the Bay of Biscay. One of her boats, containing six men alive and two dead, has been picked up. The other boat, which was launched with seven men, including the first officer, has been lost.

The Italian bark Theresina, from Liverpool, for Thieste, has been wrecked near Strangford. The captain and seven of the crew were rescued, and three others were drowned. The brigantine Satis, from Rochester to Sunderland, has been stranded at Donnanook, Lincolnshire. The crew was rescued by a rocket apparatus. An unknown brig has foundered off Hull. The crew perished.

THEY FACED DEATH.

FIRE ISLAND (N. Y.,) Jan. 14.—At 7:30 o'clock this morning a coal barge was discovered ashore at Short Beach, going to pieces. There were four men on the barge. On account of the heavy surf the life-saving crew cannot reach the stranded vessel. At daybreak Capt. Philip Chichester of Zachs Inlet, Capt. Edwards of Short Beach Life-saving Station, and Capt. Ketcham of Gilo Station, succeeded in reaching the barge, but no trace of the crew was found. It is supposed the men drowned.

The coal barge is the Seth Lowe. The men have signaled, asking that a tug be sent from the city to take them off.

NOT THE JUSTINE.

SEATTLE (Wash.,) Jan. 14.—The schooner which was wrecked in Deception Pass Saturday was not the Justine, as was supposed by Capt. O'Brien of the steamer Utopia, who sighted it, but was the fishing schooner Maud and Alice of Ballard.

DID NOT GO DOWN.

SAN ANTONIO (Tex.,) Jan. 14.—It is rumored that a schooner from Tampico, Mex., to Valesco, Tex., has gone down and six men drowned.

GALVESTON, Jan. 14.—A special to the Tribune from Valesco, Tex., states that the schooner bound from Tampico, Mex., to Valesco, reported sunk, has arrived, having been delayed by a gale, which compelled her to take refuge at Lee Lopez Island.

## WORTHLESS LIENS.

### A New Yorker Arrested for Fraudulent Land Deals.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—As a result of a series of fraudulent negotiations, the first of which dates as far back as May, 1894, Henry A. Abbey was held for examination today on complaint of Julius Kurtz. Abbey has for the past year had an office at No. 71 Brodaway. Kurtz is an art decorator. He accuses Abbey of having swindled him out of $10,000 in land transactions.

Abbey's operations began with the purchase of 1600 acres of land at Pine View, Ocean county, N. J. This realty was purchased from W. S. Gurnee & Co., Wall-street brokers. Abbey paid $5000 for the property, $1000 being in cash and the remainder in a blanket mortgage. He then organized the "Gem of Lakewood," an institution ostensibly intended for consumptives.

Later Abbey opened negotiations with Kurtz, then of the firm of Kurtz & Graham. He gave the latter four liens, aggregating $10,000, on his New Jersey property, representing them to be first mortgages. For these liens, which were to mature in May and July, 1894, Kurtz & Graham transferred to Abbey their interests in the property. Since then the firm of Kurtz & Graham has dissolved, the former member continuing the business. He discovered that Abbey's four mortgages had not been recorded. An investigation revealed that they were drawn in the names of entirely irresponsible persons. In the liens the names were: First, A. E. Reynolds to Samuel Reavens; second, J. L. R. Harrison to Sampel Reavens; third; J. K. Post to A. E. Reynolds; fourth, George H. Della to J. L. R. Harrison.

Considerable search resulted in the finding of J. K. Post, who lives in this city. He is a clerk on Broadway and owns no realty. Post said that he had signed the mortgages in ignorance of their purport. He made affidavit that Abbey had persuaded him to attach his signature to the paper on representation that it was of no importance. Abbey was arrested in his office on a warrant secured by Kurtz. In default of $3000 bail he was remanded to jail until Monday.

## GENEROUS ILLINOIS.

### Provisions Donated at Various Cities for Nebraska Sufferers.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

PEORIA (Ill.) Jan. 14.—The citizens of Peoria have contributed $200 in cash, besides donations of groceries and provisions and clothing, to an equal amount for the sufferers in Nebraska. It is probable that Peoria's contribution will amount to fully five carloads.

A LARGE AMOUNT.

JACKSONVILLE (Ill.,) Jan. 14.—A large amount of supplies has been secured in this vicinity for the sufferers in Nebraska, and more is coming in all the time.

FILLS TWO CARS.

NAPERVILLE (Ill.,) Jan. 14.—The citizens of this town and vicinity have contributed provisions and clothing sufficent to fill two cars, for the relief of the destitute and suffering of Nebraska.

OVER A CARLOAD.

GIBSON CITY (Ill.,) Jan. 14.—Over a carload of supplies for the Nebraska sufferers are in store here awaiting shipment.

## EX-JUDGE MAGUIRE.

### The San Francisco Congressman Advocates the Single Tax.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Hon. James G. Maguire of San Francisco delivered a lecture in this city last night on "Hard Times." He maintained that the earth was made for the use of all mankind, and that the moment men parceled it out to suit themselves the benefit ceased. He stated that, according to statistics, the entire population of the world could be supported by the production of cereals from the Mississippi and Ohio valleys. As a remedy for the centralization of the ownership of the land of this country, he advocated the single tax system, which he claimed would abolish the evils.

He drew an illustration of our present system, by which he attempted to show that the laborers of the country were little more than slaves, being compelled to work for mere sustenance by those who owned the land of the country.

## MARKS OF A DUEL.

### Surgical Operation on a Man with a Remarable Career.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—An operation in which seven abcesses were removed from the left leg of the Count de Susini was performed at his home last night. This is the second operation in a few weeks and it is now thought that the sick man, whose career reads like a chapter from a sensational novel, will recover.

Count de Susini was wounded in a duel, some forty years ago, the bullet striking him in the thigh. He had little trouble with the wound, however, until the abcesses formed some time ago. The duel was fought in Havana where the Count was at one time the wealthiest man on the island. He established the famous Honduras tobacco factory, gave hundreds of thousands of dollars to charities, established the present school system of Havana, built churches and owned nearly a dozen famous Cuban plantations. But, going to France, he lost the greater part of his immense fortune during the war with Germany and the rest went in his attempts to recover it. Now, at 75 years of age, the Count is almost destitute with hardly money enough to buy the necessaries of life.

## A NOVEL SESSION.

### JUDGE SEAMAN HOLDS COURT IN A DEPOT.

### He is Intercepted at Milwaukee and Transacts Important Business During the Ten-minute Wait of His Train.

*By Telegraph to The Times.*

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 14.—(Special Dispatch.) Judge Seaman of the United States District Court, who recently held court in a parlor-car while the train was whirling along at the rate of forty miles an hour, today varied the novelty by holding a short term of court in the depot on the Lake Front. It was a case of necessity, in order to transact business that would not wait.

Judge Seaman is busy holding court for one of the United States Circuit Judges in Chicago while the Court of Appeals is in session, and consequently has no time to spend in Milwaukee. Marshal Pratt and District Attorney Wigman had important business to transact with the court that could not wait. It was agreed on Saturday to intercept Judge Seaman on his way to Chicago from Sheboygan and the plan was communicated to the Judge, who gave it his approval. When the train pulled into the depot the Judge sprang from the car and passed quickly into the depot, where, with the hurrying tide of travel on every side, a ten-minute session of court was held, probably the most novel and shortest session of a Milwaukee District Court on record. The papers were signed by Judge Seaman and, before the ink was dry, he was again on his way to Chicago.

## THE WESTERN LINES.

### An Agreement Reached on the Emigrant Commission Question.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—The Western lines have finally reached an agreement on the emigrant-commission question, and that very troublesome obstacle has been removed from the work of forming the association to cover Western and transcontinental passenger business. The agreement, which goes into effect January 20, provides that all roads shall pay a commission of 10 per cent. on each ticket. The Canadian Pacific has signed the agreement, and every road is in it, with the exception of the Grand Trunk. It is believed, however, that any action taken by the Grand Trunk can upset the agreement.

The general meeting of Western lines adjourned, after a short session, and the Atchison-Southern Pacific Committee took the balance of the day arguing on the transcontinental rates. Late in the day the committee reported "progress," but would not specify as to what the progress comprised. The approximated gross earnings of the Atchison system for the first week in January were $659,129, an increase of $27,139 over the same week of 1894.

## AWFUL DESTITUTION.

### John Harris and Wife, Living Near Paxton, Neb., Commit Suicide.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

PAXTON (Neb.,) Jan. 14.—As a result of the destitution and the helpless situation among hundreds of starving people, John Harris and wife, living a few miles in the country, committed suicide, and the body of their newly-born babe was found with its parents some time after.

Although the motive for the deed was destitution, aid could have been had for the asking. The parents of the couple arrived this morning and will take the remains to Nichols, Neb., for interment.

SEEKING G.A.R. AID.

DES MOINES, (Iowa,) Jan. 14.—John Low of Berwyn, Custer county, Neb., is in the city for the purpose of interesting members of the G.A.R., and others in the matter of the famine-stricken people of his vicinity. He represents a post composed mainly of farmers, and is himself a farmer. He will go East before returning home.

## A FITTING TRIBUTE.

### The Grave of Vice-President Colfax to Bear a Monument.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

LAPORTE, (Ind.,) Jan. 14.—The grave of Vice-President Schuyler Colfax, in the city cemetery at South Bend, is unmarked save by an humble slab bearing his initials. Yesterday was the tenth anniversary of the death of Indiana's illustrious son. It is now proposed to pay further tribute to his memory by the erection of a statue or monument to mark his last resting-place. The proposition has been advanced to raise the monument fund by public subscriptions, it being estimated that $10,000 will be required to erect an enduring memorial.

Colfax in his lifetime was prominent in the work of organization of the Odd Fellows and, with their co-operation, together with that of the citizens of Indiana and his old followers in the Congressional district which brought him into national prominence, it is thought that the amount needed can be secured without difficulty.

### Frightened the "Joint" Keepers.

KANSAS CITY (Mo.,) Jan. 14.—The incoming administration of the new County Attorney has frightened the "joint-keepers" of Kansas City, Kan., to such an extent that a large number of them have decided to close their places of business. Nearly every place on Minnesota avenue was closed last night, and the others will be closed today. The city will be comparatively "dry" for the first time in nearly ten years.

### Excitement at Homestead.

HOMESTEAD (Pa.,) Jan. 14.—Excitement is at the highest pitch here tonight over the discharge of employees of the Carnegie Steel Works who attended the meeting yesterday to try and effect a labor organization. Nearly one hundred men have been discharged, and it is said more will follow.

# JUMPED THEIR JOBS.

## The French Ministry Has Resigned.

### A Question as to Whether the Deputies Can Set Aside the Constitution at Will.

### The Situation Grows Out of the Government's Guarantee of the Interest on Certain Railroad Bonds.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

PARIS, Jan. 14.—(By Atlantic Cable.) The Cabinet resigned today, having been defeated in the Chamber of Deputies on the question of giving priority to an order of the day. Last evening M. Barthou, Minister of Public Works, resigned his office for the reason that the Council of State had decided against him in the matter of guaranteeing the interest of the Southern railroad lines.

It became generally known that M. Alexander Milne and the well-known Socialist deputy and editor-in-chief of the Petite Republique Francaise would interpolate the government in regard to M. Barthou's resignation and that the government would reply thereto, consequently a large crowd gathered in the chamber to listen to the proceedings. It was known that the position of the Cabinet was not as sure as it might have been, and the enemies of the government had hopes that the debate of the day might result in its overthrow. These hopes were realized.

The question which led to the overthrow of the ministry is a wide one. It is really a question as to whether the chamber is able to set aside the Constitution at will. In 1882, the government made a contrast with the Orleans and Midi railways under the terms of which, in return for certain facilities in the transportation of war materials, the government guaranteed the interests on the bonds of the railways. The government held that the guarantee expired in 1914, but the directors of the companies took a different view and construed the agreement to mean that the government guarahteed the interest in perpetuity. Suits were brought in the courts to settle the question. In June last, M. Barthou ordered the directors to indorse their bonds to the effect that the guarantee expired in 1914. The directors refused to do so and the case was taken to the Council of State which in such matters is the final court of appeal. The Council on Wednesday last decided that the guarantee was perpetual.

This decision which a majority in the chamber claimed the right to reverse, was a complete negation of the contention of the Dupuy Cabinet and M. Barthou's action on the railway guarantees. Consequently the latter yesterday resigned and the proceedings in the chamber today led to the resignation of the other members of the Ministry. In submitting his interpellation, M. Millieraud said it was not Barthou alone who had brought before the Council of State the conventions between the State and the railway companies, but the whole cabinet. The decision of the Council of State, therefore, affected the entire cabinet, but only Minister Barthou had taken the correct attitude and resigned.

The Ministry was also to blame for submitting to the Council of State a question which belonged to the Chamber of Deputies to decide. M. Millieraud demanded that an inquiry be held to determine whether grounds existed for a criminal prosecution of M. David Raynal, who was Minister of Public Works in the Ferry Cabinet of 1883, in which year the government entered into the contract with the railways.

M. Millieraud submitted to the House a resolution censuring the government for laying before the Council of State litigous questions and demanding that an inquiry be made into the conduct of M. Raynal. Raynal agreed to the demand that an inquiry be made into his conduct and said: "I am certain that I shall be able to confound those who are thirsting for scandals and hungering for calumnies."

Prime Minister Dupuy declared that after Raynal's acceptance of the demand for an inquiry the government would not oppose it. Referring to the order of the day, Dupuy reminded the chamber that the question of the period during which time the interest guarantees would remain in force, had already been raised and that the chamber had recognized the competency of the Council of State to deal with the question. (Applause from the Centre.) Continuing, M. Dupuy said: "The decision has been given and we cannot disregard it. The Council of State has decided the principles. In case of protests the chamber must judge whether the government is capable of continuing in office.

"M. Barthou resigned because he regarded the decision of the council of State as a personal slight. The government did not have the same reasons for adopting that course. If it had resigned spontaneously it would have failed in its duty. The Cabinet accepted the decision of the Council of State while regretting the ministry's defeat. Mr. Barthou was considered by his attitude, speeches and statements to have been more concerned than his colleagues in the decision of the Council of State. He resigned because the decision established a precedent from which the railway companies would desire to profit. He, therefore, declined to be humiliated before the railway companies."

Dr. Chapuis, a Radical Republican, submitted the following order of the day:

"The Chamber, regretting the erroneous and dangerous interpretation placed by the government on the decision of the Council of State, passed to the order of the day."

This was adopted, and the motion of Millieraud was then carried by a vote of 253 to 223. Eleven other orders of the day were submitted. Priority was given by a vote of 293 to 231 to one calling on the government to vigorously defend the rights of the State as affected by the decision of the Council of State.

Dupuy declared if this order of the day should be adopted, the government would resign. A vote was finally taken on the latter motion, with the result that it was defeated, the vote standing 246 in favor of it to 264 against.

After several speeches and declarations had been made, the Chamber voted on a proposal to grant priority to a motion made by Prof. Trelat, a Republican, which, of all the orders of the day, was the only one accepted by the government. This order of the day declared that the government adhered to the doctrine of the separation of the powers and the non-interference of the chamber with judicial funcions of the Council of State.

Priority was refused to this motion, by 236 to 241. When the result of the vote was announced, the ministers left the chamber and proceeded to the Palace of the Elysee, where they submitted their resignations to President Casimir-Perier.

After the departure of the ministers, the House unanimously adopted a motion made by M. Kranz, Liberal Republican, to preserve the rights of the State in regard to the railway guarantee. The House then adjourned.

### Taylor's Bondsmen.

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—A meeting of the bondsmen of W. W. Taylor, the defaulting treasurer of South Dakota, was held today in this city. It was rumored that Taylor was to meet his bondsmen, but this was emphatically denied.

### The Tramp Must Work.

SAN JOSE, Jan. 14.—The tramp element will give San Jose a wide berth hereafter; the Mayor and Council decided today to make this class work on the public streets.

## AMERICAN MEATS.

### Foreign Governments Exercising Espionage Over the Abbattoirs.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

OMAHA, Jan. 14.—Hon. J. Sterling Morton, Secretary of Agriculture, spent the forenoon looking over the microscopical department of the Bureau of Animal Industry at Omaha. In reply to the question as to the object of his visit to the packing-houses, the Secretary said:

"I am on a tour, investigating some of the charges of European governments against American meats. Singularly enough, just at this time the searchlights of Germany and France are turned upon the methods of governmental inspection in the United States, and I am credibly informed by a party of high standing, socially and politically, that certain foreign governments are exercising a sort of espionage over all the principal abbattoirs of the United States. The object of this is, undoubtedly, to find if possible some dereliction of duty on the part of the meat inspectors.

"It is my ambition," said the Secretary, "and my duty to make the United States meat inspection so thorough, so efficient and just that not a single animal, or a single pound of meat unfit for human food can possibly be passed on to the interstate or export market."

## INAUGURALS.

### GOV. MORRILL INSTALLED AT TOPEKA.

### He is Opposed to the Repudiation of Kansas Obligations—Oregon's State Officers—The A.P.A. Oppose Carter.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

TOPEKA, Jan. 14.—Gov. Morrill, in his inaugural message, delivered at noon today, said that the time was close at hand when Kansas securities will take place beside those of the most favored sections of the country.

"We are faithful to ourselves and live up to our opportunities," he said. "Average-life-existing farm mortgages will find abundant money seeking investment in their renewal at no more than 5 per cent. interest, and that without commissions, but to accomplish this we must cease talking about repudiation, and we must show an honest purpose to pay our obligations by striking from the statute-books every law that has been enacted to delay and hinder the collection of just debts."

Gov. Morrill was introduced by Gov. Lewelling, who said: "We meet as citizens and patriots of a common country, and the bitterness of partisan strife is to be forgotten." Morrill was cheered loudly at the portion of his address where he said: "There must be no repudiation talk in Kansas." Chief Justice Horton administered the oath. Great cheering and applause followed.

THE A.P.A. AGAINST CARTER.

BUTTE (Mont.,) Jan. 14.—A committee representing the four A.P.A. lodges here went to Helena today, with the address of State President Caldwell to the Legislature, protesting against the election of Republican National Committeeman Carter as United States Senator. The address says that every man who shall cast his vote for a Romanist for United States Senator will sound his political death-knell. Attention is called to the fact that only four Catholics were elcted to the Legislature at the last election.

THE TEXAS DEMOCRATS.

AUSTIN, (Tex.,) Jan. 14.—The Democratic caucus nominated H. R. Chilton for United States Senator. Gov. Culberson will be inaugurated tomorrow.

GEN. SEWELL THE MAN.

TRENTON, (N. J.,) Jan. 14.—The Republican caucus nominated Gen. William Sewell for Senator, giving him 56 votes against 24 for Murphy.

TO PROCEED AGAINST TAYLOR'S BONDSMEN.

PIERRE, (S. D.,) Jan. 14.—The House and Senate met today in joint executive session, and Atty.-Gen. Crawford asked for authority and means to proceed against the bondsmen of W. W. Taylor, resident in other States. He notified the session of the receipt of a telegram stating that the name of W. W. Taylor appeared on the passenger list of the steamer Persia, which left New York several days ago.

INSTALLATION AT SALEM.

SALEM (Or.,) Jan. 14.—The eighteenth session of the Legislature convened today. The new State officers, with the exception of Governor, were installed.

## A FROZEN CORPSE.

### Mrs. Annie Berchekoviske Falls in Chicago's Streets to Die.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—The frozen, lifeless body of Mrs. Annie Berchekovisko, aged 66 years, of No. 312 Belmont avenue, was found last night lying at the foot of Ann street. It had lain there all day, and probably all of last night, for when it was discovered it was covered with several inches of snow.

The woman disappeared from home Saturday. Notice was given to the police of her disappearance and the police were on the lookout for her. It is believed that her mind was deranged by the deprivation of food and stimulants, and that she fell from exhaustion and perished in the snow.

### Dropped Dead.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 14.—Charles Heimke, aged 33, dropped dead this evening, presumably from the effects of alcohol. He is not known to have any relatives in this vicinity.

## UNCLE BILLY WILLIAMS.

### A Sketch of the Noted Old Statesman.

(Cincinnati Commercial Gazette:) A conspicuous figure about the hotel corridors today was the Hon. William Williams of Warsaw. He is better known as the Hon. "Billy" Williams, and he was conspicuous in State and national politics before most of the candidates for Speaker in present contest were born. Forty-two years ago he was the nominee of the Whigs for Lieutenant-Governor. His opponent was Gov. Willard, who came to the office of Governor four years later. Mr. Williams is full of reminiscences of the joint debate between him and Willard that followed their nomination. He had been placed before the conv

[COAST RECORD.]

# LAMING VOLCANO.

## Startling Eruptions at Ambryn Island.

### Swept Away by the Great Streams of Lava Flowing to the Sea.

### Will not Resign—A Drummer's Suit—Insane Freaks at Napa—A Smooth Rascal—Thievish Landlady.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

TORIA (B. C.,) Jan. 14.—The Britgunboat Kaurakate and the gunboat arrived at Sydney from the New Hebs Islands, just before the Miowera She brings the report that eruptat Ambryn Island continue intermit-, and that the island is virtually deby all the inhabitants.

w volcano broke out early in Decemn a mountain 2000 feet high, with a 600 feet deep. Lava flowed from it immense stream to the sea, fifteen distant, devastating villages and in its course, and where the molten rushd into the sea, a great column of ascended. The height of the latter, own by the sextant on the Dart, was feet. The deck of the Dart, several out at sea, was covered with ashes. have been neglected, and it is feared many of the natives will starve. The are immense.

### 'FRISCO CRIMINALS.

ps and Hobos from the Country "Working" the Metropolis.

ted Press Leased-wire Service.

N FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.—The police onsiderably annoyed over the boldof a number of robbers and outlaws, of late have been robbing car conrs, butlers, laboring men and gro- The number of cases reported give o the idea that the city is infested obbers, who go forth masked as soon rkness sets in, armed with pistols, s and clubs. The impression has d among the people of San Francisco the recent action of the citizens of mento and other country towns in g out the tramps and undesirable cters has caused the latter to flock s city in large numbers.

rticular instructions have been given e police at the ferries and railroad s to keep a sharp lookout for sus- characters and to turn back any e tramp element that may try to get town. The local police are hard at trying to keep down the percentage riminals in this city and scarcely a passes on which several suspicious cters are not gathered in and made ve accounts of themselves. This is discouraging to those who are in- to crime.

eral men have been taken into cuson suspicion that they might be imed in the Jackson-street car hold-up e robbery of the Franklin residence, none have been held.

e police have arrested four boys, who uspected of having robbed the conr of a Jackson-street car Saturday , and who are also supposed to be cted with the many hold-ups and aries perpetrated in the western ad- s of the city. The names of the boys ohn Wilson, Joe Smith, William Fra- nd Fred Marson. In their possession found a watch taken from one of the larized residences, and a crude set of lar tools. Marson claims to live in Angeles, where he says his mother re-

### BRITISH AGGRESSION.

land to Claim the Harbors and Inlets at Juneau, Alaska.

ciated Press Leased-wire Service.

COMA (Wash.,) Jan. 14.—The Alaskan , published at Juneau City, makes sensational announcement that Takou and the head of Lynn Canal will me famous the world over as affordgrounds for a fierce international dis- between Great Britain and the United s, and a cause of arbitration by the pean powers to determine which try shall hold possession of it, acing to the provisions of the Russian y and the subsequent purchase of ka by the United States.

ach nation," says the News, "holds to a different construction of the ian treaty; England maintaining that boundary line does not follow up and nd the deep inlets and bays, as held he United States, but follows the gencoast-line ten marine leagues in the ior from salt water. Great Britain a flaw in the treaty, and, with her l aggressiveness, will endeavor to t from the government at Washington the harbors and inlets about Juneau, hat a British seaport will hold the l to the Yukon country and the undeped northwest territory.

he good results following to the comce of England's provinces by reason seaport is too important to be overed by England's aggressive foreign cy. Will Uncle Sam, under Gresham's ign policy, lose valuable possessions in heastern Alaska? Since Japan is com- to the front as a commercial power, land has her tentacles upon Alaska, to ch a seaport for her navy and com- ce-laden ships."

### THE WOODLAND CASES.

k Testimony Against Knox, Mullen and Compton.

ciated Press Leased-wire Service.

OODLAND, Jan. 14.—There is much ulsion concerning what disposition be made of the cases of Knox, Comp- and Mullen, when the time arrives fixing a day for their trial. Dist.- . Hopkins will not talk for publica- , but those familiar with the proceed- in the other trials are of the opinion the testimony produced against these ndants is not strong enough to result conviction, and it is an open secret the prosecution has, up to date, se- no stronger evidence to offer. is stated that if Knox and the others put on trial they will produce indisible evidence that they endeavored procure Worden's arrest on July 10, ing that he would commit some rash that would prejudice the public against strikers. They will also prove that knew nothing of the movements of rden, and his associates on the fore- n of July 11, and that they distrusted and others because they believed he frot-headed enough to use dynamite. lic opinion will sustain the District orney, if he decides to dismiss the es, as the people of the county wish to id the heavy expense of the trials, if viction is improbable.

### PACIFIC ISLANDS.

bert L. Stevenson's Hemorrhages. A Big Ship Lost.

ciated Press Leased-wire Service.

ICTORIA (B. C.,) Jan. 14.—Advices n Samoa state that some time prior his death, Robert L. Stevenson had eral hemorrhages, but when they were r he seemed to rally from thir effect. was in great spirits for a time, and med pleased with the prospects of con- ting his new books. It is believed Samoa that the brain attack would not have killed him if his lungs had not failed. Stevenson was known to the Samoans, by whom he was deeply beloved, as "tuttitala," which signifies "story-teller."

A cable from Auckland to Sydney announces that a quantity of wreckage came ashore at Preservation Inlet and it is believed that some big ship has gone down with all on board. Among the wreckage is a topmast and topgallant yard made of American pine.

### SHE HELPED HERSELF.

Dr. Kaeswurm Says He was Robbed by His Landlady.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.—Dr. Carl Kaeswurm has brought suit against Mrs. Brigdet Cassidy for $8000 worth of wearing apparel, books, jewelry and gold coin.

He alleges that he is a stranger and does not speak English. He was Mrs. Cassidy's lodger and complains that his landlady stole $6000 in gold, $30 in silver, $500 worth of rare volumes and a $500 diamond ring, four suits of silk underwear, four dozen shirts and collars, hats umbrellas and other personal property, valued in all at $7863.

In her answer Mrs. Cassidy denies all these allegations, even that the doctor was her lodger.

### MALICIOUS PROSECUTION.

The Case of a Drummer Who was Arrested by His Employer.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.—In the Superior Court, today, the case of Charles F. Cameron vs. F. Thomas for $10,000 damages for malicious prosecution, was called. The plaintiff was absent. His attorney stated that Cameron had been followed about the streets for days by an unknown man scoring Cameron, who disappeared.

Cameron was a drummer for Mr. Thomas on commission. From Vallejo, he wrote that he had been arrested for soliciting without a license. Thomas sent a remittance. When he learned that Cameron was arrested, Thomas had Cameron tried in the United States courts for using mails for fraudulent purposes. As Thomas still owed Cameron a balance he was acquitted. The present action followed.

### INSANE FREAKS.

Assault on a Napa Attendant—An Inmate's Suicide.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

NAPA, Jan. 14.—James Quinn, an attendant at the asylum here, was knocked down by an inmate in one of the wards today. The patient used an iron bedpost for a weapon. Quinn was rescued by the other attendants in time to save his life.

W. H. Graves, an inmate of the asylum here, aged 48, committed suicide early this morning, by hanging himself with the sheet from his bed, which he put over the transom. The Coroner's jury fully exonerated the asylum officials, it appearing that they were not careless. Graves leaves a widow and two children in Quincy, Plumas county.

### A CRIMINAL APPEAL.

Lee Coleman Arrested on Complaint of Miss Bird Elliott.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

WOODLAND, Jan. 14.—A special to the Democrat from Knight's Landing says that Lee Coleman has been arrested on a charge of rape. The complaint is sworn to by Miss Bird Elliott, who alleges that the assault occurred Friday evening, while she was walking with Coleman on the Sutter side of the river.

Coleman is 25 years old and Miss Elliott is 16. The case was called in the justice court this morning, but was postponed on account of the absence of the attorney for the defense.

### A QUESTION OF TIME.

Discredit Cast on a Will Found in a Bottle.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.—Mrs. Minnie Adam Brook of Chicago is bringing suit for $18,000 in real estate and coin claims willed to her by Mrs. Jennie Parsons, who sank with the steamer Pacific in 1875, off Cape Flattery.

The will, which purported to be found in a bottle, was dated 6:30 p.m., November 4. Neil Henley, now a butcher of Steilacoom, Wash., was quartermaster of the Pacific, and says that the vessel collided at 10 a.m., and sank an hour later. Mrs. Brook claims that the collision occurred at 4 p.m.

### STOPPED BY TRAMPS.

The Manager of the San Miguel Sodaworks is Shot.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

SAN MIGUEL, Jan. 14.—Thomas Story, manager of the soda works at this place, was driving to San Luis Obispo Saturday, and when between Paso Robles and Templeton he was stopped by two tramps. They demanded money, and when he refused to give them any they fired five shots at him. Story was shot twice in the back, and one of the horses was wounded. He left the injured animal at Templeton, and proceeded to San Luis Obispo. As he refused medical aid, the extent of his injuries is unknown.

### Haley Gives Up.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.—M. C. Haley, the defeated Democratic candidate for County Clerk this morning abandoned his contest and Charles F. Curry was left in possession of the office. Haley's attorney said it was apparent that Curry's plurality could not be overcome. Frauds were discovered on both sides in the recount. In one hundred and three precincts Haley gained 151 votes.

### The Railroad Commissioners.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.—H. M. Larue has been elected chairman of the Railroad Commission, and, in a speech after his election was made known, he promised to serve the board and the people to the best of his ability, and he hoped that the other members of the commission would do likewise.

The board failed to elect a secretary, and adjourned until Wednesday next.

### Damages for a Death.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.—The agents of the railroad company made an offer to the mother of Miss Mae Coats to accept $5000 damages on account of the death of the young lady. Miss Coats was killed in the Broadway collision in Oakland, several weeks ago. The mother has agreed to accept the compromise, because she does not want a lawsuit over her daughter's death.

### A Spokane Newspaper Defunct.

SPOKANE (Wash.,) Jan. 14.—The Morning Times has ceased publication. An attempt was made to run the paper partly on a co-operative plan, the printers being guaranteed $2.75 a night, the regular union scale being $4.50. They received but a small portion of the wages guaranteed and refused to work longer.

### A Bountiful Harvest Assured.

SAN MIGUEL, Jan. 14.—The land in this vicinity, which has had two dry years, is now becoming thoroughly soaked by the frequent rains and there is now no doubt of a bountiful harvest.

### A Smooth Rascal.

SANTA ROSA, Jan. 14.—W. G. Shumaker was arrested here today on a charge of obtaining goods on false pretenses. Shumaker went to half a dozen business houses, purchased large bills of goods, representing himself as a responsible farmer living in the county, and traded the goods for money, which he squandered. It is claimed that he did the same thing in other parts of the State.

### The Fraser Valley Floods.

VANCOUVER (B. C.,) Jan. 14.—The weather has grown much colder and there was a heavy fall of snow this morning, so that now high tides are past, no further damage from floods is anticipated. Reports now coming in from different portions of the Fraser Valley show that the damage fully equals the estimates already given.

### He was not Stabbed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.—The Coroner's deputies have investigated the death of Luke M. Coon, alleged to have been stabbed with an awl by N. F. Stephenson. No stab-wounds were visible, and a death certificate was signed, giving the cause of death as apoplexy.

### FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

A Buda Pesth dispatch says that Baron Banffy has formed a Cabinet, in which he will act as Premier only.

Mrs. Hansbrough, wife of Senator Hansbrough of North Dakota, died at Washington yesterday of acute pneumonia.

A Sioux City, Iowa, dispatch says that C. H. Martin, a dealer in musical instruments, has assigned. Assets, $40,000; liabilities, $43,000.

Masoojotha, Siamese Minister to the United States, has written the State Department from London, on January 5, announcing the death of Prince Maha Vajirunhis, crown prince of Siam, at Bangkok, January 5.

William David Welter and John A. Hendershot have been committed to stand trial at St. Thomas, Ontario, for the murder of William Hendershot in the woods near that place. The crown charges that Hendershot placed an insurance on the life of his nephew of $11,000 and hired Welter to kill him in order to secure the money.

John Burke, the song and dance actor, who has played in almost every city in the United States, has been committed to the Bellevue Hospital in New York in order that his mental condition may be examined. He believes himself to be so wealthy that a conspiracy is on foot to rob him. During these hallucinations he becomes violent.

The fifty girls employed as packers by the Corlee Oatmeal and Cereal Company at Kansas City, who went on a strike a week ago, have won their fight, the company, after employing other help, finally coming to the terms of the strikers and asking them to return. The girls went out rather than submit to a 1 cent. reduction in packing oatmeal boxes.

Col. Henry C. Hodges, assistant quarjermaster, stationed at Buffalo, was placed on the retired list yesterday on account of age. This will result in the promotion of Lieut.-Col. James H. Moore to be colonel, Maj. A. F. Rockwell to be lieutenant-colonel, and Capt. Charles Bird to be major, leaving two vacancies in the list of captains and assistant quartermasters to be filled by transfer from the line of the army.

At Oklahoma City, Mrs. Annie Childs Whitney, a prominent and wealthy society woman of New York city, and a niece of the late George W. Childs, has been granted a divorce from Carlos A. Whitney, a scion of the celebrated Whitney family of New York, on the grounds of marital neglect, incompatibility of temperament and constructive abandonment. The couple were married in New York February 3, 1888. The wife's maiden name of Annie Childs is restored.

A large mass-meeting was held in the Elliott Congregational Church at Lowell, Mass., yesterday to protest against the Armenian outrages. The speakers were Gov. Greenhalge, ex-Mayor John J. Pickman and others. Gov. Greenhalge said he wanted the Armenians to recognize the fact that Americans sympathized with them, and stated that in his opinion every protest made would bring additional pressure to bear upon Turkey until it shall be assurred that the Berlin treaty would be more closely observed.

The Birmingham, England, Post asserts that the dissensions in the Cabinet over it deciding to carry out the navel programme is said to have been smoothed over by a compromise, by which the loan will be issued to provide the necessary funds for the navy, instead of taking the surplus of the budget of 1895, to which Sir William Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, was opposed, as he desires to do something popular with this surplus. It is believed by the Post that the loan will be issued in the form of terminable annuity.

The President has sent the following nominations to the Senate: Thomas P. Smith of New York, assistant commissioner of Indian affairs, vice Frank C. Armstrong, resigned; James McLaughlin of North Dakota, Indian inspector; John W. Crams, agent of the Standing Rock Agency, N. D.; Alfonso Edwards of Washington, commissioner in and for the District of Alaska, to reside at Kodiak; Lieut.-Col. James Miles Moore, deputy quartermaster-general, to be colonel and assistant quartermaster-general; Maj. Almon F. Rockwell, quartermaster-general, to be lieutenant-colonel and deputy quartermaster-general; Capt. Charles P. Bird, assistant quartermaster-general, to be major and quartermaster.

### China's Greatest Danger

(Julian Ralph, in Harper's Weekly:) Both the Chinese and the Japanese governments were, from the outset, averse to having their war reported, and both must by this time be satisfied that their original plan of muzzling the press was the wiser one. Either that or the supplying of reports written by diplomatic agents of each government would have left them both in better odor than the news of torturing on one side and massacreing on the other has left them. While I was in Yokohama, on my outward journey, I got a queer explanation of why the correspondents of Christendom were waiting week after week in Tokio, with desperate patience, for some sort of permission or privilege to do their dangerous work. It was a well-informed Japanese who explained the cool reception that the correspondents met with. He asserted that while progress had benefited the higher classes of the Japanese, the great mass saw in it only a source of burdensome taxes, coupled with the surrender to Chinamen and Englishmen of the control of all the profitable commerce of the empire. To avert revolution and to distract popular attention from the home grievances this war was waged on China. The war served its purpose at once and thoroughly. The people became enthusiastic for it, and peasants vied with the nobles in contributing to the war fund and in every expression of patriotism. But while the Japanese were a warlike race, it had to be remembered that they knew nothing of modern war. Their past fights under their feudal lords had been petty by comparison with the contests of modern armies. Therefore, while the outcome of the war was uncertain, the government feared the consequences of allowing the people to learn the dreadful losses of life that might take place in engagements with modern arms. It was possible that thousands, even tens of thousands, of Japanese might be slain in a single battle, and none could foresee the consequences if such losses were reported to a people used only to the petty consequences of hand-to-hand battling. Therefore it was that the Japanese government opposed the free publication of news from the seat of war.

It is fair to presume that, now that China is practically whipped, and is at her old game of offering to settle with money, the Japanese no longer fear the publication of the truth. The once tottering government is intensely popular again and could stand the loss of tens of thousands in battle. The danger of revolution now faces China. The Tartar rule has lasted as long as dynasties are accustomed to endure in China, and the effect of this historic fact on the superstitious minds of the people is as bad for the government as its defeat in this war.

### Queen of Old Clothes Dealers.

"La Reine du Temple" was elected in Paris, and is to bear the scepter on Midlent day. The correspondent of the London Daily News writes: "The title 'Queen of the Temple' is euphonious. Her kingdom, the Temple, is an old clothes market in an iron building on the site of the convent of the Order of the Knights Templar. The election took place in the Cafe des Enfants de Paris. The electorate was formed of the women dealing in old clothes. Of the 120 present, 101 voted for Mlle. Clara Hecquet, she being thought the best-looking and most amiable of the nine competitors for the ephemeral royalty. Clara Hecquet is 19, has a fine figure, and is a blonde with regular features and an oval face. She was declared good as she was lovely, and devoted to her infirm mother. The maids of honor are of the number of the graces, and were also elected."

[SPORTING RECORD.]

# A COCKFIGHT RAIDED

## Sixty-seven Men and Boys Arrested.

### A Sunday Diversion at Chicago is Spoiled by a Squad of Police.

### The Prisoners are Admitted to Bail—Favorites at San Francisco Win Only Two Races—Results on Other Tracks.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—A squad of police officers under command of Lieut. Barrett, and assisted by Officers Mitchell and Nolan of the Humane Society, interrupted a cockfight, last evening, in a saloon on Archer avenue and arrested sixty-seven men and boys. The police claim that J. Heinen, the proprietor of the saloon, and his brother, Joseph, were in charge of the fight. The basement had been fitted up especially for the main.

The charge against the prisoners was violation of the State law probihiting anyone from assisting in or witnessing a dog or cock fight. All the prisoners were admitted to bail.

### BAY DISTRICT.

Favorites Win but Two Races—The Inside Track.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.—Favorites won the first two races today, but outsiders came to the front after that. Now that it has been demonstrated that the inside track with its up-and-down-hill going is safe, the size of the fields is increasing.

Five furlongs:, selling, maidens: Advance won, Finesse second, Relampago third; time 1:14.

Five and a half furlongs, selling: Contribution won, Garcia second, Claequer third; time 1:19¾.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling: Carmel won, Abi P. second, The Judge third; time 1:20¾.

Seven furlongs: Hawthorne won, Robin Hood II second, Niagara third; time 1:43¾.

Six furlongs, selling: St. Albans won, Seaside second, Barcaridine third; time 1:29.

### Madison Results.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 14.—Nine-sixteenths of a mile: Bob Fryback won, Backwoods second, Sam Fiddle third; time 0:58.

Five furlongs: Bob Francis won, Imposter second, Lemon Blossom third; time 1:04.

Eleven-sixteenths of a mile: Fred Wooley won, Jessica second, Bob Sutherland third; time 1:11.

Nine-sixteenths of a mile: Miss Portland won, Young Lottery second, Red Head third; time 0:58.

Six furlongs: Tip won, Gabe Riley second, Nancy Hakes third; time 1:18.

### New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 14.—Six furlongs: Ben Wilson won, Bill White second, Ansonia third; time 1:18¼.

One mile: Melody won, Baby Bill second, Hester third; time 1:49.

Six furlongs: John Cycha won, Lagniaphe second, Black Satin third; time 1:19.

Five furlongs: Bessie Nichols won, Dearest second, His Honor third; time 1:04.

Seven furlongs: Yellow Rose won, Denver second, Lay On third; time 1:33.

### DR. CHAPMAN'S MEETINGS.

Two Services Held Yesterday by the Noted Evangelist.

There were not as large audiences as usual in attendance at the First Presbyterian Church yesterday, the rain probably being responsible.

At the afternoon service the subject of "The Ministry of the Holy Spirit" was continued, and in the evening Dr. Chapman chose as his text that portion of Mark v, which tells of how Christ, on His way to the bedside of Jairus's daughter, was stopped on the way by the woman, who, in the throng that surrounded Him, touched the hem of His garment and was immediately healed of her sickness.

"This incident," said the speaker, "teaches us the importance of performing the duty which is next in hand. Christ was on His way to the bedside of the dying girl, yet He did not neglect the work which came in His way, but stopped to heal this woman of her trouble. There are many people who are reaching way out beyond them for something to do, overlooking something which may be close at hand. If every one does the duty which is nearest them, it will all be done. It may be a duty to your home, your family, your next-door neighbor or yourself, but whatever it is, put off nothing that comes to you to do.

"Another thing that we learn by this story is that the Lord Christ is sensitive to the least touch of faith. He did not see the woman who touched Him; her hold was slight and frail. Some say that they have not faith enough. But have they any? Jesus never repudiates any one who comes to Him as a last resort, having tried all else and failed. It is not necessary to take right hold of Him at first, if we but lift our hand up toward Him, He will give His saving grace. We don't need to seek Him, just open a little crevice and the Spirit of Holiness comes in.

"There is a great difference in people. I am sorry for those who have a logical mind, and must see everything before they believe it. There is no excuse for not being saved, or advancing in divine life because you don't believe.

"The operations of saving grace are matters of personal consciousness. If people would give this careful consideration, they would recognize that salvation is of faith rather than feeling and comes as a result of belief, and however great or however small these operations are, they should be acknowledged. Many, like the woman who was healed, are timid and bashful, and would like to hide out of sight, but their very weakness gives potency to their testimony for Christ.

"Perhaps the most comforting thought of all is that all such confessions invariably lead to additional works of grace. Every confession increases joy and experience, and besides becoming purified in body we become purified in soul. We should confess the Lord, in our life and associates; we owe it to Him. If, in any way, faith has helped us, we had better recognize it. Do not crush it out, but act upon what you have and fan it into a brightly burning flame."

The meetings continue as usual today.

### Old World Items.

A peculiar substitute for window glass known as "tectorium," has for some time been employed in Austria, Italy, Germany, Switzerland and Russia, as a covering for hot-houses, marquees, verandas, windows, of factories, roofs of stores, etc. It is a special, insoluble, bichromated gelatine, translucent as opal glass and incorporated in wire gauze.

The great tower of Wembley Park, London, which is intended to be much higher than the Eiffel tower, promises to be a monument of bankruptcy. The company has spent $500,000, and the first platform has not yet been reached. A further advance of $150,000 was authorized last week to carry it 155 feet higher.

It is announced that the Turkish Minister of Public Works has decided to reconstruct the aqeduct, which supplied Jerusalem with water in the time of King Solomon.


HOTELS— Resorts and Cafes.

**Bellevue Terrace,**

The most beautifully located and charming hotel in Los Angeles, situated on the corner of Sixth and Pearl streets (one block from Seventh-street cable-car line;) has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished throughout and is open for business under the efficient management of Mr. Gilbert Dobbs, formerly of the Capitol Hotel, Little Rock, Ark. House is heated throughout with furnaces and open grates. The table is supplied with all the market affords. The public is invited to see our rooms and get our prices before locating for the winter.
GILBERT DOBBS Manager.

**HOTEL NADEAU, European Plan.**
NADEAU CAFE.
200 elegantly furnished rooms, 60 suites with bath, supplied with all modern improvements. Rooms $1 per day and upwards. NADEAU CAFE, C. E. AMIDON, Manager, is the finest in the city; private dining and banquet rooms. Liberally managed. H. W. CHASE & CO.

**THE ARLINGTON,**
RIVERSIDE, CAL.
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.
HAS
ELEVATOR, ELECTRIC LIGHTS, PUBLIC and PRIVATE BATHS, TELEGRAPH OFFICE,
Halls heated by Steam Radiators,
GRATE IN EACH ROOM. FREE 'BUS.
J. T. RITCHEY & SON, Proprietors.

**THE ABBOTSFORD INN—**
—Corner Eighth and Hope Streets, Los Angeles, Cal.
Pre-eminently a most attractive, sunny and comfortable Tourists Hotel. One hundred rooms, single or en suite.
ALL NEW AND MODERN APPOINTMENTS.
Incandescent light; steam radiator in EVERY ROOM. American Plan Exclusively. By J. J. MARTIN & SON.

**HOTEL GREEN,**
PASADENA.
The Most Magnificently Equipped Hotel in Southern California.
Accommodations for 400 guests. Spacious and sunny rooms, with private parlors and bath.
G. G. GREEN, Owner.
J. H. HOLMES, Manager.

**HOTEL FLORENCE.** SAN DIEGO, CAL.
American Plan.
FLORENCE HEIGHTS. Finest view of city and ocean. Large, sunny rooms, spacious courts and parks. Three minutes from Postoffice.
For information apply to GEORGE W. LYNCH, Manager.
A. H. Pratt, 213 W. First st. (Formerly manager Redondo Beach Hotel.)

**HOTEL ARCADIA,**
SANTA MONICA, CAL. 150 ROOMS; STEAM HEAT, HOT OCEAN WATER baths. For information as to rates, etc., apply at Los Angeles office, 231 West First St., opposite Nadeau Hotel. S. REINHART, Proprietor.

**ARROWHEAD** HOT SPRINGS—THE FAMOUS WINTER RESORT OF Southern California: hotel first-class; lighted by electricity; heated by hot water from springs; overlooks San Bernardino, Riverside and Redlands; 'bus leaves Arrowhead Station 12:35 and 4 p.m.; San Bernardino 3:15 p.m. Postoffice and telephone at Springs. City office, Coulter's Dry Goods Store.

**HOTEL JOHNSON** ADJOINING WESTMINSTER HOTEL ON FOURTH ST., near Main. American and European Plans. Appointments new; elegantly furnished. Finest private baths in city. CHAS. B. SMITH, Prop.

**THE DELAWARE** 534½ South Broadway. Just opened; European plan; handsomely-furnished rooms, everything new, modern conveniences, strictly first class; plenty of sunlight and air. J. H. RODENBERG, Propr.

**HOTEL SAN MARCOS** SANTA BARBARA, CAL. THOROUGHLY RENOvated; strictly first-class; new management; rates reasonable; cafe in connection. L. J. CLARK & CO., props.

**HOLLENBECK HOTEL CAFE** AND GRILL ROOM. EASTERN AND CALIFORNIA OYSTERS AND CLAMS ON SHELL.

**THE ANCHORAGE,** Riverside; home in an orange grove; private board; rates reasonable. L. VAN WICKLE BROWN, Proprietor

**HOTEL LINCOLN** SECOND AND HILL—FAMILY HOTEL; APPOINTMENTS perfect; electric cars to all points. THOS. PASCOE, Prop.

**CROWN VILLA** PASADENA—BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED; LARGE SUNNY rooms; clean, comfortable; prices moderate. Ad. WOOD & HILE

**HOTEL SAN GABRIEL** EAST SAN GABRIEL—BEST FAMILY HOTEL; Terms $10 per week and up. A. D. STRICKER, Prop.

**GRAND PACIFIC** 423 AND 425 S. SPRING ST., FINEST SUNNY ROOMS AT REAsonable rates. A very warm house. Meals at moderate prices.

**GRAND VIEW** MONROVIA FAMOUS 'GEM OF THE FOOTHILLS.' FIRST-class; tourist parties a specialty. A. W. ETTER, Manager.

**LA SOLANA** GRAND AVENUE AND LOCKE HAVEN ST., PASADENA, FIRST-class in every respect. GEORGE COOK, Manager.


### CHEAP BREAD.

Progress of the Movement Recently Begun in Chicago.

(Oakland Tribune:) The cheap bread crusade in Chicago is bearing fruit. The striking bakers of that city espoused the cause of the poor man's loaf. So long as they were in the service of the bakeries they were silent for obvious reasons. The strike relieved them from any obligations to remain silent, and their tongues were loosened. Then they began to talk. Their talk carried the weight of expert testimony. Summed up, the testimony which these bakers have offered is to the effect that a barrel of flour costing the big bakeries $3 is manipulated by the bakery and the grocer so as to cost the poor man who eats it, $13. Of the latter sum $7.02 is actual profit. Of this profit the sum of $3.12 is absorbed by the big bakeries, and the remaining $3.90 is retained in the grocer's till. These figures are based on the manufacture and sale of loaves weighing a full pound and selling for 5 cents per loaf.

The crusade for a cheap loaf was greatly strengthened by the support which was given to it by the striking bakers. It finally took official form. The Board of Aldermen took up the poor man's fight. It was self-evident that the business of breadmaking required official supervision. The weight of a loaf was regulated by the rules adopted by the combination of the big steam bakeries, who were strong enough to crush out the competition of the small bakeries at any time. The same combine dictated the price. The staff of the poor man's life was being whittled down at the pleasure of the greedy combine. Under the conditions ordinarily regulating commerce there was apparently no hope for relief and no remedy possible, except what might be obtained through municipal or State legislation. The price of flour made no difference in the price of the loaf. The latter was costing the poor man the same when flour was $3 per barrel as it had been costing him when flour was worth $4 and upwards per barrel.

The Board of Aldermen was appealed to. Its members were forced by popular pressure to take up the subject, and a week ago an ordinance was passed which regulates the weight of the poor man's loaf. Some vigorous provisions governing the enforcement of the ordinance were stricken out, evidently because they were odious to the bakery combine. The wonderful political power which the combine wields is shown in the vote on striking out the objectionable provisions, twenty-nine Aldermen voting "aye," and twenty-six voting "nay."

Although greatly weakened the ordinance was not entirely emasculated. It provides that all bread shall be made of wholesome flour into loaves weighing 1, 1½, 2, 2½, 3, 3½, 4, 4½, 5, 5½ or 6 pounds. Every loaf must bear a tag showing its true weight and the name of its maker. Inspections of the bakeries are authorized. Bread not manufactured according to the provisions of the ordinance is liable to seizure, and bread so seized is to be given to charity. A clause giving Aldermen a right to seize and examine was stricken out; so also was the right of police examination of the contents of the wagons of the bakeries in the public streets. Any violation of the ordinance subjects the offender to a fine of $25 for the first offense and $50 for each subsequent one. Every bakery is also required to pay an annual license fee of $5.

The ordinance saves the poor man's loaf from being cut at both ends. If the price of the loaf cannot be reached its weight can.

There are many features in the Chicago ordinance which commend themselves to Oakland. Here the poor man's loaf is being chopped off at both ends—in weight and in price. His pound loaf is only 12 ounces; the price is 5 cents, no matter what is the price of flour.

### Runaway Stars.

There is a certain class of stars which fly through space with a velocity so enormous as to baffle every attempt to account for them. They are known to the investigators as "runaway stars," and are no longer reckoned as being among the phenomena of extreme rarity. One of these in the constellation of the Great Bear known as "Groombridge, 1830," long led the van of stellar speed, sweeping over at least two hundred miles of space each second. Prof. Prichard has proved that the inconspicuous object called Cassiopea is a sun forty times more luminous than our own, and that it is traveling at the prodigious rate of 300 miles per second. Dr. Elkins has found something more wonderful in the speed line in Arcturus, which is jogging along at 400 miles a second as a steady pace, but having strange bursts of speed during which time its velocity is increased by about one-fourth.

Some of these runaways fly along in pairs and are therefore supposed to be connected by some invisible "bond of union." This presumption was first advanced some twenty-five years ago, and is even now being investigated by the leaders in astronomical work.

### It Reminded Him.

The sick tragedian lay on his couch, staring with widely opened eyes into vacancy.

The doctor who had been summoned first had just arrived, and while he was removing his gloves the second doctor came into the room.

"He mutters," said the first. "His mind wanders."

"N-no, I think not," replied the attendant, bending over the patient. "He spoke quite slowly and distinctly.

"What did he say?" inquired the second.

"He said, 'One woe doth tread upon another's heels, so fast they follow!'"


Burns. FOR MAN Bruises
MUSTANG LINIMENT
Rheumatism, AND BEAST. Stiff Joints

EDUCATIONAL— Schools, Colleges and Private Tuition.

THE LOS ANGELES BUSINESS COLLEGE (incorporated,) 144 S. Main st.; the largest and most thoroughly practical business training school in the city; is open the entire year, day and evening. Courses of study: (1) English, including all grammar-grade branches; (2) commercial, embracing, besides the regular commercial studies, a most thorough and systematic actual business practice department; (3) shorthand and typewriting, with correlated brances; (4) telegraphy; (5) eclectic, including all high school branches. All interested are cordially invited to visit the college and inspect its workings. We take pleasure in answering inquiries. Send for catalogue. E. R. SHRADER, Pres.; F. W. KELSEY, Vice-Pres.; I. N. INSKEEP, Sec.

WOODBURY BUSINESS COLLEGE (INCORporated,) 226 S. Spring st., is the oldest and largest commercial school in Southern California; the most beautiful college-rooms and equipments to be found in the State; elevator for pupils' use; a large faculty of experienced and able instructors; open the entire year; both day and evening sessions; a practical English course, a thorough business course and a course in shorthand and typewriting, under an experienced stenographer. Write or call for illustrated catalogue and full information. G. A. HOUGH, Pres.; N. G. FELKER, Vice-Pres.

PARKER SCHOOL OF ELOCUTION AND dramatic expression, 455 S. Broadway; oldest school in Southern California devoted to the study of spoken language; C. C. Parker, director; Edith F. Ashmore, assistant; educational in character; literature and rhetoric incidentally taught; special department of physical culture, Swedish and Delsartian; also for the study of pantomimic art; winter term begins Friday, January 11; call or write for catalogue.

THROOP POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE AND Manual Training School, Pasadena, Cal.; winter term opens Jan. 8, 1895, at which time 20 additional students can be admitted to the Lloyd School; 40 to the Manual Training Academy; 40 to the Technical College classes; tuition, $30 per term; circulars and full information may be had on application to CHAS. H. KEYES, Pres.

ST. HILDA'S HALL— Glendale.
—SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.—
Seventh year will open September 26. Beautiful home; excellent teachers. Three miles from Los Angeles limits. Circulars on application.
MISS K. V. DARLING, Principal.

FROEBEL INSTITUTE, CASA DE ROSAS, Adams st., cor. Hoover, will reopen September 18, 1894; day pipils, $100; boarding pupils, $500; no extras. Applications for all departments made to the principals.
PROF. LOUIS CLAVERIE.
MME. LOUIS CLAVERIE.

COLLEGIATE SCHOOL FOR BOYS AND YOUNG MEN, Bryson Block, Second and Spring; all the common English branches; higher mathematics and classics; the school prepares thoroughly for business or college. ANSELM B. BROWN, A.M. (Yale,) principal, 33 Potomac Block, city.

ST PAUL'S KINDERGARTEN WILL OPEN January 14, at 1 o'clock, in the reading-room of St. Paul's Parish House, in rear of church, Olive st., bet. Fifth and Sixth sts. A thorough course of instruction given to children between the ages of 3 and 7 years. Terms, $2 per month in advance.

CASA PIEDRA RANCH SCHOOL, OJAI VALley; preparation for college; out-of-door life; each boy has charge of a horse of his own; terms $700 a year; highest references given and required. Address SHERMAN DAY THACHER, A.B., LL.B. (Yale,) Nordhoff, Ventura county, Cal.

PRIVATE SCHOOL—PRIMARY, GRAMMAR and advanced studies; Spanish, French, German and English literature; specialties, $6 per quarter; night school; term opens Jan. 7. 314 W. Second st. MISS ACKELSON and MISS FARMER.

SCHOOL FOR PHYSICAL TRAINING, ELOcution and dancing, 226 S. Spring st.; scientific training for health, development, grace; preparation for stage, platform, society. MISS NAOMA ALFREY.

GIRLS COLLEGIATE SCHOOL— 416 W. Tenth st.
Boarding pupils received. MISS PARSONS and MISS DENNEN, principals.

MARLBOROUGH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG LADIES, 865 W. 23d st. Boarding pupils, $500 per year; day pupils, $100. MRS. GEO. A. CASWELL, principal.

MISS MARSH'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND young ladies (incorporated,) 1340 and 1342 S. Hope st.; seventh year begins September 19; kindergarten connected.

PRIVATE INSTRUCTION IN ACADEMIC branches by college graduate; best of references. R. L. ASHLEY, 1228 S. Olive st.

BOYNTON NORMAL ESSENTIALS FOR teachers; preparation for county examination, January 17. 120½ S. Spring.

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MLLE. E. MOLLE, FRENCH TEACHER, 319 E. SEVENTH ST., cor. Wall.

HARP STUDIO—MRS. J. M. JONES, ROOMS 95 and 96, BRYSON BLOCK.

PERSONAL— Business.

PERSONAL — COFFEE, FRESH ROASTED on our giant coffee roaster; Java and Mocha, 35c. lb.; 24 lbs. brown sugar, $1; 5 lbs. good Japan tea, $1; 10 lbs. cornmeal, 15c.; 6 l

# CIRCULATION.

**Sworn Weekly Statement of the Circulation of the Los Angeles Times.**

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, SS.

Personally appeared before me, H. G. Otis, president and general manager of the Times-Mirror Company, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the daily circulation records and daily pressroom reports of the office show that the bona fide editions of The Times for each day of the week ended January 12, 1895, were as follows:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Sunday, January | 6 | 19,160 |
| Monday, " | 7 | 13,220 |
| Tuesday, " | 8 | 13,240 |
| Wednesday, " | 9 | 13,220 |
| Thursday, " | 10 | 13,220 |
| Friday, " | 11 | 13,250 |
| Saturday, " | 12 | 13,220 |
| Total | | 98,530 |
| Gross daily average | | 14,076 |

(Signed) H. G. OTIS.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of January, 1895.

(Seal) J. C. OLIVER.

Notary Public in and for Los Angeles County, State of California.

NOTE.—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper. The above aggregate, viz., 98,530 copies, issued by us during the seven days of the past week, would, if apportioned on the basis of a six-day evening paper, give a daily average circulation for each week-day of 16,421 copies.

**THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past several years. Advertisers have the right to know the NET CIRCULATION of the medium which seeks their business, and this THE TIMES gives them correctly, from time to time.**

The gross daily average circulation of The Times for December, 1894—14,073 copies—shows a gain of 109.6 per cent. over the daily average—6713 copies—for the month of August, 1890, the month of "The strike that failed."

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

# LINERS.

**One Cent a Word for Each Insertion.**

## WANTED—
### Help, Male.

PETTY, HUMMEL & CO., EMPLOYMENT AGENTS, 300-302 W. Second st., in basement California Bank Building. Tel. 509.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sundays.)

Wagon wood-worker, call early; man and wife, ranch, $35 etc.—employer will be in our office this morning; metal-worker on showcases, $2.50; 2 good coopers, top wages; charcoal-burner; man to plant 20 acres potatoes on shares; man with team, $2.50 day; ranch hand, $15 etc.

HOTEL DEPT. (MALE.)

Hotel butcher for a good place, must have worked in hotels; 2 waiters for good country hotel, $15 etc. per month each; night cook for restaurant, $14 etc.; first-class laundryman to back shirts, $25 etc.; man ironer for Tyler machine, $9 per week.

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

Good housegirl for country in Christian family, modern conveniences to work with, very nice place, call early, $20 and fare; kitchen girl for country, $20 etc.; colored girl for general housework, city; good housegirl who understands baking, city, $20; woman for laundry work, 2 days out of every week, $1.50 per day; housegirl, nice place, $4 per week; German housegirl, city, $25; good German or Swede cook, city, $20, 2 in family; very good place in San Bernardino, $20 and fare, no wash; French girl for Santa Paula, $20; girl to assist, home nights, $12; woman to assist, home nights, $12; "A1" place, city, $15; woman to assist, no wash, $4 per week; girl to take charge of 2-months-old baby, $15.

HOTEL HELP.

Restaurant waitress, $6 per week; chambermaid for city, $15 etc.; laundress (ironer) for San Diego, $1.50 per day; laundress (general) for resort, $20 etc.; cook for delicacy store, $30 etc., no room; plenty of orders will come in today.

PETTY, HUMMEL & CO.

WANTED— CARRIAGE WOOD WORKER, $2; bench hand, $2.50; vest-makers, $8; shoe salesman and cobbler; order cook, $15, and others; engineers come and register free. SOUTHERN EMPLOYMENT CO., Franklin & New High sts. Tel. 1199. 15

WANTED—JOB PRINTER FOR COUNTRY office; must understand cylinder and job presswork; strictly temperate, single man; permanent position and regular pay. Address, with wages expected, Q, box 31, TIMES OFFICE. 16

WANTED— A MAN TO HELP ANOTHER work 15-acre orange ranch, 8 miles from city. Address, stating lowest terms, Y., P. O. BOX 152, Los Angeles. 15

WANTED— A CONTRACTOR WHO WILL erect $1200 building and take property in payment. PECK & FOLEY, 110 Court st., rooms 7, 8 and 9. 16

WANTED—GOOD SECOND COOK (SINGLE man.) EASTERN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 115½ N. Main st., telephone 237. 14

## WANTED—
### Help, Female.

WANTED — LADIES TO LEARN MILLINERY or dress-cutting, designing, trimming and finishing; our system is strictly merchant tailor, no chart or machine; come at once; plenty of work, $10 to $15 weekly. HARVEY, 125½ S. Spring. 17

WANTED—LADIES TO KNOW OUR PATterns fit perfectly; call and have measure taken; we guarantee your dresses to fit without an alteration. HARVEY, 125½ S. Spring st. 17

WANTED —EXPERIENCED OPERATORS on fine custom shirts; answer today, stating experience. Address G, box 88, TIMES OFFICE. 15

WANTED—A GIRL FOR COOKING AND general housework, family of 3. Call at 311 N. MAIN ST., Downey Block, after 10 a.m. 15

WANTED — BOSTON FEMALE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 353 S. Broadway. Tel. 1325. 20

WANTED— A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1319 S. HOPE ST. 15

WANTED— GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 1267 S. PEARL. 15

## WANTED—
### Help, Male and Female.

WANTED—TEACHER OF GERMAN, LADY or gentleman. C. C. BOYNTON, 130½ S. Spring. 14

WANTED—HELP FREE AND WORK. E. NITTINGER, 319½ S. Spring. Tel. 1113.

## WANTED—
### Situations, Male.

WANTED — A GENTLEMAN, AGED 50 years, having lost his capital by investing in real estate, is anxious to procure a position of trust, collector, cashier, etc., in large mercantile establishment; good references and security. Address J, box 21, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY AN ENERGETIC GROCERY clerk, position, city or country; understands every detail of the trade and can furnish undeniable testimonials; has been accustomed to a first-class family trade. Address Q, box 32, TIMES OFFICE. 15

WANTED—BY YOUNG ENGLISHMAN, A position on ranch; 8 years' experience in Manitoba; low wages; references furnished. Address Q, box 35, TIMES OFFICE. 16

WANTED—BY A SMART BOY, 15, WORK on fruit ranch; will work for board at first; good reference. Write or call at 443 TOWNE AVE., Los Angeles. 15

WANTED— BY YOUNG MAN, SITUATION as secretary and assistant to literary person; playwright preferred. Address G, box 39, TIMES OFFICE. 19

WANTED— SITUATION TO WORK FOR expenses by young man attending school; can provide furniture and board. Q, box 34, TIMES OFFICE. 16

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG MAN and wife in city or on ranch; references furnished. Address G, box 95, TIMES OFFICE. 15

WANTED—BY A GERMAN WHO UNDERstands orchard work thoroughly, a steady place. Address G, box 34, TIMES OFFICE. 16

WANTED — SITUATION BY JAPANESE; good cook of experience, in private family. Address H. K., 509 S. SPRING ST. 15

WANTED—SITUATION BY A RELIABLE Japanese boy to do general housework. Address G, box 44, TIMES OFFICE. 15

## WANTED—
### Situations, Female.

WANTED— YOUNG WOMAN, STRANGER here, will do gentlemen's sewing and mending, also embroidery and crocheting for ladies. Call room 1, 125 E. THIRD. 17

WANTED—RELIABLE HELP; EPISCOPAL MISSION, 732 S. Olive st.; industrious women and girls furnished; employment free of charge.

WANTED— A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent girl to do chamberwork in first-class family, city or country. Address 329 W. FIRST ST. 15

WANTED — A SITUATION BY EXPERIenced German cook; good home preferred. 924 LINCOLN ST., near Ninth and Pearl sts. 15

WANTED— WASHING AND IRONING BY the day, or house-cleaning. Call 615 STEVENSON AVE. 16

WANTED— DRESSMAKER WILL SEW IN families; terms reasonable. 102 S. HILL.

## WANTED—
### Agents and Solicitors.

WANTED—CANVASSERS FOR "LISTS OF Taxpayers" of Los Angeles, San Diego, San Bernardino, Riverside and Orange counties, just issued by The Times; 5 volumes; official and very useful information, never heretofore appearing in print; indispensable to business men; exclusive territorial rights for sale to reliable men. Apply TIMES BLDG.

WANTED— AGENTS, LADIES OR GENtlemen; permanent business and good pay to the right party; no capital required. Call at once at 239 WINSTON ST. 16

WANTED—ACTIVE MEN TO TAKE ORders for enlarged portraits, city and country. Write or call on G. H. EVERETT, 666 S. Spring st.

WANTED— AGENTS, EITHER SEX, FOR first-class articles. J. OTIS BROWN, 644 S. Spring st. 18

## WANTED—
### To Purchase.

WANTED—WE HAVE PURCHASERS FOR some choice lots located in the south and southwest parts of the city, at prices from $500 up; if you wish to make a quick sale, don't fail to call on us at once. THE PIRTLE REAL ESTATE AND TRUST CO., 229 W. Second st. 15

WANTED — THOSE THAT HAVE GOOD bargains in real estate and want to make quick sales to call at our office, 110 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, headquarters for Chicago buyers; over 20 years' experience in handling real estate. W. P. LARKIN & CO. 15

WANTED—TO BUY A HOUSE AND LOT on Spring, Broadway, Hill or Olive, bet. Second and Eighth; will assume incumbrance and pay balance in cash. JOHN S. SAMPSON, JR., 105 S. Broadway. 16

WANTED— TO BUY AN UNDERTAKING business for cash; principals only; full particulars, amount of stock, price, rent, amount of business, etc. Address Q, box 38, TIMES OFFICE. 15

WANTED—I WANT TO BUY GOOD CITY property and pay for it in alfalfa lands, either improved or unimproved, $2000 up to $30,000. A. J. WRIGHT, 213 W. First st.

WANTED — FURNITURE, LARGE OR small lots; we guarantee to pay the very highest price, spot cash. RED RICE FURNITURE CO., cor. N. Main and Plaza. 16

WANTED—A COTTAGE AND LOT IN LOS Angeles for 2 clear lots in Chicago worth $2500, or will trade for lots. W. P. LARKIN & CO., 110 S. Broadway. 15

WANTED— LOT FRONTING EAST BET. Main and San Pedro and Fifth and Tenth sts.; give cash price. Address M, box 54, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED— CHEAP FOR CASH, WINONA or Newton steel ax patent hub, ½ spring 2-horse wagon, at 123 E. 25TH ST., city. 15

WANTED—FOR CASH, ALL KINDS OF second-hand goods; 617 S. Spring st. ETCHISON & LANE.

WANTED — TO BUY COUNTER SHOWcases. Apply at LICHTENBERGER'S, 107 N. Main st.

## WANTED—
### Partners.

WANTED— PARTNER WITH $500 CASH or $500 in city property to exchange for ½ interest with me in a legitimate business; will pay $400 per month net; references required. Address Q, box 33, TIMES OFFICE. 15

WANTED — PARTNER BY AN OLD-ESTablished house doing a good business; best location in the city; must have from $750 to $1000 in cash. Address Q, box 37, TIMES OFFICE. 16

WANTED— A PARTNER WITH $1000 IN stationery stock, or cash to unite with a business already established. Inquire TURNER, 248 S. Spring st 15

WANTED— A PARTNER, DRESSMAKING and cutting school; fine opportunity; $200. SPEARS & MONTAGUE, 117 S. Broadway. 15

## WANTED—
### To Rent

WANTED—YOUNG MAN DESIRES PLEASant, sunny room in southwestern part of city. Address Q, box 36, TIMES OFFICE. 16

## WANTED—
### Rooms and Board.

WANTED—BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY for 2 young, unmarried men; must be convenient to Temple st. and Grand ave.; state terms and location. Address G, box 93, TIMES OFFICE.

## WANTED—
### Miscellaneous.

WANTED—LAND IN 10-ACRE LOTS AND upward to plow; terms reasonable. Address ALBERT GOODRICH, Clearwater, Cal. 21

WANTED — GOOD COTTON RAGS FOR wiping machinery. Call at TIMES PRESSROOM, 7:30 a.m.

WANTED— LADIES SUITS FROM $5 UP; fit guaranteed. MRS. GLASGOW, 515½ S. Broadway. 19

WANTED—SECOND-HAND TYPEWRITER. Room 211, STIMSON BLOCK. 16

## STOCKS BONDS AND MORTGAGES

POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, BROKERS, 305 W. Second st., buy and sell mortgages, stocks, bonds, and any good securities; if you wish to lend or borrow or invest in real estate, call on us; collections made and property managed for non-residents.

## PHYSICIANS—

DR. WM. DAWSON, VITAPATHIC PHYSIcian; 10 years' practice in this city; treats by the new international system of electrical therapeutics, with the latest improved batteries and appliances skillfully applied, and the results are truly miraculous; therefore he can treat the most delicate patient from day to day and give them strength from each application; chronic nervous and all blood diseases cured by this new system; anti-zymotic magnetic ozone vital compound vapor baths, the only bath of its kind in California; see sworn statements at office, 340 S. BROADWAY; consultation free. 13

DR. J. ADAMS, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, in charge of medical and surgical dispensary; chronic diseases a specialty; special attention given to the treatment of all female diseases, both medical and surgical. Office hours, 10 a.m. to 12 m., 2 to 4 p.m. Office, 320 N. MAIN, opp. St. Elmo Hotel.

DR. EDWARD J. HADFIELD, LATE OF Philadelphia, physician and surgeon, Bradbury building, rooms 210-211; hours 10 to 12, 2 to 4, 7 to 8. Special attention given to diseases of nose, throat, chest and all chronic diseases; consultation free.

DR. REBECCA LEE DORSEY, ROOMS 129, 130, 131 Stimson Block. Special attention given to obstetrical cases, and all diseases of women and children. Consultation hours, 1 to 5 p.m. Tel. 1227.

LIT M. E. RAYMOND, M.D., LADY PHYSIcian; diseases of women and children a specialty. Office and residence, 2511 S. Main st. Tel. 182, west. Office hours, 3 to 5 p.m.

K. D. WISE, M.D., OFFICE 226 S. SPRING—Office hours, 8 to 10 a.m., and 1 to 5 p.m. Diseases of women a specialty; graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia.

DR. GEORGE C. SOMERS, 304-305 STIMSON Block; nervous and chronic diseases, and diseases of women; electrical treatment a specialty. Tel. 1020.

DR. LYDIA A. MUMA, GRADUATE IN MEDicine and surgery; consultation free; 15 years in continuous practice. 138½ S. SPRING. 20

MRS. DR. WELLS, REMOVED TO OCEAN View ave., Santa Monica, nearly opposite Arcadia Hotel. Car-fare deducted.

## FOR SALE—
### City Lots and Land.

$10,000—FOR SALE—47x165, HILL ST. BEtween Second and Third; contains nice cottage.

$30,000— 60x165, Broadway, clean side, near Fourth st.; has income, too.

$40,000—Corner on Spring st., clean side, 100x166; has income, too.

$50,000—Business block near this office; income nearly $250 per month.

$21,000—60x165, vacant, Broadway near Fifth.

$15,000 for the prettiest corner on Seventh st.

We make the thoughtful assertion that each one of these properties will return 25 per cent. in 6 months; they will all bear strictest investigation.

W. M. GARLAND & CO., 18 207 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE — THE TRACT OF HOMES— GRIDER & DOW'S ADAMS-ST. TRACT.

300 50-foot residence lots, corner of Adams st. and Central ave.; Adams st., 82 feet wide, and 28th st., 100 feet wide; both lined with palm trees; streets graveled; cement walks and curbs; water piped; 175 lots sold and over 40 houses built in the last four months; rich, sandy loam; no mud; the healthiest portion of the city; examine this tract now and compare it with other properties; lots are $300 and up, on easy terms; special inducements to those who will built at once; Central-ave. double-track electric car line runs through this tract. Take the Central-ave. cars at corner of Second and Spring sts.; the ride takes only 12 minutes. Agents at our branch office on the corner of Central ave. and 29th st., will show the property; for views of the tract, maps, and all information, write or call on us. Free carriages at all times. GRIDER & DOW, 109½ S. Broadway; telephone 1299.

FOR SALE—

THE CHANCE OF A LIFETIME!

35 feet, First and Spring; must be sold to close an estate; make offer.

JOHN H. COXE, 207 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—

LOTS!——LOTS!——LOTS!
LOTS!——LOTS!——LOTS!
AT HIGHLAND PARK.

Just outside city on electric road; finest lots now on the market; size of lots from 50x150 to 1 or more acres, just as you wish; fine, balmy climate and the best of spring water.

These lots will be sold on long time if desired.

Houses built to order.

Call and be shown the best bargains in the market.

W. P. LARKIN & CO., 15 Owners. 110 S. Broadway, L. A.

FOR SALE—BUY A LOT CLOSE IN AND not bother with cable and electric cars, which break down every time you want to get home quickly, last Saturday night to wit; beautiful lots within a mile of the center of city, on wide, graded streets, with cement walks and curb, all full sized, with alleys, near Tenth, bet. Main and San Julian, at from $750 upward, according to location. G. C. EDWARDS, 230 W. First st. 15

FOR SALE—WATER; THERE IS A LARGE amount of water that can be developed and sold to the people of Los Angeles; if you are interested in water and have cash, it will pay you to investigate this. SMITH & O'BRIEN, 147 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—

$27,000 will buy a small hotel, close in, rented till 1896 at $2100 per annum; will bring $2400 after present lease expires.

$350 buys a fine lot on Second st., Boyle Heights, that cost $800.

$7500 will take a fine house, close in, that cost $11,000.

W. P. LARKIN & CO., 15 110 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—

A nice, deep lot on the clean side of Maple ave., between Seventh and Eighth sts., for only $1000; this is the cheapest near-in property today on our market.

13-15-18 CLARK & BRYAN, 127 W. Third.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL INVESTMENT FOR subdivision; a beautiful tract in southwest portion of this city; choice resident surroundings; 2 street car lines; would make about 60 lots; adjoining tract subdivided and selling at an average of $600; this must sell as a whole at a price equal to $150 per lot. JOHN F. HUMPHREYS & SON, 109 Broadway. 16

FOR SALE— A SPECULATION IN THIS city, this side and overlooking Westlake Park, between the 2 car lines; a choice 4-acre tract; street graded; at $1000 per acre, equal to $200 per lot. JOHN F. HUMPHREYS & SON, 109 Broadway. 16

FOR SALE — IF YOU WANT A GRAND bargain in one or the finest corners in Bonnie Brae, 130x170, see me at once; this is something good, so don't wait, as I am going to sell this corner in the next few days. E. A. MILLER.

FOR SALE—FIFTY FEET NEAR FIRST-street cable, for $100; also 50 feet improved on First street at a sacrifice; also $100 a month income property near Santa Fe Depot. W. H. WHEELER, No. 120 S. Vignes street. 20

FOR SALE—407 LOTS, IN EVERY PART OF the city, $150 to $3500 each; some of these we can sell on installment plan. For full particulars see HUBBARD & LOVE, 228 W. Fourth st.

FOR SALE—PROPERTY IN ALL PARTS of the city; ranches of all descriptions for sale or exchange. K. C. CULLEN & CO., Minnesota headquarters, 237 W. First st.

FOR SALE—40 GOOD RESIDENCE LOTS, in different parts of the city, from $350 up. W. P. LARKIN & CO., 110 S. Broadway. P. S.—Houses built to order. 15

FOR SALE—40 BY 165 FEET ON SPRING st., north of Seventh, with income; price and terms reasonable. Address KINGSTON, P.O. box 382, Ontario, Cal.

FOR SALE — 73 ACRES LEVEL LAND, within 1 mile (southeast) of Los Angeles; $150 per acre; a bargain. WM. H. AVERY, 113 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—CITY PROPERTY, $300 TO $20,000, and fruit ranches at great bargains. By CITIZENS' INVESTMENT CO., 224 S. Broadway. 19

$6500—FOR SALE—BARGAIN IN INCOME property near Courthouse; $700 per annum; easy terms. C. C. LAMB, 213 W. First st.

FOR SALE — INSIDE CITY LIMITS, 7¼ acres; finest orchard in county; 6-room cottage. P. O. BOX 411, city.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL RESIDENT LOTS. Inquire 525 S. PEARL ST. 17

## FOR SALE—
### Country Property.

FOR SALE—

$2500—10 acres set to bearing oranges, lemons and deciduous fruits, good water right.

$5600—40 acres in Glendora.

$6500—16 acres, bearing oranges and lemons, and other fruits, with alfalfa; best water right in the country.

$5000—10 acres of lemons, same water right.

$8250—15 acres bearing oranges, same water.

Dry lands on which wells have been lately struck at $15 to $75 per acre.

Numerous other bargains in frostless-belt property can be had by calling on or addressing JOHN E. DALY, Glendora, Cal.

FOR SALE—WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO show you that fine land we advertised would soon be placed on the market in the famous Gardena Valley, 7 miles southwest of this city; only 30 minutes by train; soil a rich, deep, sandy loam; the home of olive and lemon, where deciduous fruits arrive at perfection.

—WATER IN ABUNDANCE—

To grow alfalfa or strawberries; $50 per acre cash down, balance in 1 and 2 years. Apply to the assistant secretary of company, A. W. WRIGHT, 300 W. Second.

FOR SALE — COMPULSORY SALE OF land to close up an estate; 320 acres of grazing and farming land in Tulare county, Cal., 10 miles northeast of Visalia; one mile distant from Kaweah station on S. P. R.R. Apply at once to JOS. MESMER, administrator, Los Angeles, Cal.

## FOR SALE—
### Country Property.

FOR SALE — AT POMONA; WHEN YOU buy your California home, get one that will yield you an income, and enjoy the climate, scenery and the income together; I have 20 acres at end of the business street of Pomona; 10 acres olives in bearing, 10 acres prunes in bearing; this place has yielded $800 worth of fruit in one season.

Don't miss seeing that 100 acres; you can buy it for $100 an acre, and it will be planted with olive, prune, pear or apricot trees; best of culture given them for 3 years, taxes paid, all for $100 an acre; land, trees, planting, 3 years' care, and taxes paid, with good, responsible party's name on contract; close to town; good, level land; a bargain.

If you want to invest $65,000 in 150 acres of olives, with a $5000 olive-oil mill in running order on the place, come out and see me. This place pays good interest on the amount this year, and when the whole 150 acres comes into bearing the income will be sufficient for a member of the "400;" the oil from this place is known all over the United States and took the "blue ribbon" or first prize at the World's Fair, Chicago, over the oils of Italy, France and California. It is now put up in neat quart bottles and the output is contracted for in advance each year by jobbers and wholesalers of Boston, New York and Chicago.

Come out, look over these places, investigate, and if you are satisfied, buy; if not, no harm done.

The "Old Man" can show you as fine a valley as you can find in California, and no better place for income ranches in the whole United States.

R. S. BASSETT, Pomona, Cal.

FOR SALE—WONDERFUL!

Olive, lemon and deciduous fruit, strawberries, dewberries, raspberries and guavas, all kinds of vegetables grown summer and winter.

ALAMITOS!

Artesian water and plenty of it; rich soil, free from adobe, alkali, sage brush or cactus; graded streets; fine residences.

LAND

Free from damaging frosts or destructive winds; a climate cool and lovely in summer, lovely and warm in winter; just the spot for an ideal home.

$150 PER ACRE.

In tracts from 1 acre up. See E. B. CUSHMAN about it, Alamitos land office, 306 W. First st., Los Angeles, or Pacific ave., Long Beach.

P. S.

One share of water stock deeded with each acre of land.

FOR SALE—100 RANCHES, ANY SIZE wanted, not advertised here.

Our alfalfa land will produce 1 to 2 tons per acre each cutting; can cut 5 to 9 times a year; barley, 2 to 4 tons per acre; our corn will turn out 75 to 100 bushels per acre.

This is the finest place in the State for a cannery; tons upon tons of fruit wasting every year; it is also the finest section in the State for the dairy business.

Don't be deceived! A water-right goes with every ranch I sell.

We have more water for irrigating than any place in California.

Within a radius of 8 miles we have 17 water companies; water costs 8 1-3c per hour for a full head of water, or 100 miner's inches.

B. M. BLYTHE, Downey, Cal.

FOR SALE — FRUIT FARM; 5 AND 10-acre tracts or more; I have 100 acres of choice fruit land in the famous Lankershim ranch, which I am setting to the best varieties of apricot, peach, prune, plum, apple, etc.; these trees are healthy and first-class, grown at my nursery at Moneta. I will sell in 10-acre tracts or more, if desired, with a small payment down, and on easy terms, or I will care for same 1 year free of charge; price $110 per acre; this is a rare chance for men of small means, and at the price it will not last long; also 10,000 fine softshell walnut trees for sale cheap. S. W. LUITWIELER, 200 and 202 N. Los Angeles st.

FOR SALE—

The finest orange and lemon land in the State; best of water-rights; finely located; only $100 per acre; before buying, investigate this; it will pay you.

PIRTLE REAL ESTATE AND TRUST CO., 229 W. Second st. 20

FOR SALE—

10-acre ranch; good, modern house, 6 rooms and bath; land all in fruit; this ranch is located at Cucamonga, and pays a large income, and will be sold at a bargain.

Also 250 acres of fruit land with water at Riverside; a choice tract at less than $90 per acre.

Also 20 acres in oranges at Covina, ½ price.

We offer bargains only; headquarters for Chicago buyers; houses built to order on our own lots.

W. P. LARKIN & CO., 15 110 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—SOMETHING GOOD—

We have fifty acres of land just outside of the city limits that is a nice, rich, sandy loam, and as level as a floor; we are offering this property at the low price of $125 per acre, a little less than half its value; the reason why we are selling so cheap it was taken on a mortgage and belongs to a non-resident, who is anxious to realize at once.

13-15-18 CLARK & BRYAN, 127 W. Third.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS DAIRY OR ALfalfa ranch; 36 acres choice alfalfa land, free from alkali, 6 miles from the Los Angeles county Courthouse and less than half a mile from Florence Station on the San Pedro division of the Southern Pacific Railroad; good 5-room house, large barn (60x110 feet,) poultry-houses and yards, cattle corrals, etc.; fine artesian well with a sufficient flow of water to irrigate the 36 acres; at present the ranch is cross-fenced into pastures; price $125 per acre. For particulars see owner, F. X. EBERLE, 1447 San Pedro st., Los Angeles, Cal., or apply at room 40, 218 N. MAIN ST., third floor.

FOR SALE — $75, $100, $150 TO $225; $25 cash, balance in monthly installments of $10; no interest; buy one of our Central ave. tract lots; streets graded, curbed, water piped, shade trees planted; double electric line by your door; you will pay this price for lots 1 mile further out and no car line or improvements at all; take the Central-ave. electric cars at the corner of Second and Spring sts. to our branch office, corner of 29th st. and Central ave. Agents there to show the property, or call at our office. Free carriage to the tract. GRIDER & DOW, 109½ S. Broadway. 17

FOR SALE—JUST WHAT YOU ARE LOOKing for; fruit lands in Ventura county, of the highest quality, on terms to suit the times, at from $25 to $50 per acre; to parties making immediate improvements, 10 annual payments; no cash down; you will regret it if you lose this opportunity. For full particulars, address P. H. VALLETTE, Pasadena, or L. A. ROSS, agent, 207 W. 30th st., Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—BURBANK LAND—

20 acres of land near depot at $75 per acre.
35-acre hog ranch at $60 per acre.
20 acres under water ditch at $90 per acre.
30 acres No. 1 alfalfa land at $145 per acre.

Other lands at $25 and upward.

GANO HENRY, 17 Real estate, Burbank.

FOR SALE—CHOICE 7, 6½, 5, 3½, 2½ AND 1-acre tracts on electric railroad between Los Angeles and Pasadena; if you wish the best acre tracts or large residence lots and rapid transit now on the market, call upon the owners and be shown the property. W. P. LARKIN & CO., 110 S. Broadway. P. S.—Houses built to order; headquarters for Chicago buyers. 15

FOR SALE—IN RIVERSIDE, AN OLD-ESTablished, good-paying paint, glass and wall-paper store, now doing a profitable business; stock fresh and staple; good stand, long lease and low rental; owner going East; none but principals need apply. Address B. H. MILLIKEN, 581 Eighth st., Riverside, Cal. 16

FOR SALE— AT A BARGAIN FOR THE next 30 days, 144 acres fruit land at Ontario; 100-foot street runs through the center; money can be made by subdividing; $5000 cash and time. EDWARD FRASER, sole agent, 216 S. Broadway, Los Angeles. 28

FOR SALE— BEAUTIFUL SAN GABRIEL Valley; 2½ to 100 acres near Rosel San Gabriel, trees will be set and cared for if desired; artesian water; no Florida frosts; terms easy. E. K. ALEXANDER, 253 W. First st.

FOR SALE — IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY cheap homes; superior fruit land; watered by Lake Hemet Water Co., the largest water system in Southern California. Call HEMET LAND CO. Baker Block, L. A.

FOR SALE — OR RENT, 23 ACRES OF level land with water in the town of Glendale. OZRO W. CHILDS, room 1, Opera-house Bldg., Main st.

FOR SALE—TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER, terms to suit, 20 acres finest land in Perris, with water. COURTNEY, builder, 139 S. Broadway.

## FOR SALE—
### Country Property.

FOR SALE — $40 TO $75; LANDS FOR sugar beets, alfalfa, corn, oranges, lemons, walnuts; the best general farming properties in California; ditch and artesian water; close in and desirable; adjoins best town in this State; easy terms; perfect title; part pay in other property, labor, trees or good live stock; 3 places taken under foreclosure especially cheap; will trade part for desirable city property; a better time than the present to begin farming could not be had; I am the owner. P. A. STANTON, 115 S. Broadway, or Anaheim, Cal. 19

FOR SALE—CHINO VALLEY FRUIT, ALfalfa and sugar-beet land, $50 to $90 per acre, with water; near 2 railroads and the largest beet-sugar factory in the United States; easy terms to actual settlers; special inducements to large colonies. C. W. MAXSON, 138½ S. Spring st.

FOR SALE— BY OWNER, ALFALFA LAND South Florence, 40 acres; artesian water on adjoining tract, no alkali.

Grain or fruit land, 80 acres, half mile north Sunnyside station, Redondo Railway, west side Vermont avenue, $90 per acre.

Acreage west Baptist College, corner First street and Vermont avenue, $500 per acre; only short distance west of Westlake Park; small payment, balance on time. HENRY T. HAZARD. 15

FOR SALE—THE FINEST OLIVE, ORANGE and lemon land in the State; only 12 miles from Los Angeles; 1600 feet above the ocean; no fogs or insect pests; the most healthful spot in the State; soil a fine granite loam; very deep and strong; an abundance of the finest mountain water deeded with the land; for a few days will sell at $30 to $80 per acre; only 1-3 the present cash value; you can't look it over too soon for your own good. M'GARVIN & BRONSON, 220½ S. Spring st. 15

FOR SALE—IF YOU WISH TO BUY LAND that will raise all of Southern California products, with absolute water-right and more water to the acre than any other tract, on railroad, with perfect climate, good schools, churches and markets, near Los Angeles, at low prices, write or call at office of the SESPE LAND AND WATER CO., room 28, German-American Savings Bank building, cor. First and Main sts., Los Angeles, Cal.

FOR SALE—FRUIT LANDS IN THE EX-Mission Maclay rancho, near San Fernando and Pacoima on the Southern Pacific Railway, within easy reach of the city; 1100 feet above sea level; delightful climate; $75 per acre, on easy terms; also good building lots in West Los Angeles on the University electric car line. Apply to the UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA, rooms 6 and 7, Phillips Block Annex, Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—AT ½ THE APPRAISED VALuation, 360 acres of first-class level fruit and vineyard or alfalfa land on S.P.R.R., ½ mile from Fowler, 9 miles south of Fresno, new ditches made, cheapest water in the State for irrigating, and surrounded by some of the best-paying orchards, vineyards and alfalfa fields in the State; location healthful. For particulars, inquire of HUGH B. RICE, 124 W. Second st.

FOR SALE—BURBANK LAND—

20 acres of land near depot at $75 per acre.
35-acre hog ranch at $60 per acre.
20 acres under water ditch at $90 per acre.
30 acres No. 1 alfalfa land at $145 per acre.

Other lands at $25 and upward.

GANO HENRY, 17 Real estate, Burbank.

FOR EXCHANGE — 20-ACRE IMPROVED home at Downey for house in the city; 160-acre improved alfalfa ranch for city property or foothill fruit ranch; 42 lots in one body, close in, on car line, for a good fruit ranch. HUMPHREYS, 109 Broadway. 16

FOR SALE—A HIGHLY IMPROVED FIVE-acre home, one mile and three-quarters south city limits; good buildings; abundance of fruit trees, shrubbery, etc.; to see it is to like it; price $5000. Inquire of C. A. ROBINSON, 422 E. Seventh st.

FOR SALE—FRUIT AND FARMING LANDS in small tracts on very easy terms to settlers; 1 year's advance interest the only cash payment required. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 305 W. Second st.

FOR SALE — $2150; 6 ACRES, 2 MILES south of city on Figueroa st.; good house and city water for irrigation; ¼ cash, balance on easy terms. M. N. SHELDON, N.E. cor. Second and Broadway.

FOR SALE— AN IMPROVED CORN AND alfalfa ranch, all under fence, flowing well, house, etc., $30; this is a great bargain; terms to suit. JOHN F. HUMPHREYS, 109 Broadway. 16

FOR SALE—400 ACRES OF THE BEST ORange and fruit land at Riverside with abundance of water, at forced sale. Address JOHN A. WEIR & CO., 312 Stimson Bldg.

FOR SALE—11 ACRES NEAR GARVANZA, all tillable, well watered; will sell for $150 per acre; cheapest land now on the market. HUBBARD & LOVE, 228 W. Fourth.

FOR SALE—20 ACRES GOOD LAND, WITH water, $150 per acre; terms easy. Apply to E. H. GRASETT, owner, room 102, Wilson Block, First and Spring sts.

FOR SALE — OR EXCHANGE—11 ACRES good improvements near city. Particulars 502 SOLANO AVE., near Buena Vista st.

FOR SALE—IMPROVED 20-ACRE RANCH, cheap; stock and implements for sale. Apply to GEO. POMEROY, 105 Broadway.

FOR SALE — AN IMPROVED 20 ACRES with water. A. C. STEVENSON, Gardena, Cal. 15

FOR SALE—I SELL THE EARTH. R. S. BASSETT, Pomona, Cal.

## FOR SALE—
### Houses.

FOR SALE — $1850; BEAUTIFUL NEW house, 765 Kohler st.; 6 rooms, bath, patent water-closet, large pantry, china closet, solid oak mantel; jewel of a home; cement walk, street graveled, curbed, shade trees; easy terms; a bargain. W. J. FISHER, 227 W. Second st.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE, 4 6-room cottages, cor. Wall and Eighth; large double parlors, grate and mantel; plenty of closets; front and back porches; bath-room with hot water, closet and sewer conection. S. J. PAULY, executrix, 636 Wall st.

FOR SALE—$2500; 6-ROOM NEW COLOnial cottage; hall, bath, mantel, marble top wash bowl; patent W.C.; corner lot, Sixth st., in Wolfskill tract. Cash $500; balance $22 monthly; bargain. See TAYLOR, 102 Broadway. 17

FOR SALE—THAT PRETTY 5-ROOM COTtage, 711 E. Sixth st., is ready for occupancy; 49½ feet frontage; street graded, sidewalked and curbed; will sell on monthly payments. JOHNSON & KEENEY CO., 104 S. Broadway. 19

FOR SALE — NEW 5-ROOM COTTAGE with 8 lots, fenced, shed, barn and chicken-house, city water; price $1700; small cash payment, balance to suit purchaser's convenience. CARTER & BEECHER, 328 S. Broadway. 15

FOR SALE — ONE 5 AND ONE 6-ROOM house, just completed; bath, water, closet, hot and cold water; right on University electric line; monthly payments. THOMAS S. EWING, 116 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE — NEW 4-ROOM COTTAGE ON lot 50x125; fruit, lawn and flowers; located between 2 car lines; price $1200; one-third cash, balance monthly. CARTER & BEECHER, 328 S. Broadway. 15

FOR SALE—FINE NEW 6-ROOM COTTAGE N. Hill st., with all modern conveniences, for $2500, or will exchange for First National Bank stock. See S. P. MULFORD, owner, 223 N. Spring st.

FOR SALE—$2 HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF the city, $400 to $16,000; small cash payments and easy terms can be had on many of them. HUBBARD & LOVE, 228 W. Fourth st.

FOR SALE—$5000; VERY DESIRABLE SUburban home; to see it is sure to like it; will take part in good Eastern property. W. H. GRIFFIN, 136 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN a beautiful, colonial cottage of 6 rooms on Winfield st., near Burlington ave. THREL-KELD & SMITH, 264 S. Broadway. 15

FOR SALE— $700; HOUSE AND LOT IN East Los Angeles; $200 cash, balance monthly. Inquire of A. W. EWING, 518 Downey ave.

FOR SALE—6-ROOM COLONIAL 2-STORY house, bathroom

# LINERS.

## FOR EXCHANGE—
### Real Estate.

FOR EXCHANGE—
Nice city residence for fruit ranch near Pomona.

14½ acres at Vineland, planted to fruit of various kinds, for sale or exchange for small city property; $3000.

10 choice lots for improved or unimproved land, from 20 to 200-acres; must be good location and clear.

15 acres 2 miles from city limits, 9-room house, barn, and other outbuildings; in fruit and alfalfa, for city residence.

We have several large houses in best locations for smaller city property, and other exchanges we would like to tell you of if you will call.

J. A. MORLAN & CO.,
228 W. Fourth st.,
Chamber of Commerce building.

FOR EXCHANGE—20 ACRES AT NORTH Ontario; 18 acres bearing oranges, 2 acres bearing lemons; irrigating water piped to the corner of each 10-acre tract; house of 5 rooms, barn, buggy shed, chicken corral and alfalfa sufficient to keep a cow; domestic water piped into the house and around the grounds; a fine crop of oranges now ripening on the trees. This is a beautiful location, free from frost or fogs, and all in first-class condition; will exchange for improved Chicago or Kansas City property. Call on or address FRANK P. FIREY, Pomona, Cal.

FOR EXCHANGE—A BEAUTIFUL HOME, consisting of 1 acre of ground in the center of the most beautiful city in Nebraska; its Capitol, Lincoln; the political, the educational and the railroad center of the State, with a population of over 60,000 people; 2 normal colleges and State university; three sectarian universities; State penitentiary, State asylum for the insane, etc.; will exchange for house and lot in Los Angeles or good ranch. W. P. LARKIN & CO., 110 S. Broadway. 15

FOR EXCHANGE — 20 ACRES OF THE finest improved land in San Bernardino county, 1½ miles from city limits on Santa Fe Railroad; there are 400 bearing peach trees, 500 prunes, 600 plums, 1½ acres in blackberries, 3 acres in raisin grapes, plenty of water; this property is clear; owner will exchange for improved Los Angeles property; will assume or pay cash difference. CARTER & BEECHER, 328 S. Broadway..15

FOR EXCHANGE — THE FINEST IMproved and best-located 160-acre homestead in California; good house, large barn, two wells, 11 acres in fruit, 2 or 3 years old; 8 in French prunes, balance in variety of fruits, sufficient pasturage for 100 head of stock, for improved Los Angeles property; owner will assume or pay cash difference. CARTER & BEECHER, 328 S. Broadway. 15

FOR EXCHANGE—40-ACRE HIGHLY IMproved orange and fruit ranch in Redlands, bearing, with a No. 1 modern 12-room house, stable, outhouses, water rights and reservoir; cash value, $40,000; want stock of merchandise here, or in the East. See TAYLOR, 102 Broadway.

FOR EXCHANGE—40 ACRES FINE, LEVEL fruit land near Ontario and Chino, value $1800, mortgage $800; will take Eastern property for equity; this is a good opportunity for some one to get a California home. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 305 W. Second.

FOR EXCHANGE—ONE OF OUR CENTRAL ave. tract lots to exchange for $25 cash and $10 per month, no interest; don't fail to see this tract at once; take the Central ave. electric cars at Second and Spring, to 29th st., or call on GRIDER & DOW, 109½ S. Broadway. 17

FOR EXCHANGE — 20-ACRE IMPROVED home at Downey for house in the city; 160-acre improved alfalfa ranch for city property or foothill fruit ranch; 42 lots in one body, close in, on car line, for a good fruit ranch. HUMPHREYS, 109 Broadway. 17

FOR EXCHANGE—A VERY FINE 9-ROOM modern new colinial house, W. 23d st., $5000; will take ½ in smaller place East Los Angeles or Boyle Heights; balance long time. This is a No. 1 property. See TAYLOR, 102 Broadway. 15

FOR EXCHANGE—324 AND 326 CASTELAR st., 24-room lodging-house; lot 40x80; former rent $135; present rent $75; will exchange for San Francisco or Oakland business property. Address J. NEWMAN, 414 Market st., San Francisco.

FOR EXCHANGE—CLEAR PROPERTY IN Puget Sound, State of Washington, for winter home in Southern California, city of Los Angeles preferred; must have plenty of ground, trees and shrubbery. OWNER, box 291, Pasadena.

FOR EXCHANGE— 15 AND 25-ACRE ALfalfa ranches, close to city, at a bargain, or sell cheap, and houses, ranches and vacant lots at cut-rate prices. EDWARD FRASER, 216 S. Broadway. 16

FOR EXCHANGE—320 ACRES OF CHOICE land in Los Angeles county for cash or stock in the First National Bank of Los Angeles. See owner, S. P. MULFORD, attorney, 223 N. Spring st.

FOR EXCHANGE — 320 ACRES IN ARTEsian belt, Kern county, at Miramonte Colony; fine level fruit land; will take Eastern property. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 305 W. Second.

FOR EXCHANGE—160 ACRES OF CHOICE land in San Bernardino county, for Los Angeles improved or unimproved property; owner will assume. CARTER & BEECHER, 328 S. Broadway. 15

FOR EXCHANGE — WILL GIVE HOUSE and lot in city for good piece of alfalfa land; prefer place with some improvements. TONKIN & HINCKLEY, 136 S. Broadway. 15

FOR EXCHANGE—7½ ACRES OF CHOICE land inside city limits of Los Angeles for cash or stock in First National Bank. See owner, S. P. MULFORD, attorney, 223 N. Spring st.

FOR EXCHANGE — OR SALE; 7-ROOM, hard finished house and two lots; barn and chicken corral; will trade for ranch. Apply 1441 PRIMROSE AVE., E. Los Angeles, owner. 15

FOR EXCHANGE—HAVE YOU A MORTgage on your home? Do you want unincumbered property for your equity. Address A. ROSECRANS, 1135 Washington st. 15

FOR EXCHANGE—NEW MODERN HOUSE, 8 rooms and stable, in best residence part of city, for good alfalfa ranch or land near Cahuenga. POINDEXTER, 305 W. Second.

FOR EXCHANGE— LOTS IN LOS ANGEles, $250 to $350 each, mortgaged for ¼ value, for Eastern property. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 305 W. Second.

FOR EXCHANGE—GOOD FARMS IN KANsas, Nebraska and Dakota for incumbered California. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 305 W. Second.

FOR EXCHANGE—DESIRABLE RANCHES for city property. See the CITIZENS' INVESTMENT CO., 224 S. Broadway. 19

FOR EXCHANGE—50 ACRES FINE LAND in Lower California; I want lots or business here. FORD, U. S. Hotel. 15

## TO LET—
### Houses.

TO LET—HOUSES, STORES, RANCHES.
"If I haven't what you want, I'll get it!"
EDWARD A. ABBOTT,
RENTING EXCLUSIVELY.
Home and business property, city and country. 226 S. Spring st., Stowell Block, rooms 19 and 20.

TO LET—TO A PERMANENT TENANT, 7-room cottage, inside finely decorated, and near to business, with or without stable; barn, 557 S. Hope st., next to cor. Sixth. Apply next door, or to W. M'LEAN, plaster decorations, 132 Center place.

TO LET—ONLY 2 LEFT; NEW AND MODern flats, 5 and 6 rooms respectively, cor. 11th and Flower sts., on University electric line. Apply for information to THE SILENT & BETTS CO., N.E. cor. Second and Broadway. 14

TO LET — A 12-ROOM MODERN HOUSE, choice location; large yard and good barn. Call on A. PHILLIPS & CO., 138 S. Spring.

TO LET—NICE 7-ROOM HOUSE IN REDlands, and furniture for sale cheap. Address BOX 778, Redlands, Cal. 15

TO LET—8-ROOM COTTAGE; LARGE STable; $35, including water; 1957 Santee st. L. F. SCOTT, Bradbury Bldg.

TO LET—$35; LARGE COTTAGE, BET. FIGueroa and Lovelace; gas, bath, stable. Apply 639 W. 21ST ST. 17

TO LET— NEW 5-ROOM HOUSE, HARD finished, fenced, with water and barn, $12. 953 M'GARRY ST.

TO LET—3-ROOM FLAT $6; ALSO 6 ROOMS $12, with water; close in. R. VERCH, room 80, Temple Block.

TO LET—NEW HOUSE, 4 ROOMS, SANTEE st. near 12th. ROBT. STEERE, agent, 226 S. Olive st.

TO LET—9-ROOM HOUSE, ALL MODERN improvements. 526 W. 30TH ST., near Grand ave. 15

TO LET — HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF the city. S. P. CREASINGER, 237 W. First st.

TO LET—3 LOVELY UPPER FLATS, 441 and 443 TEMPLE ST. Latest improvements.

## TO LET—
### Houses.

TO LET — A SUITABLE BUILDING HAS been erected nearly opposite the Arcade Depot, at the junction of E. Fourth and Ruth and Wolfskill sts.; the upper story contains ten sleeping-rooms, all furnished, the lower part as a large store, or can be divided into sleeping apartments or into a large restaurant, which is badly needed, being in the immediate vicinity of railroad employees, officers and clerks, Santa Fe and railroad conductors, engineers and others; about 8 minutes' walk (and 3 in cars) from City Hall; graded, guttered, wide cement sidewalks, sewered; cars leave about 1 minute apart for any part of city; also a warehouse, suitable for any business, cheap. Inquire JOHN C. BELL, auctioneer, on the premises.

TO LET—
$10—3-room cottage, 4 acres of ground, S.W. cor. Soto and Wabash ave.
$15—5-room cottage, 2624 Michigan ave.
$15—5-room cottage, 2628 Michigan ave.
$10—5-room house, Staunton st., south of Ninth. BARLOW & SHERWOOD,
123 S. Broadway.

TO LET — $65; LARGE 10-ROOM HOUSE, No. 17 Barnard Park, southwest corner Grand ave. and Washington st. BARLOW & SHERWOOD, 123 S. Broadway.

TO LET—7-ROOM COTTAGE, 213 N. GRAND ave. near Temple st. Apply NEXT DOOR, or COULTER'S, cor. Second and Spring. Rent $25.

TO LET—4-ROOM HOUSE WITH WATER, $9. 326 MOZART ST.

## TO LET—
### Rooms.

TO LET—FINEST ROOMS IN THE CITY; large and sunny; all modern improvements; newly furnished. THE NEWPORT, 140 E. Fourth, nearly opp. the Westminster.

TO LET— WE HAVE JUST WHAT YOU want in furnished, unfurnished and housekeeping rooms; free information. ROOMRESTING AGENCY, 114 N. Spring. 15

TO LET — FIRST-CLASS ONLY; FINEST sunny rooms in city, suites or single; fireplaces, baths; new and clean. FREEMAN BLOCK, 525 S. Spring st.

THE LOS ANGELES ROOM-RENTING AGENCY, M. E. Churchill, proprietor, 119 N. Broadway; furnished and unfurnished rooms; information free.

TO LET—AN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED room with a strictly private family to a respectable gentleman. 211 TEMPLE ST., near Broadway. 15

TO LET — THE FINEST FURNISHED rooms in city, with or without board. 603 S. MAIN ST., cor. of Sixth st. New management. 15

TO LET—2 NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, with housekeeping privileges; every convenience, good location. 1151 MAPLE AVE. 15

TO LET — FLATS IN THE VICKERY Block; rooms in the Vickery Block, 501-505 N. Main st. R. G. LUNT, 227 W. Second st.

TO LET—THE MARIPOSA, 321 E. SECOND; furnished rooms, single or en suite, from $1 per week up; lodgings 25c, 35c, 50c per night.

TO LET— THE FRANCIS; NEWLY FURnished rooms by day, week or month; $2.50 a week and upward. 322 S. SPRING ST.

TO LET — 3 CONNECTING, FURNISHED rooms; housekeeping privileges; adults; first-class house. 214 W. SIXTH ST. 2

TO LET—2 NICELY FURNISHED SUNNY rooms, privilege light housekeeping; fire, gas and bath. 830 S. PEARL ST. 16

TO LET — "THE MENLO," FURNISHED rooms $2 per week and upward; bath free. 429 S. MAIN ST. Tel. 760. 5

TO LET — THE IRVING, 329 S. HILL; large, sunny rooms, with or without housekeeping privileges.

TO LET — WELL-FURNISHED, SUNNY rooms, private family; central location. 215 N. GRAND AVE. 15

TO LET— LARGE, SUNNY AND WELLlighted furnished or unfurnished rooms at 646½ WALL ST. 17

TO LET — SUNNY ROOMS, WITH OR without board. ST. LAWRENCE, cor. Seventh and Main. 15

TO LET — ELEGANTLY FURNISHED, sunny rooms, 228 JACKSON ST., north of Wilmington st. 20

TO LET — 2 FRONT ROOMS, UNFURnished; also fine suite on first floor, at 1012 TEMPLE ST. 15

TO LET—AT BORDER HOUSE, NO. 2 241 S. MAIN, sunny front rooms, single or en suite; bath.

TO LET — A PLEASANT, SUNNY, FURnished room, in a private family. 113 S. OLIVE ST. 13

TO LET—2 NICELY FURNISHED, SUNNY parlors, very reasonable. Apply 835 S. HILL ST. 16

TO LET—ROOMS AT "GRAND PACIFIC," $3 per week and upward. 423 SPRING ST.

TO LET— AT THE WINTHROP, 330½ S. Spring, furnished and unfurnished rooms.

TO LET—ROOMS, SINGLE OR EN SUITE, new house, new furniture. 520 WALL. 17

TO LET—NEATLY FURNISHED ROOMS; private family. 1016 S. HOPE ST. 16

TO LET—THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS, first floor. 1047 S MAIN ST. 16

TO LET—2 FURNISHED ROOMS, $8 PER month. 613 E. SECOND ST. 14

TO LET— AT ONCE, 3 UNFURNISHED rooms. 1230 PALM ST. 17

TO LET — NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, 416 WALL ST. 16

TO LET—433 S. MAIN, NICE FURNISHED rooms. 23

## TO LET—
### Furnished Houses.

TO LET—LARGE MODERN 8-ROOM COTtage, completely furnished; dishes, bedding, piano, etc.; large lawn, flowers and barn; for rent to responsible party for 3 or 4 months. Apply LANTERMAN & PATRICK, 230½ S. Spring.

TO LET — FINE 7-ROOM, FURNISHED house, complete in every respect; good neighborhood; convenient to cars; in southwest part of city. ENTLER & OBBAR, 223 W. First st. 20

TO LET—A NICELY FURNISHED HOME, with piano, 7 rooms, cor. Sichel and Hawkins sts.; rental low. Call at RESIDENCE or H. C. SIGLER, room 1, 139 N. Spring.

TO LET—A NICE LIST OF FURNISHED houses.
S. P. CREASINGER,
237 W. First st.

TO LET—A HOUSE OF 8 ROOMS; FURNIture to be sold at auction this day at 2 p.m. 239 N. GRAND AVE. 15

TO LET—4-ROOM FLAT, FURNISHED; 1 store. Inquire 449½ S. SPRING ST. 15

TO LET— FOR PERMANENT HOME IN town or ranch, call 414 E. 23D. 15

## TO LET—
### Rooms With Board.

TO LET — ROOMS AND BOARD; HOME cooking; nicely furnished, sunny rooms. 600 W. PICO, corner Flower.

TO LET — LARGE, PLEASANT, WELLfurnished rooms, with excellent board. 1918 GRAND AVE. 19

TO LET—THE ABBEY, 232 S. HILL, SUNNY rooms; table regular or single meals; moderate rates

TO LET—PLEASANT ROOM WITH EAST and south windows. 1012 S. HOPE ST. 15

## TO LET—
### Lodging-houses, Store Rooms, Offices.

TO LET—OFFICE! OFFICE! OFFICE!

We have a beautiful office-room for rent; can you beat the location?
W. M. GARLAND & CO.,
17 207 S. Broadway.

TO LET—LARGE HALL, SUITABLE FOR society or club meetings; light, airy, central. H. R. HANNA & CO.,
101 Broadway.

TO LET—A CHOICE LODGEROOM SUITAble for banquet or lodge purpose. Inquire GEO. P. M'LAIN, Elk's Hall, 254 S. Main st.

TO LET — A FINE STOREROOM, 521 S. Broadway; immediate possession. WM. H. AVERY, 113 S. Broadway.

TO LET—OR LEASE, ON FEB. 1, OPERAhouse Hall, S. Main st. OZRO W. CHILDS, room 1, Operahouse Bldg.

TO LET—DESK ROOM; LIGHT, WARM OFfice. SPEARS & MONTAGUE, 117 S. Broadway.

## HYDROPATHIC—
### And Hygienic Treatment

LOS ANGELES CURE, BATH AND MASSAGE INSTITUTE, 620 S. Broadway, bet. Sixth and Seventh sts. Hydropathic and hygienic treatment of acute or chronic complaints, after the renowned system of Father Kneipp and Louis Kuhne, Leipzig, Germany. This institute is the cleanest place in town for steam and sun-baths. We give first-class massage only; first-class attendants. Prospectus sent free.

## MONEY TO LOAN—

PACIFIC LOAN COMPANY,
(Incorporated.)
Loans money in any amounts on all kinds of collateral security, diamonds, jewelry, sealskins, merchandise, etc.; also on pianos, iron and steel safes and furniture in lodging-houses, boarding-houses and hotels without removal; partial payments received; money quick; business confidential; private office for ladies. W. E. DE GROOT, manager, rooms 2, 3 and 4, 114 S. Spring st.

NATIONAL LOAN AND INVESTMENT
—COMPANY—
Loans money on collateral security, jewelry, diamonds, furs, pianos, safes, professional libraries, lodging-house and hotel furniture, merchandise, etc.; also on bonds and mortgages; low-interest money quickly; business confidential. 121 Temple st., room 7, cor. Temple and New High sts., opp. Courthouse. JOHN MITCHELL JONES, man'gr.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, jewelry, sealskins, etc.; also on pianos, merchandise, iron and steel safes, furniture in lodging-houses, boarding-houses and hotels without removal; also on city and country property; low interest; can have money at once; business confidential; private office for ladies. GEO. S. ROBINSON, 233 W. First st., rooms 2 and 3.

UNION LOAN COMPANY LOANS MONEY on all kinds of collateral security, watches, diamonds, jewelry, sealskins, and furniture in lodging and boarding-houses, and on pianos without removal; private office for ladies, room 112; business confidential. CLARK A. SHAW, manager, rooms 111 and 112, Stimson Block.

THE GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOciety of San Francisco will make loans on good inside city property. Apply to
R. G. LUNT, Agent,
227 W. Second st.

MONEY TO LOAN — CAPITALISTS WISHing to loan money or to make large investments in city or country should call and see us; our list of large tracts, gold mines and city business property is the largest in the city. HUBBARD & LOVE, 228 W. Fourth st.

CITIZENS' INVESTMENT CO.,
224 S. Broadway.
Money to loan on real estate, stocks, bonds and mortgages bought and sold; choice dividend-paying investments.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS TO SUIT ON any good collateral; business strictly confidential; loans negotiated on city and country property. W. E. DEMING, 211 W. First st., room 15.

MONEY TO LOAN IN LARGE OR SMALL amounts, long or short time.
S. P. CREASINGER,
237 W. First st.

MONEY TO LOAN — SEVERAL SUMS, large and small, to loan on Los Angeles city property at lowest rates and without delay. M. F. O'DEA, 103 S. Broadway.

TO LOAN — $1,000,000 ON LOS ANGELES business property in sums of $5000 and upward at 8½ and 9 per cent. gross. M'GARVIN & BRONSON, 220½ S. Spring st.

MONEY TO LOAN IN LARGE OR SMALL amounts; mortgages on first-class property bought and sold; building loans a specialty. THOMAS S. EWING, 116 S. Broadway.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, WATCHes, jewelry, pianos, live stock, carriages, bicycles, all kirds of personal security. LEE BROS., 402 S. Spring st.

TO LOAN — UNLIMITED AMOUNT FOR loans of $5000 or less; no commissions; light expense. SECURITY LOAN AND TRUST CO., 223 S. Spring st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 PER CENT., REpayable in monthly installments. JOHN A. WEIR & CO., 312 Stimson building.

POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 305 W. Second, lend money in sums to suit; reasonable rates; prompt attention.

TO LEND—$200 TO $2000; SHORT LOANS; reasonable interest. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 305 W. Second. 15

TO LOAN—$80,000, IN SUMS OF $1000 AND upward; come and see us. FRASER & JENKINS, 132 S. Broadway.

MONEY TO LEND IN SUMS TO SUIT AT reasonable rates. WM. F. BOSBYSHELL, 116 S. Broadway.

$24,000 ON HAND TO LOAN ON CITY property, from $2000 up. W. P. LARKIN, 110 S. Broadway. 15

TO LOAN—$25,000 AT 6 PER CENT.; SMALL loans preferred. GEO. LAWRENCE, 20 Pomeroy Block.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE—MORTIMER & HARRIS, attorneys-at-law, 75 Temple Block.

SHORE-TIME MONEY TO LOAN. ROOM 141, WILSON BLOCK, cor. First and Spring.

TO LOAN — MONEY; PERSONAL NOTES. JOHN L. PAVKOVICH, 220 W. First.

MONEY TO LOAN—LOWEST RATES. BARLOW & SHERWOOD, 123 S. Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE. W. R. BURKE, 213½ N. Spring.

TO LOAN—$100 TO $100,000, 5½ TO 8 PER cent. net. 220 W. FIRST.

TO LOAN — MONEY; PERSONAL SECURity. 220 W. FIRST.

## LIVE STOCK FOR SALE—
### And Pastures to Let.

FOR SALE—80 HEAD HORSES, DONAvan's Sale Stable, 113 N. Los Angeles st.; choice draft teams and general purpose and driving horses; also a nice lot of gentlemen's and ladies' saddle horses; also some fine single-footers; prices according to times. Call and be convinced; quick sales; small profits. MICHEL DONAVAN & GREEN. 19

FOR SALE — JUST ARRIVED AT THE California stock yards, three carloads of fine broke work and driving horses and mules, fit for any purpose, and you can buy them right, and you know who you are dealing with when you hear the name of ALLEN & DEZELL.

FOR SALE — HORSES, JUST IN FROM Ventura, with 21 horses from 4 to 8 years old; weight, from 1100 to 1400 lbs; if you want a horse come down and I will sure rob you at the Blue Front Barn, corner Los Angeles and Third sts. JOHN M'PHERSON.

FOR SALE — A PAIR OF SHETLAND ponies, iron gray, broken to harness or saddle; gentle for children; fine stock for breeding purposes; stallion 5, mare 4 years; take Monrovia train, stop at West Alhambra. WM. BEHLOW.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED, 15 HEAD OF horses and 6 mules, all well broken; no reasonable offer refused; guaranteed as represented or money refunded. WESTMINSTER STABLES, 110 and 112 E. Fourth. 16

FOR SALE—GOOD PASTURAGE, AT E. J. Burlingam at Downey; horses called for Saturday at Bell's stockyard, corner of Chestnut and Darwin; and horses must be there Saturday at 11 a.m.

FOR SALE—NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY a new ranch harness; we make a dandy for $20; we are still making those $15 single harness; all work guaranteed. W. F. MANN, 107 N. Broadway.

FOR SALE—10 MILK COWS, 8 HEIFERS, 19 hogs, 3 colts 2 years old, 1 work team, wagons, buggies, harness, farming implements, at a bargain. HENRY LEE, Downey, Cal. 19

FOR SALE— FINE YOUNG COW, FRESH, giving 13 to 14 quarts per day. Apply to J. W. CLARK, bet. Pico and Washington sts., west side of Rosedale Cemetery. 16

FOR SALE—ONE WELL-BUILT SORREL carriage horse; weighs 1000 lbs.; price $125. Inquire of HAWLEY, KING & CO., 164 N. Los Angeles st.

FOR SALE — THOROUGHBRED NEWfoundland bitch (Queen) good breeder; took first prize dog show 1891. Apply 734 CENTRAL AVE. 19

FOR SALE—FINE YOUNG ORANGE ORchard; fine view; good soil; $4000; will take part in city property. E. A. MILLER, 227 W. First st. 19

FOR SALE—HORSES FOR $10, $20, $30 AND $40; sound and gentle; intend to close them out. Cor. SECOND and SAN PEDRO STS.

FOR SALE—GOOD FAMILY HORSE, SURrey and harness, cheap. Apply room 102, WILSON BLOCK, First and Spring sts.

FOR SALE—GOOD PASTURE. CALL AT J. O. BELL'S STOCK YARD, East Los Angeles, or E. J. BURLINGHAM, Downey.

FOR SALE— FRED HYNER HAS ORNAmental and deciduous fruit trees, large variety. 212 W. FOURTH ST.

FOR SALE—A THOROUGHBRED JERSEY cow and calf; cow just fresh. 23D and SAN PEDRO STS. 15

FOR SALE—GOOD PASTURE; BULLS FOR service. NILES, Washington and Trinity.

FOR SALE — GENTLE FAMILY JERSEY cow. Inquire of TERRY, 152 N. Main.

FOR SALE—A FINE 1200-LB. HORSE AT BAPTIST COLLEGE.

## LIVE STOCK WANTED.

WANTED—A HORSE TO RELIEVE ANother horse about four hours a day for its board. LOG CABIN BAKERY, 811 Buena Vista st.

# BUSINESS.

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

OFFICE OF THE TIMES,
LOS ANGELES, Jan. 14, 1895.

The following table shows the assessments of the seven counties of Southern California, also of the counties of San Luis Obispo and Kern, for the year ending June 3, 1894:

| | |
|---|---|
| Los Angeles | $77,116,157 |
| San Diego | 22,506,371 |
| San Bernardino | 15,473,469 |
| Santa Barbara | 13,576,865 |
| San Luis Obispo | 12,940,017 |
| Riverside | 12,024,575 |
| Kern | 11,566,111 |
| Orange | 9,422,130 |
| Ventura | 7,449,712 |

From this it will be seen that, leaving out Kern and San Luis Obispo, the assessment of Los Angeles is within $2,000,000 of that of the other five counties combined. Certainly, under such circumstances, it is foolish for the other counties to imagine that there is any jealousy on the part of Los Angeles toward them. This city and county are so firmly established in the lead as the commercial center of Southern California that Los Angeles can afford to take a sincere and unprejudiced interest in all that affects the welfare of the seven southern counties, to which, perhaps, may be soon added two or three more that are now very desirous of casting in their lot with this section.

The esteemed but bloviating Herald makes the "exclusive" and somewhat striking announcement that under the law recently enacted, "all persons and corporations with incomes above $35,000" are required to make returns and pay an income tax. It is well known that since the Herald passed into capitalistic hands money has been "no object" in that quarter, but still a difference of $31,500 in a year's income ought to make some impression, even on the Counts of Monte Christo who have undertaken the task of showing the people of Southern California "how to run a newspaper." The result of this notice, as far as it has been read, has been to raise a wild and feverish expectation among wealthy Angelenos that they are to escape altogether from the payment of an income tax, unless their incomes reach or exceed $35,000; and when they discover that they have been misinformed, and that every person or corporation whose income exceeds $4000 must pay tax on the excess over that amount, there is likely to be a loud roar that will cause the nonpareil "innards" of our contemporary to vibrate perceptibly. "Let him who thinketh he standeth take heed lest he falleth."

Inquiries continue to be made in regard to the appointment of a receiver of the Riverside Water Company, which created so much surprise, except among a very few, who were on the inside. According to the Riverside Press, the indebtedness of the company is as follows: Bonds, payable in 1895, $150,000; payable in 1898, $130,000; payable in 1912, $147,500. This makes the bonded indebtedness $427,500; bills payable, $277,350.91; total debt, $704,850.91. To offset this are mortgage notes for $50,556.90; good notes, $30,000; in hands of trustees, $60,000. In round numbers, about $760,000 that is absolutely good. But none of this is immediately available, and some of it is not yet due. According to this, the debt of the corporation, above assets that are absolutely good, is something over $500,000, and the domestic water system alone is said to be fully this amount. The present trouble, it is said, has been precipitated entirely by the San Francisco capitalists holding the first $150,000 bonds, with a first-mortgage on the property, who refuse flatly to extend payment or accept new bonds, and declare their intention to take possession in case of default.

### COMMERCIAL.

The orange market continues excellent. Prices in the East are very firm, and the demand on all sides is good. The present rain will somewhat delay the picking of fruit, but this is a good thing, as there was danger that owing to the high prices offered a good deal would be shipped before it was in first-class condition, and thus give a bad reputation to Southern California oranges at the opening of the season. The exchanges are doing well in grading the fruit more carefully than ever, and refusing to ship any that is not entirely ripe. By keeping up this practice for a few seasons, the reputation of Southern California oranges will be thoroughly established in the East, and such a reputation means all the way from 25 cents to 50 cents a box in price.

There is a good deal of inferior butter in the market, which keeps the price of butter down lower than it would be otherwise. The dairymen of this section need to organize more closely for their mutual benefit. A meeting of dairymen was held the other day in the Chamber of Commerce, but the proceedings were not made public. It is understood that the subjects discussed related entirely to legislation which it is desired to obtain at Sacramento. This is a good thing, but it would also be well for the dairymen to come together frequently and endeavor to improve the quality of their product as much as possible At present there are so many small dairies making butter that the quality differs very much, and some of it appears to have been made by amateurs.

Hay has been steady, in spite of the rains, which will soon furnish an abundant feed. Those who purchased hay about a year ago, when it was selling at $5 per ton, did well, but there were comparatively few who laid in a stock of it at that price, as the average speculator in produce, as well as in stocks, waits until prices are going out of sight before he makes up his mind to purchase. There is some barley hay on the market from Arizona, which looks clean, well cured and well headed.

### GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

For several years past, or ever since the beet-sugar factory at Chino was shown to be a success, the question of a co-operative beet-sugar factory in this section has been discussed. Several years ago there was a project on foot to build such a factory in the Cahuenga Valley and a number of meetings were held there, full reports of which were given in The Times. The project failed and then an attempt was made by one of the chief movers in the enterprise to establish such a factory near Anaheim. A large amount of preliminary work has been done there, and on several occasions it was reported that work on the factory would commence immediately, but it is still in embryo. For two seasons several thousand acres have been cultivated around Anaheim, but the product has been sent to Chino to be worked up. The percentage of sugar in these beets has been remarkably high. The removal of the two-cent bounty by Congress has, of course, a depressing effect on the enterprise, but with such beets as can be raised around Anaheim there should be no difficulty in making money, even without the bounty. According to the Anaheim Gazette the directors of the enterprise are in daily consultation with an agent in the East, who has been charged with the task of selling the bonds. He reports that with a little change in the form of the bonds he has no doubt that they could be sold. Another report is to the effect that in case the bonds should not be disposed of in the East a syndicate of Los Angeles bankers would purchase them. However, this is all rumor, and meantime work on the factory has not yet been commenced. That it would prove a highly profitable enterprise there can be no doubt.

Articles of incorporation were filed with the County Clerk yesterday by the Fernando Fruit-growers' Association of San Fernando. It is formed for the purposes of buying, selling, handling, packing, shipping and otherwise disposing of and caring for all kinds of fruit and other produce, etc. It has a capital stock of $10,000, of which only $170 has been actually subscribed. Board of directors: R. P. Waite, H. P. Canby, John Burr, Jr., P. L. Budington and S. R. Maclay.

## LOCAL PRODUCE MARKET.

### Local Wholesale Quotations Revised Daily.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 14, 1895.

Authough prices are unchanged, the market in eggs is firmer, the rains having interfered with receipts. Butter is weaker in all grades, gilt-edge fancy creamery being offered today as low as 50 the 2-lb. roll. Today's rains have unsettled hay, and prices in ten-ton lots are lower than on Saturday. Dried fruits for Eastern shipment are lower, and today's telegraph quotations from Chicago are to the effect that apricots and peaches of poor quality are in the "dust." It should be noted, however, that this only applies to the poorer grades. This morning's advices quote dried paricots in the Chicago market at 5½@5¾, and dried peaches at 6 for standard grades. In fancy stock peaches the demand is good, prices at Chicago being quoted at 6¼@8 a pound in carload lots. Green fruits and vegetables are steady, with a higher tendency in sweet potatoes.

#### Hay and Grain.

Barley—Per ctl., feed, 90@1.00; seed, 95@1.00.
Corn—Per ctl., 1.10@1.15.
Wheat—Per ctl., 1.00@1.05.
Oats—White, per ctl., $1.50.
Corn—Small yellow, per ctl., $1.20; large yellow, $1.15; cracked, $1.20.
Feed meal—Per ctl., $1.25.
Hay—Per ton, alfalfa, 12.00@12.50; barley, 15.00@16.00; oat, 15.00@17.00; wheat, 13.50@15.00.

#### Butter.

Fancy creamery, 2-lb. rolls, 50; 28-oz. rolls, 40@50; fancy dairy, 28-oz. rolls, 35@40; choice, 30@32½; in tubs, 22@23.

#### Cheese.

Southern California, large, 13½; Young America, 14½; hand, 15½; Eastern cheddars and twins, 14@14½; brick creams, 13@13½.

#### Millstuffs.

Flour—Per bbl., Los Angeles, 3.40; Stockton, 3.85; Oregon, 3.25.
Bran—Per ton, local, 21.00; Northern, 18.50.
Shorts—Per ton, 22.00.
Rolled barley—Per ton, 21.00.

#### Poultry.

Hens, 4.00@4.50; young roosters, 4.25@4.70; old roosters, 4.00; broilers, 3.50@4.25; ducks, 4.50@5.00; turkeys, 11@12 per lb.

#### Eggs.

Per doz., California ranch, 19@21.

#### Provisions.

Hams—Per lb., Rex, 10½; Picnic, 7; boneless, 8.
Bacon—Per lb., Rex, boneless breakfast, 10¾; light medium, 9½; medium, 8½.
Dry Salt Pork—Per lb., clear bellies, 9; Dried Beef—Per lb., 12@13½.
short clears, 7¾; clear backs, 7¼.
Pickled Pork—Per half-bbl., 80 lbs., 9.00.
Lard—Per lb., Ivory compound, tierces, 6½; Rexolene, 7½; Pure Leaf, 8.

#### Dried Fruits.

Apricots—Per lb., 4@4½.
Peaches—Per lb., 4½@5½.
Prunes—Per lb., 4@4½.
Raisins—Per lb., 1½@3½.

#### Green Fruits.

Apples—Per box, 80@1.35.
Bananas—Per bunch, 1.50@2.25.
Pears—Per 40-lb. box, 75@1.00.
Persimmons—Per lb., 4@5.
Oranges—Navels, fancy, 2.50@3.00; choice, 2.00@2.50; Tangerines, 2.00.
Lemons—Per box, cured Eurekas and Lisbons, 2.50@3.00; uncured, fancy, 1.50.

#### Vegetables—Mixed.

Beans—Per 100 lbs., Lima, 4.50@4.75; Lady Washington, 2.90@3.00; small white, 2.90@3.00; pink, 1.90@2.00; black-eyed, 4.25@5.00; Gavancos, small, 3.50@4.00; large, 6.00@7.00.
Beets—Per 100 lbs., 65.
Cabbage—Per 100 lbs., 35@45.
Carrots—Per 100 lbs., 65.
Cauliflower—Per doz., 40@50
Celery—Per doz., 30@40.
Chiles—Dry, per string, 75; Mexican, per lb., 25; green, 5@6.
Garlic—Per lb., new, 5@6.
Onions—Per 100 lbs., Yellow Danvers, 90@1.00; common, 70@85.
Parsnips—Per 100 lbs., 75.
Potatoes—Per 100 lbs., Salinas Burbanks, 1.20; Petaluma and Tomales, 1.00; local, 75@80.
Sweet Potatoes—Yellow, 1@1¼.
Peas—Green, per lb., 5@6½.
Tomatoes—Per box, —
Turnips—Per sack, 65@75.

#### Fresh Meats.

Butchers' prices for wholesale carcasses:
Beef—First quality, 4½@5.
Veal—5@7.
Mutton—4½@5; spring lamb, 6@7.
Pork—6@6½.

#### Live Stock.

Hogs—Per cwt., 4.00@4.50.
Beef Cattle—Per cwt., 2.25@2.50.
Calves—Per cwt., 2.75@3.00.
Sheep—Per cwt., 2.50@2.75.
Lambs—Per head, 1.75@2.00.

#### Honey and Beeswax.

Honey—Per lb., comb, 8@12½; strained, 6@7½.
Beeswax—Per lb., 22@28.

#### Hides and Wool.

Hides—Per lb., sound dry, 9; culled, 7½; kips, sound, 6½; culled, 4½; sheep pelts, nominal.

## NEW YORK MARKETS.

### Shares and Money.

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—The week opened on the Stock Exchange with an irregular market and the tone of speculation was unsettled throughout the greater part of the day. There was very heavy trading in Chicago Gas, the transactions in which were one-third of the total sales. At the opening free offerings for the stock were made, and a sharp break was made in the early dealings of 2⅞ per cent. on a dividend of 1½ per cent. The selling was credited to inside interests in the main, but the bears put out some fresh lines, and reports of complications in the annual meeting called today in Chicago rendered an adjournment without electing directors. The loss on the day was 2½ per cent. Sugar came next in point of activity, but moved in very narrow limits. Opening at an advance of ½ per cent., it sold down 1⅜ per cent. on a report that the annual report had been made up and was unfavorable. The depression was temporary, and, on good buying, an improvement of 1¾ per cent. was recorded, with a reaction of ⅝ per cent. at the close, making a gain on the day of ½ per cent. Distilling was among the most firmly-held stocks traded in, selling up ⅞ per cent. in the morning and losing ⅝ per cent. of the gain. Of the grangers, St. Paul alone showed any activity, but there was moderate buying of the other shares of the group on Chicago orders. They fluctuated

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**AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.**

ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.
BURBANK—Forget-Me-Not.

*TO CORRESPONDENTS.—Do not depend upon the return of rejected manuscripts, but retain copies if you wish to preserve your contributions.*

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### THE BITER BITTEN.

A meeting of the Meat and Cattle Section of the London Chamber of Commerce was held a few evenings ago, at which the importation of American meat was discussed. The discussion waxed warm, and some ugly statements were made. The London Telegraph, in a by no means amiable mood, speaking of the meeting, says that "the American beef kings, after half ruining British husbandry, now coolly propose to take an additional million from British traders and consumers."

Chairman Cooper, of the Cattle Section of the London Chamber of Commerce, is quoted in an interview as saying:

"If it was merely a question of no abatement there is no doubt that the retailers could have accepted the situation. But it is viewed by many as marking the beginning of a series of other encroachments on trade. The Americans go so far as to say that not only shall the salesman be deprived of the pound and a quarter allowance in every quarter of meat hitherto allowed in order to compensate for the loss by shrinkage in transit and in cutting up, but he must not make such an allowance to his customers. This is only the first step toward obtaining control of the market when it suits their fancy to corner trade. The reason the Americans have obtained such a hold on the English market is that they have sent meat to it perfectly regardless of the price at which it was sold. This was merely to create a demand. But in so doing they have practically forced their meat upon the market and what is more they have forced English meat clean out of it.

"There are only two sources of meat supply available for the London market, excluding of course the frozen stuff. One is America and the other is Scotland. England itself is not in it at all. The American importers have their principal centers at Liverpool and at Deptford, near London, where their stock is landed and slaughtered. What they are aiming at undoubtedly is to drive everyone out of the trade if they can possibly do so in order to create a monopoly. They regulate not only the wholesale but the retail prices in America. At one time they fairly cornered trade in New York. To overcome this the Legislature was compelled to introduce a bill to the effect that all meat sold in New York must be killed in it."

In reference to the cost of meat, as affected by the cost of transportation, Mr. Cooper said:

"The American has not to pay nearly so much for the carriage of meat as the Englishman. It costs less to bring a ton of beef from New York to London than it does to bring the same quantity from Aberdeen to London. The native producer is not placed on anything like a fair footing and the American capitalists, realizing this, are making every effort to control the English market. We, however, feel that they ought not to be allowed to do so without a great struggle. I maintain that if the trade here sticks together they can bring the American importers to the old terms, because their meats must be sold."

If one may form an opinion of British feeling from the views here expressed, it is not improbable that England may ere long consider the advisability of joining with Germany, Austria, and other countries in prohibiting the importation of American meats. This would be a singular outcome, and strangely at variance with the much-vaunted free-trade policy of Great Britain. But it would scarcely be at variance with British commercial tactics. The average Britisher is an enthusiastic advocate of free trade so long as he is getting the best end of the bargain. But he is ready to become as enthusiastic an advocate of high protection, or of actual exclusion of foreign products, if such a policy will best subserve his selfish ends.

The tactics described by Mr. Cooper as being practiced by the American meat dealers with reference to the English trade are virtually identical in method with the tactics pursued by British merchants and manufacturers whenever and wherever they can get a firm foothold in a foreign market. Their aim, like that of the trust, is to crush out all competition by selling their wares at ruinously low prices, until their competitors are bankrupted, when they can control the market and fix prices to suit their own convenience and greed. But when the same process is applied to them in their own market, they lose their heads and make dire threats of retaliation.

According to the British free-trade theory, no country should produce an article which it can import at a lower price than the domestic product sells for. It follows, therefore, that if meat can be produced in America and sold in England cheaper than it can be produced in England and Scotland, the latter countries should cease to produce meats and turn their attention to other lines of production. But the London Chamber of Commerce—which recently feted Prof. Wilson and lauded him with fulsome praises because of his efforts to cripple American industry for the benefit of Great Britain—seems to have forgotten its free-trade postulates so far as they apply to the meat question.

The free-trade doctor sometimes makes terrible grimaces when required to swallow his own nostrum.

A Washington correspondent states that President Cleveland and Senator Hill have agreed upon a currency plan which leaves Carlisle's scheme out in the cold, and has the following as its essential features: A popular bond issue at long time and a low interest rate, the coinage of the alleged fifty-five millions of silver "seigniorage" now in the treasury vaults, and a repeal of the tax on State bank circulation, this to be accompanied by provision for a gradual retirement of the greenbacks and national bank notes. This plan, as outlined, promises to be somewhat more popular than any that has thus far been advanced by the administration. The repeal of the tax on State bank circulation, however, is a step which it is doubtful if even a Democratic Congress will dare take. This country has had ample experience with wild-cat "red-dog" currency, and the party that thrusts that sort of thing upon the country a second time may as well hang its harp on the willows. But then, the Democratic harp is as good as hung upon the willows already.

Over 30,000 people, it is reported, are in a destitute and well-nigh starving condition in Cleveland, O., and that vicinity. The winter is a very severe one in the East, and unless relief is soon forthcoming, many will die from cold and hunger. A similar state of affairs prevails among the farmers of Northwestern Nebraska, as a result of two years of severe drought. For the relief of the latter, however, an active movement is in progress. It is of no consequence, in the present emergency, whether the sufferings of these people were caused by the partial realization of Democratic theories and policies, or whether they were caused by the victims' own shortsightedness or folly. Relief from present distress is imperatively necessary, and the charity of the nation will not be appealed to in vain.

Equality of taxation is one of the foundation principles of our government. In the opinion of many persons versed in the law, the income tax is in direct violation of this principle. The test case which is to be carried to the Supreme Court from New York will be based upon this, among other claims.

Madeline Pollard's former attachment for Col. Breckinridge was somewhat of a success, in its way. But none of her attachments for the box office receipts of his lecturing tour have panned out very large returns, as yet. If the colonel ever becomes a popular lecturer, Madeline may fare better.

"In regard to the charge involving Judge Ricks in irregularities of $1,500,000," observes the Cincinnati Times-Star, "the main question seems to be, not whether the accused is guilty, but whether the accuser is insane." The latter presumption is by far the more probable.

Debs says he would rather be responsible for the railway strike than for Judge Woods's decision sentencing him to jail. If Debs is satisfied, Judge Woods certainly has no reason to be otherwise.

The proposition to utilize the kinetic energy of tramps in the construction of good roads is gaining in favor. This idea conforms to the eternal fitness of things. The tramp is as much interested as anybody in the construction of good roads, for he needs them in his "business."

At one time the Knights of Labor was one of the most powerful—perhaps the most powerful—of labor organizations. Now it appears to be rapidly falling to pieces. Nearly all the district assemblies have practically given up their charters, and refuse to pay the tax to maintain the present general officers of the order. The causes that have brought about this result are both internal and external. At the present rate of decadence the order will be defunct within the next few months.

According to Gov. Altgeld's theory of government, as set forth in his latest message, it would be a great deal better if the people of this country were ruled by mob law than by constitutional and statutory law. Altgeld, by his official acts, has done his best to bring about the sort of government for which he expresses so decided a preference.

Col. William R. Morrison expresses the opinion that the pooling bill may result in a concerted raising of rates by the railways. Mr. Morrison need not flatter himself that he has made a new discovery in this connection. Evidence is not wanting to show that the pooling bill was devised with that very end in view.

(San Francisco Bulletin:) The meeting at Los Angeles to consider the question of building a railroad from that point into the San Joaquin Valley has been set for January 17. It is a meeting to determine how to make water run up hill.

It is easy enough to make water run up hill—on paper.

The Chicago Tribune thinks that it would be an agreeable mistake if our British visitors would gather their facts first and give their impressions afterward. It would, it would. But our British visitors content themselves with impressions, and never trouble their heads about facts.

John J. Ingalls protests that he is "not a candidate for United States Senator in the ordinary sense," etc., etc. But all the same, if John J. Ingalls is not made the next Senator from Kansas he will be the most disappointed man in that windy and bewhiskered commonwealth.

Franklin MacVeagh of Chicago has made the startling discovery that the recent Republican landslide was "a matter of scientific inconsequence." But it was, at all events, a matter of considerable political consequence to some persons—Mr. MacVeagh among the rest.

The Minneapolis Tribune accuses President Cleveland of having "no weight with his party." Has the Tribune forgotten that Mr. Cleveland weighs between 300 and 400 pounds?

The Carlisle bill is dead, as a political or economic issue. But Mr. Carlisle's reputation as a financier is even deader, if possible, than his bill.

### AT THE PLAYHOUSES.

ORPHEUM.—The demition moist and sloppy conditions that prevailed last night reduced the usual big first-night audience at this popular theater, but did not serve to dampen the gingery performance, which went off in great fashion. The new bill contains several bright features, and two of those that embellished the one of the week previous, for the clever Morrellos and their wonderful dog Bob are still in evidence, the gentler member of the team displaying her shapeliness in a brand, splinter new suit of "yaller" tights that are too cute. Their specialty is somewhat modified from last week, and is one of the best on the programme. George Evans sang two new songs, his own composition, "My Honey Boy," the great success of "Aladdin, Jr.," the "Little Alabama Coon," and, of course, his immensely quaint and pleasing darkey melody, "Standing on the Corner," which was rapturously and generously encored again and again. Mr. Evans has established himself as a prime favorite, and, although in his third week, there is no let-up in the applause that greets him at each appearance. John and Nellie McCarthy do a neat sketch, but it is a bit racy of the concert hall and might well be toned down a trifle. Their Coxey army song is fitting and timely, and there was evidently one of the Ohio freak's bummers in the audience from the way he kept hissing, until an usher suppressed him. Marguerite Braatz does some neat things as a juggler. Constantine and Lyons repeated their female impersonation specialty that was given here a short time since with Haverly's minstrels, and hence was no novelty. Ramsa and Arno are a team of wonderful acrobats, who accomplish startling and unique feats that are comic. Lizzie Braatz does a daring contortion act on a high pedestal, as well as a number of other striking things; the Rossley brothers, Irish singers and comedians, exhibit their talents in some clever dancing, two or three tuneful Hibernian ditties, and a round of bright witticisms, the performance concluding with Georgius Dadigo's feats of equilibrium that are entertaining and seemingly impossible.

It is to be regretted that this house is also falling into the lackadaisical way of not getting the curtain up until 8:30 o'clock, altogether too late an hour for people who want to get home the same night. There is nothing particularly edifying in reading laundry and lager advertisements on a garish drop curtain for a half hour, and the audience would certainly find much more enjoyment in seeing the show begin on time, and having it done with.

The same bill goes all the week, and it is a good one.

COMING ATTRACTION.—The experience of American managers has been that there is no class of traveling amusement company which has so precarious an existence as grand opera companies. The splendid organizations of this kind which have gone on the rocks while on the road are almost without number. On account of the admitted difficulty of conducting such a tour, it is all the more a public duty to assist in sustaining a worthy opera company. An opportunity to do this will be placed before the Los Angeles public next week.

Charles H. Pratt, who managed the tour of Emma Abbott, Anna Louise Carey, Clara Louise Kellogg, and other operatic favorites of a few years ago, has now assumed the management of Marie Basta Tavary, surrounded her with a brilliant company of artists and provided her with everything needed for first-class productions of grand opera. The company has visited all the larger cities of the country. In every instance the organization has met with pronounced success.

The Los Angeles repertoire includes performances of "Carmen" and "Faust," the operas which were the most in demand in New York last winter during the Metropolitan season. Wagner will be represented by "Tannhäuser" and "William Tell." The new Italian school of writers of music dramas will be represented by a production of Mascagni's "Cavaliera Rusticana," and Leoncavolla's "Il Pagliacci." The old, but always-welcome strains of "Rigoletto," "Trovatore," "Bohemian Girl" and "Martha" are also to be heard.

The sale of seats for the engagement next week begins at the box office of the Los Angeles Theater tomorrow morning.

### IN SOCIAL SPHERES

An informal, but pretty wedding, took place last evening at the residence of Mrs. S. R. McConnell, No. 135 North Griffin avenue. The contracting parties were Rev. C. A. Westenberg and Miss Jessie Fremont de Wolfe. The home was beautifully decorated with greens, callas and roses. The bridal party stood under a beautiful floral archway. The ceremony was performed promptly at 8 o'clock by Rev. Dr. Campbell in the presence of a few intimate friends of the bride and groom, among whom were Miss Anna Westenberg of Cleveland, O., a sister of the groom, and several associate teachers of Miss de Wolfe, formerly of the Los Angeles city schools, and more recently of the State School of Whittier. Rev. Mr. Westenberg, the popular pastor of the San Bernardino Methodist Church, is one of the most promising young men of the Southern California Conference.

PLEASANT PARTY.

Mrs. Martinez of No. 655 Castelar street entertained a few friends Sunday evening. Music and games were in order, and a delicious supper was served. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Martinez, Mmes. A. Delagado, L. C. Ramos, Johnson A. Harris, Perez; Misses E. Martinez, Delagado, Sera Escorca, Ramos L. Sepulveda, S. Lukini; Messrs. Y. Perez, H. T. Espinoza, J. Morales, C. Anderson and others.

New styles, shapes and shades in society stationery at the Whedon & Webb Company, No. 114 West First street.

**SMILES.**

"I hear your musical recital last night was a great success. Lucky dog!"

"H'mph! Five persons in the house. Lucky dog? Yes. Regular bench show."

(New York Weekly:) Lady. This house would suit me, but there are not enough closets.

Landlord. The number can easily be doubled.

Lady. Very well, then, I'll sign the lease.

Landlord (half an hour later.) George, send a carpenter to that house to divide each of those closets into two.

Raggsy. How do you s'pose they make limburger cheese?

Swipesy. They make it 'bout like they do any other kind, an' then they put it away an' let it die.

Mrs. Strongmind. Here I'm working night and day for the advancement of woman, but I'd like to know what use you are in the world.

Mr. S. I'm working for the emancipation of man.

Mrs. S. Eh? How?

Mr. S. I'm trying to make cotton cheaper.

Mrs. S. The idea. What for?

Mr. S. So that even the poorest man can afford enough to stop his ears with.

(Washington Star:) "Keep that physician in attendance on your family?" exclaimed Mrs. Parvie New; "never!"

"Has he killed anybody?"

"No; but he had the impertinence to say that Mr. New's blood was impoverished."

(Buffalo Currier:) De Sappy. This—aw—account of how pwofessional humorists work says they—aw—fwequently sit down to their desks without an—aw—idea in their heads.

Miss Blunt. Er—have you ever thought of becoming a professional humorist?

(New York Press:) You have a bad cold," he said.

"I have," she replied huskily. "I am so hoarse that if you attempted to kiss me I couldn't even scream."

(Philadelphia Inquirer:) Wobly. Is your son working now?

Jobly. No; but he's got a party working for him. It's this way. He goes to his mother for spending money and she works me for the dough.

### PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Rubinstein had, it seems, written two volumes of memoirs, but destroyed them a few days before his death.

Prof. O. C. Hill, who is to be the private secretary of Gov.-elect Morrill of Kansas, was an intimate friend of President Garfield.

Dr. F. Buchanan Whyte, who died in Perth, Scotland, a few days ago, was one of the greatest Scottish botanists and geologists. He gave names to many mountain flowers.

Maupassant, it appears, is already forgotten in France. His books, they say, are scarcely asked for in the Paris booksellers' shops, and money for a memorial for him cannot be raised.

Julian Tennyson, grand-nephew of the late Lord Tennyson, resides in Long Island City, where he is cultivating his voice, a fine baritone, under tuition of a composer.

Lord Rosebery, the English Premier, is a great student of the Bible. In the speech which he made a short time ago he quoted the Bible seven times, Shakespeare twice, and Aristotle once.

Seely, the New York bank embezzler, who wound up his criminal career in Chicago as the fool that glorieth in his folly, has begun his penitentiary term. To balance his deficit of $354,000 he will work for the State eight years, beginning at chair making.

The Russian name for the Czar is Korol, pronounced Karol, derived from Karl (Charlemagne.) Officially, the title has been imperator since the time of Peter the Great. The title Czar is used only in informal conversations.

M. Rouvier, the ex-Premier of France, began his career as a clerk in the counting-room of a Marseilles merchant, a Greek named Zafiropoulo. This merchant died recently, an old man and a millionaire, and out of his fortune he left M. Rouvier $10,000 "as a token of esteem."

Benjamin Van Tyle of Hoosick Falls, N. Y., a colored man, celebrated the one hundred and fourteenth anniversary of his birth the other day. eH was born a slave in New York State and was sold three times. At the age of 13 he shook hands with George Washington at Albany. He retains all his senses and walks without the aid of a cane.

Dr. Talmage is said to receive $500 for a lecture and sometimes $1000. He makes more money out of his lectures than any other man on the platform. Col. Ingersoll's price is $500, while Dr. McGlynn, Joseph Cook, and others of the same rank of lectures command from $100 to $150.

Nathan Barnes Greeley, who recently died at Clymer, N. Y., was the only brother of the founder of the New York Tribune. He raised many recruits for the war, and was himself a lieutenant in the army. By nature a reformer, he was an early abolitionist, a temperance advocate, and avoided the use of liquor and tobacco. Though always a poor farmer, he would often board, free of charge, half a dozen tramps through a severe winter.

# BROOKLYN'S STRIKE.

## A General Tie-up of the Trolley-lines.

**Over Five Thousand Employees Quit Work Early Yesterday Morning.**

**The Electricians are Asked to Take Out Cars, but Refuse—Why the Men are Dissatisfied with the Company.**

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

BROOKLYN, (N. Y.) Jan. 14.—At 5 o'clock this morning all the street-cars in Brooklyn were tied up, the employees refusing to take out the cars. Over 5000 men quit work. This includes motormen, conductors, electricians, switchmen and others employed at the various power-houses. All but one of the surface roads, and that a comparatively minor concern, are affected. It is claimed that the strike will extend to the lines of the Brooklyn Elevated Railway Company. The contract between the Kings County Elevated Railway Company and its employees is such that it is believed that there can be no strike on that line.

District Assembly No. 75, Knights of Labor, which has control of all the trolley-line employees in Brooklyn, has held various meetings during the past few weeks and, after the meeting on Saturday, their Executive Committee waited on President Lewis of the Brooklyn Heights road and again asked that he grant their demands. They discussed the question for three and a half hours in President Lewis's office and finally Lewis refused to grant their demands. The outcome of this was the committee held a meeting, which ended at 5 o'clock this morning, at which it was decided to tie up all the roads in the city of Brooklyn with the exception of the Smith and Jay street lines. This was done this morning and not a car outside the Smith and Jay street lines is running.

The companies expected the men would go out this morning and determined to anticipate them. They asked the electricians, about 1000 in number, if they would take out the cars this morning. Every one of them refused to do so. They were then told that there was no work for them. One foreman was asked if he was willing to take out a car. He refused to do so. He was the only foreman asked to go out. This morning the people had to use the elevated roads. The trains were made up with extra cars to accommodate the rush and the public was greatly inconvenienced. The Court-street line of the Brooklyn City Company ran out seven cars beginning at 5 o'clock. The cars were manned front and rear by two policemen. There was no trouble. There was one car running on the Fifteenth street branch.

The entire police force of 1700 men is in readiness in case there shall be trouble. The men's grievances and demands are thus stated: The State law provides a day's work of street railway employees shall be ten hours within twelve consecutive hours. It is alleged that the corporations required the men to work eleven hours, and even twelve hours, within interval longer than ten minutes for lunch, even depriving them of that brief time in most instances. The wage rate agreed upon a year ago was $2 for a statutory day's work. The companies, it is alleged, have made no allowance for overtime. The men demand adherence to the law, or $2.25 for a day of twelve hours.

An address issued by the Executive Committee of the District Assembly No. 75 alleges that trouble was precipitated by the Brooklyn Heights Company in excluding electric workers from work. The statement says that flagrant violation of the ten-hour law has mentally and physically incapacitated the men for their work. All companies run "trippers," so a man can make only from 20 to 30 cents a day, while the corporations are not allowed by law to run at a rate of speed over ten miles an hour, through schedules are arranged so that cars would have to be run at a speed of from fifteen to twenty miles an hour. In consequence, nearly 100 fatal accidents have occurred since the trolley was introduced, and countless injuries to passengers, all caused by the greed of the corporation.

Employees in the powerhouse are organized as Knights of Labor, some as motormen and conductors, and when the signal is given to stop work they will fall into line and not a car can be moved.

It is probable that the Smith and Jay street road will stop running at noon unless President Slocum concedes the demands of the men. The executive board of the Knights of Labor are now with him. An attempt to overthrow a car on the Court-street line by some sympathizers of the strikers was made this morning. The police made several arrests. There have been but few cars run up to 11 o'clock. There is an occasional car on the Court-street line of the Brooklyn city company. The Montague-street line and the elevated systems are running as usual.

It was midnight when the executive board decided upon action, and an hour later all the master workmen, seventy-five in all, left the hall with instructions to notify the motormen and conductors to tie up. The master workmen visited each carhouse and as the cars came in the men were told that a tie-up had been ordered. The men left their cars and walked out without a word to the foreman or superintendent. It was a complete desertion of the cars on the part of the men and the companies were left without men to handle a single car or put one in condition to be taken out. It is the work of the electricians to put the cars in order, connect the trolley-wires, fix motors and see that everything on the car is in good running order. Every car was left in the condition it came in, and not one was "fixed up." There are, all told, thirty-five lines of cars and 4200 men, exclusive of about 1000 electricians, employed in the city. It is estimated that the Brooklyn City line employs 2500 men; the Atlantic Avenue, 500 men; the Brooklyn City and Newton, 450, and the Queens County and Suburban, 315, making a total of 4200 men. The only cars that went out this morning were seven cars on the Court-street line, which is part of the Brooklyn city system.

A large crowd of men stood a few blocks from the stables and, as the cars came along, they threw several barrels of ashes in front of them. The motormen got off the cars and, amid the shouts of "scabs," removed the ashes from the track. On each car were four policemen, two in front and two in the rear, with drawn clubs. Superintendent Cameron of the Brooklyn Heights Railway, told Superintendent Morrisson of the same road that a committee of 2000 loyal employees had told him they were willing to go to work if they were provided with proper protection.

President Slocum of the Jay and Smith street line, when seen, denied the report that he had conceded anything to the men. If the men should order a tie-up, he was prepared as he had a large force of men on hand to work if the police protection was adequate. The tie-up is materially affecting the United States mail-service, one of the trolley-lines delivered the mail this morning. Postmaster Sullivan said he would have to go back to the old system of collecting by the aid of mail-wagons. He had called upon every substitute connected with the office to do duty.

At 11 o'clock United States mail-car No. 102 on the Flatbush avenue line, came down Fulton street. A mail-carrier was in front and the passengers were on the inside. It contained the Flatbush mail. Extra detachments of police were detailed to patrol the thoroughfares through which the various railroad lines run. All the old stages that could be resurrected in the city were pressed into service and a line of teams was established between Flatlands, through Flatbush avenue to the City Hall, 15 cents being charged for the trip. It was rumored that 300 men had been engaged in Chicago, Newark, Paterson and other cities and were on their way to Brooklyn to take the places of the strikers.

John Russell was caught placing an ash barrel on the Court-street line and was taken to the police station. The strikers caused some trouble in the Twenty-ninth Ward by placing timber and stones on the tracks near the Flatbush depot. The policemen guarding the mail-car removed the obstructions. The strikers did not interfere with the officers aside from jeering and hooting at them. One of them was arrested.

During the forenoon a mail-car of the Flatbush avenue line left the Flatbush depot to get the mail. On it were Sergt. Zimmer and two policemen. About 150 strikers surrounded the car and began to throw planks across the track. The police removed the obstructions and the car had proceeded about two blocks further when a farmer's wagon was placed across the tracks, men jumping into the wagon and defying the police to move them. A squad of police finally routed the strikers.

About noon nearly 100 women in sympathy with the strikers undertook to obstruct travel on the Third avenue line by piling ash-barrels and other obstructions on the tracks, but were driven away by the police. President Slocum has agreed to partially meet the demands of the men on the Jay and Smith-street line and at present that is the only line in the city in operation. The agreement is to the effect that the company will grant the men a renewal of last year's agreement of $2 a day. Last year six "trippers" were employed on the line, and the men this time demand that none be put on. The president would not agree to this, but insisted on having at least two, one of them to be paid $2 and the other $1.50. The strikers finally agreed to this proposition.

Peter Buncher, a motorman, has been arrested on a charge of obstructing a car. He threw a heavy girder in front of a United States mail car of the Flatbush lin. The car was stopped, but went on to Flatbush later. He was held in $5000 bail for examination, and may have to answer to the United States authorities for interfering with the mails.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The government has received no account of interference with mails by the Brooklyn strikers, and at the War Department it is not expected that any necessity for troops will arise.

## DEBS WANTS BAIL.

**COUNSEL FOR THE A. R. U. PEOPLE FILES A MOTION.**

**A Petition for a Writ of Error and the Points Raised Therein—Argument to be Made on it Tomorrow.**

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—C. S. Darrow, attorney for E. V. Debs, George Howard, Sylvester Keliher, Louis W. Rogers, James Hogan, W. E. Burns, R. W. Goodwin and M. J. Elliott, all of whom are confined in the McHenry County (Illinois) Jail, under a commitment by United States Judge Woods of the Seventh Circuit Court, appeared before the United States Supreme Court today, in their behalf. He presented an application for a writ of error and supersedeas, and also filed a motion for a writ of habeas corpus.

The object was, he says, to have the prisoners admitted to bail. He said he had supposed that all the questions involved could be presented at the same time. The Chief Justice stated that the important question was whether the writ of error should be allowed, and that on this account it should be first presented to the court. Assistant Attorney General Whitney appeared for the United States, and it was arranged that the petition for a writ of error should be argued on Wednesday of this week. Darrow said he was prepared to go ahead with the argument at any time. The petition for a writ of error is as follows:

"First—That the injunction for violation of which the petitioners were sentenced was ordered in a case of which the court had no jurisdiction.

Second—That the court erred in declining that the bill on which the injunction was granted might be maintained in the name of the United States under the anti-trust law, and particularly under sec. 4 for that act; that, so far as its reports to grant the jurisdiction to the Circuit Courts of the United States to restrain or enjoin violations of its provisions is repugnant to the Constitution of the United States in that it might thus be invoked to permit prosecution without trial by jury.

"Third—That being in effect a proceeding to punish a criminal contempt not committed in the presence of the court, the court erred in not discharging the defendants upon their answers.

"Fourth—That the court erred in not quashing the information.

"Fifth—That the court erred in trying them on information, instead of indictment.

"Sixth—That the court erred in trying them without a jury.

"Seventh—That the court erred in holding that the bill of the United States made or stated any case cognizable in a court of equity or of which the court could take jurisdiction and cognizance of and order such an injunction or make any other therein against the defendants."

### MYSTERIOUS SHOOTING.

**A Queer Affair in a First Street Lodging-house.**

People in the vicinity of the Gollmer Block on East First street were startled at about 9 o'clock last night to hear a pistol shot, a crash of glass and screams of fright.

The shot came from a bay-window room on the third floor of the Gollmer lodging-house at No. 233½ East First street, occupied by a woman named Miss Knox. The bullet went through the open side window and smashed through the sash and glass of a large window at the Arno restaurant at No. 246 East First street, on the other side of the street.

It was thought by the detectives and police who examined the room and looked into the affair, that a row had been in progress and an attempt at murder had been made, but a careful search discovered no pistol and neither of the occupants of the room would tell the story. A young man found in the room was taken in on suspicion, but was not held, though warned that he would be arrested as a vagrant if caught around the house again. He was known to be a "dope fiend" in the neighborhood, but his name is not known.

The shooting remains a mystery though the landlady afterwards insisted that the firing was from the house next door.

**Somewhat of an Anachronism.**

(London Daily News:) A peripatetic exhibitor of the phonograph in Holland seems determined to out-distance all competitors as regards the excellence of his records. He was exhibiting the machine in the streets of Utrecht, and a number of customers were listening to selections of tunes. Suddenly the tune ceased, and there was a pause. Then in a loud, clear tone was heard the one word, "Halt!" delivered in a tone bespeaking authority. "What is that?" asked one of the listeners. "That," was the reply, "is the voice of Napoleon Boneparte giving an order at the battle of Waterloo."

**Attempted Hold-up in Arizona.**

The shooting remains a mystery, though Hon. George Daly, ex-legislator, but now a commercial traveler, was badly hurt in an attempt to hold him up by two men while returning from Vulture Siding to Box Canyon. He is now at Prescott receiving medical attention.

# STEALERS OF NEWS.

## Astounding Expose by a Chicago Paper.

**Associated Press Dispatches Taken from the Wires by Stealth and Fraud.**

**A Clever Trick Played on Pan-American and United Press Journals. Items Eight to Twenty Years Old "Cribbed."**

*Associated Press Leased-wire Service.*

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—Newspaper and telegraph circles were astonished at an exposure made by the Evening Post this afternoon, of the schemes and crimes of a small press associations, through the manager of one of them, to get the news of the Associated Press before its publication. The yearly cost of the Associated Press dispatches is $1,250,000, and to secure portions of this news some of the smaller organizations have resorted to all sorts of devices of clipping cable dispatches from early editions and rewriting them to give them the appearance of originality, and tapping wires leased by the Associated Press for its particular service. In order to catch these newsthieves, two of the best-known detective agencies in the country were employed. It was also necessary to resurrect some other news, dispatches printed in Chicago papers from eight to twenty years ago, and put it on the wire, which was believed to be manipulated. This wire was "cut out" outside of Chicago, and another used for the regular report.

The trap was well laid, as not only were Pan-American, but also United Press papers caught. Among the latter were the Detroit Journal, and the St. Louis Chronicle. That the old news did not get further east was due solely to the lateness of the hour it was sent on the decoy wire.

**Arrested for Perjury.**

Wong Chee, the head of the Bing Kong Tong faction, and a big man in Chinatown, was arrested by Constable De la Monte yesterday afternoon in Chinatown for perjury, alleged to have been committed in the police court at the trial of Lee Ding, of the Hop Sing Tong, for shooting at Luey Foo January 2 last.

Wong Chee was a witness in this case, and the complaint filed yesterday in Judge Young's court alleges that he gave false testimony. He is out on bail.

**Turner Marksmen.**

The shooting section of the Turnverein Germania held their regular monthly-medal shoot at their range Sunday. The scores made were as follows:

First class—Oscar Freytag, first, 179 points; Christ Krempel, captain, second, 177 points; Joseph Maier, third, 160 points.

Second class—H. Gerdes, first, 154 points; G. V. Meahl, second, 117 points.

Theo. Meyer's score of 213 points not being beaten, he still holds the champion medal.

FOR HOUSEKEEPERS, AND PRACTICAL HEALTH CALENDAR.

**TUESDAY, JANUARY 15.**

Temperature yesterday: Maximum, 54 deg.; minimum, 48 deg.; rainy.

Why should I hug life's ills with cold reserve,
To curse myself and all who love me? Nay,
A thousand times more good than I deserve,
God gives me every day.
—(Celia Thaxter.

BREAKFAST. Apples. Beefsteak. Fried Mush. Maple Syrup. White Bread. Coffee.
DINNER. Tomato Soup. Crackers. Roast Veal. Mashed Potatoes. Turnips. Pickles. Jelly. Squash Pie.
SUPPER. Cold Meat. Warmed Potatoes. Sliced Oranges. Cake. White and Graham Bread. Tea.

STEAMED BERRY PUDDING.

One cup sugar, two cups flour, two teaspoons baking powder, two cups berries. Steam two hours. Sauce—Beat together four tablespoonfuls sugar and four ounces butter; boil in one pint of water, and thicken with two spoonfuls of corn starch mixed with cream. Flavor with nutmeg.

Dry pieces of bread in a cool oven; roll on the bread-board; put them in a glass jar; use for the top of escalloped potato, macaroni, baked hash and tomato.
(Copyright, 1895, by George A. Beale Company, Boston, Mass.)

For making fine cake
Cleveland's Baking Powder
has no equal.
*Cleveland's Baking Powder*
*The best that money can buy.*
Cleveland Baking Powder Co., 81 Fulton St., New York.

RAILROAD RECORD.

# REINHART TALKS

## ta Fe's ex-President Defines His Position.

### Never Had Entire Control of the Property While Nominally Its Head.

### ct of the Buffalo Agreement on e Scalpers—New Cars for the Southern Pacific—Other Railroad Notes.

propos of the differences existing be- n the two existing factions in the a Fe road, ex-President Reinhart re- ly delivered himself on that particu- phase of the difficulty relating to the er reorganization of the Santa Fe road his connection with the company. He d that in the reorganization of 1889 assessment was called for from a single er of Santa Fe securities. On the rary, such holders, representing forty- issues of bonds, aggregating $172,000,- profited by the exchange for new se- ties. Within two years before the last agement took charge of the property former management had constructed miles of new railroad lines at a cost of 00,000. The late management, with ch ex-President Reinhart was con- ed, carried that mileage up to the day the system passed into the hands of courts, notwithstanding the fact that a single mile of it yielded a penny et earnings. When Allen Manvel, the ident, died in the spring of 1893, Mr. nhart was appointed to the vacant post- and was familiar with the detail kings of the system, having filled other tions with the company since 1888. r the next three months," said Mr. nhart, our earnings kept up pretty well, d by the World's Fair business, but n July, 1893, on they showed a decline. ever had entire charge of the property president. The ruling power was vested the chairman of the board of directors, Magoun, and the board. When he taken seriously ill it was apparent the securities were going to suffer, for the best interests of all con- med the receivership was decided upon t the time of his death. As an officer the court, being appointed one of the ee receivers, I then had the first en- control of the Atchison, but, as is own, I resigned shortly afterward."

THE SALT LAKE RAILROAD.

he following memorial was adopted by City Council yesterday. It is stated the promoters of the Salt Lake road t if the action requested is taken it very materially assist the enter- e:

To the Hon. Calvin S. Brice, Chairman the United States Senate Committee, ing in charge the reorganization of Union Pacific Railroad: Your memo- ists, the Mayor and City Council of Angeles, Cal., respectfully suggest our honorable committee that Southern ifornia, Utah and Nevada will be vastly efited by an early extension to a sea- t near this city of that line of railway completed from Ogden in a south- terly direction through Salt Lake City Milford, in Utah, a distance of 225 es, the roadbed for which is graded seventy-five miles beyond.

"If this line of railway be detached as art of the reorganization plan from the tem with which it is now connected made an independent line, it will ess sufficient credit to enable a com- y formed here uniting with it to se- re an extension of the road to said bor through this city.

"That ample terminal facilities for its here, and at said harbor can be pre- ed at reasonable rates.

"That the line completed will furnish ffic to the main line of the Union Pa- c vastly in excess of that brought to d line by the branch or spur line from den to Milford, as it now exists.

"That the distance from Salt Lake City the sea near Los Angeles is only 715 les, over a route of moderate grades, e from snow and cloudbursts, while distance to San Francisco from Salt ke City exceeds by more than four ndred miles this distance.

"Your memorialists respectfully show t if said line be disconnected from its ssent control, and given the independ- ce of a separate, individual and distinct rporate organization, with the privilege d power to consolidate with or jointly gage with any other corporation formed re to extend or connect with it through said harbor, the line can be completed om Milford to the sea speedily.

"That such line so completed will con- tute a common highway from Salt Lake ty to the sea for the trains of all com- nies whose lines now or hereafter extend Salt Lake City from the East or which y connect with said present or extended es south of Salt Lake City.

"It is further suggested that the gov- rnment of the United States has aided e construction of transcontinental lines San Francisco and points on the north cific Coast by enormous grants of land, d has thereby practically discriminated ainst that vast area of country com- sing Southern Utah, Southeast Nevada d Southern California.

"That in the light of this fact it is but nt that in the reorganization of the nion Pacific system the demand of this pidly-developing region should be con- dered.

"That the adoption of the suggestions rein made will cost the government thing, but, on the contrary, will bring w benefits to the Union Pacific, in hich the government has an interest. It ill put the present incomplete line into mmercial sympathy with that part of e country from which the Union Pacific ust in a great measure realize the busi- ss necessary to pay the government bt. The government can, by permitting is, without cost to itself, improve its wn property by the encouragement of rivate investment, to complete the line rough to the sea, and to this extent ive to this part of the Pacific Coast cilities for transportation which it has nferred upon other parts of the Coast land grants.

"It this be done, the line connected herewith near the northern boundary of alifornia will be extended into the San oaquin Valley at moderate cost, giving hat section an outlet to the sea near os Angeles and to the East through alt Lake City connection."

THE S.P. CUT IN WAGES.

Since the grading down in wages on the outhern Pacific on January 1, no further eductions have been made. The cut then ade in the salary of certain train hands, hile affecting them directly, was made in he demand of increased mileage rather han in a direct shaving of salary. At resent the brakemen average $80 per onth, conductors $100 and engineers any- here from $120 to $250. It was the engi- eers who were graded down the most or the difference between the wages they ulled down and that of the other train ands was too marked. Even yet down in rizona, on the Tucson division, it is not ncommon for an engineer to draw $300 er month salary.

THE BUFFALO AGREEMENT.

One result of the Buffalo agreement en- ered into by the Eastern Southern roads, the inroad it has made on the business f the Eastern scalpers. The various oads for years tried to stop the scalping usiness, but without success, but now it eems as if a decisive point had been eached. Some of the brokers have ac- nowledged that the enforcement of the uffalo agreement has made a difference o them of 50 per cent. in sales, and much more than that in his profits as what busi- ness there is must be done on a narrower margin. As things stand fifty-three East- ern roads will not deal with a scalper in any way by which the latter can make a cent of profit.?

NEW ROLLING STOCK.

The rolling stock of the Southern Pa- cific on this division is to be increased by two combination cars, which are now in hand at the Sacramento shops, and will be delivered with a month. These cars are to be put on the run to Santa Ana, and are what are known as combination cars, consisting of a smoker, baggage and express and postoffice compartments.

WILL FIGHT THE RECEIVERSHIP.

OMAHA (Neb.) Jan. 14.—The receivers of the Union Pacific have decided to resist the application of the consolidated mort- gage trust for a separate receiver for the Oregon Short Line and Utah Northern. The lines upon which the resistance will be made are still the subject of debate with the receivers, but matters are shap- ing themselves so that in a few days something definite may be learned relative to the brief of the receivers. Judge Thurs- ton goes West to look after other Union Pacific interests, which will come up be- fore Judge Bellinger January 23, and will remain in Portland until the hearing of the application for the Short Line, which is set for trial January 30. Mr. Thurston is endeavoring to have the Oregon Rail- way and Navigation Company matter pushed along several days, so that he will not have to remain in Portland more than a week. He will probably leave for the West January 20, should he fail to have the first hearing changed.

SCRAP HEAP.

C. V. Greenemyer has relieved A. L. Archibald as Southern Pacific agent at Monte, the latter having been granted leave of absence.

The steam collier Wellington is at Port Los Angeles, laden with 2300 tons of Co- max coal. The large steamer San Mateo, after discharging, left for the North on Sunday night.

The Santa Fe has got out a very pretty folder, which is a good specimen of typo- graphical excellence. In addition to a colored map of the United States, on which is shown the entire system, there are vari- ous cuts, illustrating points of interest in California.

### Geemsus Rivers!

Talk about your dry seasons, how does this strike you? Evidently this year the Lord is with us. Do you want to stop pay- ing rent? Come in and chat with us on the "buy your home on the monthly payment plan," as we have several places to sell that way, nice places, too, from $700 to $1800. Langworthy Co., No. 226 South Spring. Take the raiser, we're upstairs.

### LOTS AT $8.00 CASH

And $8 per month, without interest, from $190 to $390, in the Ninth-street tract, three blocks east of Central avenue. Semi-tropic Home- stead Company, No. 121 West Third street.

### NOTICE.

The Southern Pacific Company will move its offices from the corner of Second and Spring streets to No. 229 South Spring street (Los Angeles Theater building,) on or about January 15, 1895.

### WHAT TOURISTS WANT

Is summer weather throughout the whole house. F. E. Browne's hot-air system makes it.

CURES indigestion and makes blood—the St. Louis A. B. C. Bohemian Bottled Beer, brewed by the American Brewing Company. C. F. A. Last, wholesale dealer.

"JESSE MOORE" whiskies are unexcelled for purity and quality.


AS A WINTER RESORT

Coronado Has the Warmest Climate in California.

These throngs of tourists from all parts of the United States and Canada make the trip every winter. It has long been the place of fashion- able favor, until it now has become one of the popular winter resorts of America's people of note and refinement. Pleasure seekers and vis- itors of all classes are gratified without stint at the varied attractions, the abundance and char- acter of the pleasures and pastimes provided for the enjoyment of guests at this favored part of California. This may well be called the para- dise of the sportsman, as here there is boating, fishing, swimming in the hot and cold salt water tanks or in the surf, hunting, coursing with blooded hounds either on horseback or in a carriage. It has the finest driveways and roads for horseback exercise or bicycling on this coast. The hotel, which is the finest winter-resort ho- tel in America, has every modern convenience, including steam heat throughout the building. Unlike most hotels, instead of making a charge for its use, the management prefers that guests keep the steam turned on rather than off. They do not have to send to the office for permits, keys, or engineers to turn it on, but simple handy valves which any child can open are al- ways in reach.

Coronado Agency, 229 North Spring st., Los Angeles.

Santa Catalina ISLAND.

Three and a half hours to a beau- tiful country and charming cli- mate. Good hotels, Steamer Saturdays from San Pedro, con- necting with morning trains from Los Angeles.

Wilmington Transportation Co., 222 S. Spring Street.

B. JORDAN THE TAILOR

CLOTHES KEPT in REPAIR AND PRESSED ONE YEAR FREE

104 S. SPRING ST. OPP. NADEAU, LOS ANGELES.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

THE Owl Drug Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS. INCORPORATED

320 SOUTH SPRING ST. LOS ANGELES.

ONE SILVER DOLLAR

Has as much purchasing power when spent at THE OWL as $2 spent in any other drug store in California.

COUNTRY ORDERS FILLED AT OUR REGULAR CUT RATES.

We cut prices on every article in our establishment; all goods marked in plain figures. Our price on Paine's Celery Compound is 60c per bottle. We don't ask $1 for this article and then come down a few dimes in the price when the customer states: "CAN GET IT AT THE OWL FOR 60c." We have only one price in plain figures to one and all.

WE ARE TOO BUSY

TO GIVE A LONG LIST OF CUT RATES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Walker's Canadian Club Whisky | $1.25 | Johann Hoff's Extract Malt | .25 |
| Hood's or Ayer's Sarsaparilla | .65 | Mellin's Food, large 75c size | .55 |
| Duffy's Malt Whisky | .75 | Horlick's Malted Milk, 40c, 80c and | 3.25 |
| Quidine Pills, 2 gram 30c, 3 gram 40c a 100 | | Carter's, Ayer's, Beecham's, Brandreth's Pills | .15 |
| Allen's Pure Malt Whisky | .85 | Japanese Hand-warmers (usual price 20c) | .05 |
| Scott's Emulsion, or Carlsbad Salts | .65 | Punks for above, 3 packages for | .05 |
| Pepper Whiskey | 1.00 | Allcock's Porous Plasters | .10 |
| Appel's Parisian Enamel | .40 | Williams's Pink Pills and St. Jacob's Oil | .35 |
| Japanese Pile Ointment, $1 size | .50 | Johnson's Belladonna Plasters (3 for 25c) | .10 |
| Syrup Figs, or Pond's Extract | .35 | Pinaud's Perfumes | 1.00 |
| Fellows's Syrup Hypophosphates, $1.50 size | 1.00 | Roger & Gallet Pean de Espagne | 1.00 |
| Imported Irish Whisky | 1.25 | Crown Crabapple Perfumes, 75c size | .50 |
| Eagle Condensed Milk | .15 | 4711 White Rose Soap, 15c, 2 for | .25 |

LOS ANGELES No. 241 MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE. SOUTH MAIN ST.

NOT A DOLLAR

NEED BE PAID

For medicine or treatment in all private diseases of MEN until we CURE you, if we are guaranteed payment when cure is effected. The above is the best proposition that one business man can make an other without deceit or misrepresentation. We have been in this city over ten years. We have the largest and best paying business in Southern California. Consult us when all others fail. We positively guarantee every case we accept We are not ONE doctor who cures everything, we have more physicians in our office than any other office in Los Angeles. We have had 18 years' experience in the largest hospitals in the United States and Europe in the treatment of all diseases peculiar to MEN. We have the best equipped and MOST PRI- VATE offices West of Chicago, supplied with all INSTRUMENTS and APPLIANCES known to science or the cure of this class of diseases.

Lungs and Heart. Our specialist on Diseases of the Lungs and Heart has made these diseases a life study; successful treatment by the latest methods; diagnosis of Consump- tion by the aid of the MICROSCOPE.

Diseases of Women. A Special Department devoted exclusively to the treatment of all FEMALE DISEASES.

Catarrh. $4.00 per month until February 1 only. Quickly relieved and permanently cured by our own new method. Home treatment $3. Medicine included.

OUR DIPLOMAS Are from the best colleges in the world, certified by the State Board and registered at the county courthouse and city health office. Call and examine diplomas and certificates and refer- ences of banks, city and county officials and best citizens of Los Angeles. Each and every department in our offices is supplied with a regular graduate from the best schools in his special line of work.

CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE. Office hours—9 to 5 and 7 to 8; Sundays 10 to 12.

ROOMS 1, 3, 5 AND 7, 241 SOUTH MAIN STREET.


### BANKS

FARMERS' AND MERCHANTS' BANK OF LOS ANGELES— Corner Main and Commercial Streets.

Oldest and largest bank in Southern Cali- fornia.

Officers—Isaias W. Hellman, Pres.; Her- man W. Hellman, Vice-Pres.; John Milner, Cashier. H. J. Fleishman, Asst. Cashier.

Directors—W. H. Perry, Ozro W. Childs, J. B. Lankershim, C. E. Thom, C. Ducommun, H. W. Hellman, Andrew Glassell, T. L. Duque, I. W. Hellman.

Sell and buy foreign and domestic exchange. Special collection department. Corre- pond ence invited.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital paid up | $500,000 |
| Surplus and profits | 820,000 |
| TOTAL | $1,320,000 |

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CALIFORNIA.

The National Bank of California is one of the few banks that successfully stood the shock of the late panic and maintained full coin payments right through.

The National Bank of California pays no interest on deposits in any form, offers no special inducements for business other than reliability when the customers exercise their right to de- mand their money.

In the matter of loans it looks more to reliability than high rates of interest, and desires on loans except from good and reliable parties, and then exacts good security, believing that no bank is better or more reliable than its loans

DIRECTORS:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| O. H. CHURCHILL, | O. T. JOHNSON, | JOHN WOLFSKILL, | H. H. SHERMAN, |
| W. L. GRAVES, | E. F. C. KLOKKE, | GEORGE IRVINE, | N. W. STOWELL, |
| W. S. DEVAN, | T. E. NEWLIN, | A. HADLEY, | JOHN E. MARBLE |

JOHN M. C. MARBLE.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA —NATIONAL BANK.— Nadeau Block, cor. First and Spring sts., Los Angeles, Cal.

L. N. BREED.....President
W. F. BOSBYSHELL.....Vice-President
C. N. FLINT.....Cashier
W. H. HOLLIDAY.....Assistant Cashier

| | |
|---|---|
| Paid-up capital | $200,000 |
| Surplus and undivided profits | 23,000 |

DIRECTORS—D. Remick, Thos. Goss, W. H. Holliday, L. N. Breed, H. T. Newell, Wm. H. Avery, Silas Holman, M. Hagan, Frank Ra- der, E. C. Bosbyshell, W. F. Bosbyshell.

SAVINGS BANK OF SOUTHERN CALIFOR- NIA, 153 N. Spring st., Los Angeles.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital stock | $100,000 |

DIRECTORS:

J. H. BRALY.....President
SIMON MAIER.....Vice-President
W. D. WOOLWINE.....Cashier
A. H. BRALY.....Secretary

H. Jevne, W. C. Patterson, F. A. Gibson, J. M. Elliott, C. N. Hasson, R. W. Poindexter.

GERMAN-AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK—

| | |
|---|---|
| Paid-up capital | $100,000.00 |
| Surplus and undivided profits | 33,963.60 |

E. N. M'DONALD.....President
S. W. LUITWIELER.....Vice-President
VICTOR PONET.....Vice-President
M. N. AVERY.....Cashier
P. F. SCHUMACHER.....Asst. Cashier

Five per cent. interest allowed on term de- posits. Money loaned on first-class real estate.

LOS ANGELES SAVINGS BANK— 230 N. MAIN ST.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital stock | $100,000 |
| Surplus | 30,000 |

JOHN E. PLATER.....President
HERMAN W. HELLMAN.....Vice-President
W. M. CASWELL.....Cashier

DIRECTORS—Isaias W. Hellman, John E. Plater, Herman W. Hellman, I. W. Hellman, Jr., W. M. Caswell. Interest paid on deposits. Money loaned on first-class real estate.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK —OF LOS ANGELES.—

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital stock | $400,000 |
| Surplus | 200,000 |

J. M. ELLIOTT.....President
W. G. KERCKHOFF.....Vice-President
FRANK A. GIBSON.....Cashier
G. B. SHAFFER.....Assistant Cashier

DIRECTORS—J. M. Elliott, J. D. Bicknell, J. D. Hooker, F. Q. Story, Wm. G. Kerckhoff, H. Jevne, W. C. Patterson.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK & TRUST CO., 148 S. MAIN ST.

Five per cent. interest paid on deposits.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital stock | $200,000 |

OFFICERS—F. N. Myers, Pres.; Maurice S. Hellman, Vice-Pres.; T. W. Phelps, Cashier; W. D. Longyear, Asst. Cashier. DIRECTORS: W. L. Graves, Maurice S. Hellman, J. M. C. Marble, J. A. Graves, H. L. Pinney, J. H. Shankland, C. H. Sessions, L. H. Harris, J. F. Sartori, F. N. Myers, T. W. Phelps.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE FINANCIAL condition of the LOS ANGELES SAVINGS BANK at the close of business December 31st, 1894.

RESOURCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cash on hand | $ 3,056.51 |
| Cash in other banks | 56,717.07 |
| United States and other bonds | 185,600.00 |
| Loans on real estate | 851,894.45 |
| Real estate taken for debt | 95,866.21 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 2,000.00 |
| Total resources | $1,205,134.25 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital paid in coin | $ 25,000.00 |
| Undivided profits | 37,167.27 |
| Due depositors | 1,142,966.98 |
| Total liabilities | $1,205,134.25 |

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS Angeles, ss.

We do solemnly swear that we have, and that each of us has, a personal knowledge of the matters contained in the foregoing report, and that every allegation, statement, matter and thing therein contained, is true, to the best of our knowledge and belief.

(Signed) JOHN E. PLATER, President.
(Seal)
(Signed) W. M. CASWELL, Secretary.
(Seal)

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 31st day of December, 1894.

(Signed) A. C. TAYLOR, Notary Public.
(Seal)

In and for the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

LOS ANGELES NATIONAL BANK— UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital | $500,000 |
| Surplus | 57,500 |
| Total | $557,500 |

GEO. H. BONEBRAKE.....President
WARREN GILLELEN.....Vice-President
F. C. HOWES.....Cashier
E. W. COE.....Assistant Cashier

DIRECTORS—Geo. H. Bonebrake, Warren Gillelen, P. M. Green, Chas. A. Maginer, W. C. Brown, A. W. Francisco, E. P. Johnson, M. T. Allen, F. C. Howes.


J. HORSCH, M. D., Phys. and Surg., late of Wurzburg and Berlin.

LUNGS, STOMACH, BLOOD.

Office 363 South Main st., opp. Westminster, office hours, 9 to 11, 2 to 4, 7 to 8. Residence, 234 S. Grand ave. Telephone 734. "THE PROVERBS III, 6."

C. F. Heinzeman, DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST, NORTH MAIN ST., Lanfranco Building Telephone 68. Los Angeles, Cal

J. T. Sheward, 113-115 N. Spring St.

Two Great Bargains in Dress Goods!

ONE LOT THE CHOICE FOR 50c.

They are plain and fancy styles and a large variety of patterns. This is the big dress goods bargain for 1895.

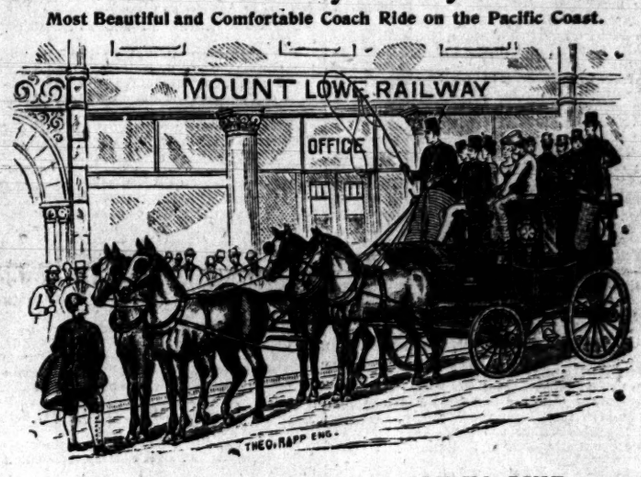
The second lot will be sold for 75c for the choice. In this lot you will find a magnificent lot of fine all-wool dress goods in extra choice styles. They are grand bargains. The two lots are placed on sale at new prices to advertise the dress goods department. They will sell on sight.

We offer a few extra choice bargains in cloaks, capes and furs. All goods are marked in plain figures. The new prices are the most attractive you ever saw on the same class of goods. The low prices are made in dress goods and cloaks to keep up the big gains already made in these two departments. Our cloak department is reliable in every way. You are sure to get the value of your money. There is no divvy practiced here. No one is charged more than the marked price. Honest, straight forward, plain statements is the watchword in the most reliable cloak department in the city. Special sale of muslin underwear at the lowest prices for the best class of goods.

THROUGH SAN GABRIEL VALLEY.

Mt. Lowe Railway Tally-Ho Line.

Most Beautiful and Comfortable Coach Ride on the Pacific Coast.




MOUNT LOWE RAILWAY TALLY-HO LINE.

Will begin its regular trips (running every fair day) between Los Angeles and Altadena Junction on Monday morning, January 7, connecting with special car at Altadena Junc- tion for all points on the Mount Lowe Railway and Bridle roads, as follows: Leaving the company's office, corner Third and Spring streets, Los Angeles, at 9 a.m., passing through Los Angeles to East Lake Park direct to the San Gabriel Valley winery, the largest in the world, through the beautiful village of Alhambra, past the Raymond Hotel, through Pasa- dena by way of the Grand Operahouse, passing the principal hotels and public buildings to Altadena Junction, arriving at Altadena Junction at 12 o'clock, Echo Mountain at 12:30, in ample time for dinner. (For wonderful scenes and points of interest, read Echo Moun- tain House advertisement in this paper.) Returning, leave Echo Mountain at 3 o'clock, Altadena Junction at 3:30, passing by the beautiful homes in Altadena, including those of Andrew McNally and Col. G. G. Green, passing through another portion of Pasadena, tak- ing in Colorado street, the business center, and the celebrated Orange Grove avenue, through South Pasadena, Lincoln Park, Garvanza, Highland Park, Sycamore Grove, East Los Angeles and Los Angeles, delivering passengers at the principal hotels and the com- pany's office.

Tickets by this line and by the railway will be good for any length of time, allowing the holders to remain at Echo Mountain House days, weeks or months.

For railway connections to Echo Moutain and Mount Lowe see Terminal and Mount Lowe railways time card.

Fare, round trip from Los Angeles to Altadena Junction, $3.

Fare, round trip from Pasadena to Altadena Junction, $1.50.

Book your names by calling at the company's office, Stimson Block, corner Third and Spring streets, Los Angeles, Telephone 318. Or at Main office, Pasadena, Grand Opera House Block. Telephone 78.

(Cut this out and paste up in your stable.)

NOTICE: NEVER USE HOT OR WARM WATER.

It Ruins the Varnish.

How to Wash a Carriage.

Provide two large, soft sponges and chamois.

Never wash a carriage in the sun.

Remove the rugs and cushions, dust out the inside of top and trimmings. Now sponge off the outside of top, drying it with the gear chamois. Then, with plenty of water, use the finest sponge by pressing the water against the body until the dirt flows off. Do not rub the dirt into the varnish or get the sponge filled with it. After the dirt is washed off the body, dry it nicely with the damp chamois. Then wet the gear and wheels in a similar way. Do not scrape the mud off with a knife or chip. After washing till quite clear, dry nicely with the damp gear chamois. Wipe off any spots of water that are on the body.

Wash a new vehicle several times before using. By so doing you improve the lustre and durability of the varnish.

Hawley, King & Co., 210-212 N. MAIN ST., LOS ANGELES, CAL.

LADIES.

Electricity scientifically used will perma- nently removes superfluous hair, moles, birthmarks, blackheads, wrinkles, etc., and restores the skin to a healthy condition.

MRS. SHINNICK, Electrolyzist and Complexion specialist, Parlors 94-95, Potomac Block, 217 Broadway.

Artistic Coiffures.

Shampooning, cutting and curling, ladies' and gentlemen's manicuring.

Miss I. S. Eby, of Chicago.

A Skilled Parisian Hair Dresser, Hair Goods and Cosmetics. 217 S. BROADWAY, Potomac Block, opposite Public Library. Rooms 25 and 26.

The W. H. PERRY Lumber and Mfg. Co.'s LUMBER YARD AND PLANING MILL, Commercial Street.

# THE PUBLIC SERVICE

## Regular Meeting of the City Council.

### Dr. E. A. Bryant Re-elected Police Surgeon—Other Appointments are Postponed.

### Reports of Officers and Committees—Matters of Interest at the Courthouse—At the U. S. Building.

The City Council succeeded in electing a police surgeon yesterday, Dr. E. A. Bryant being the successful candidate. Elections of a meat inspector and plumbing inspector were postponed one week. An ordinance was adopted advertising for sale the Police Station property.

The City Attorney rendered an opinion that the veto of the Larabee franchise by T. E. Rowan as Mayor was not valid. An ordinance was ordered drawn fixing the charter revision election for February 14. An important memorial, regarding the proposed Salt Lake Railroad, was adopted. Numerous other matters of general interest were acted on.

### AT THE CITY HALL.

#### The City Council.

#### A POLICE SURGEON ELECTED—ROUTINE BUSINESS.

Even the old Councilmen found it a busy day yesterday. There were long reports from the City Attorney and City Engineer that required a good deal of time and attention. Numerous motions for local improvements added to the volume of business, and it took several hours to pass upon it all. Some surprise was caused by the statement by President Teed that it had been reported to him that the three new chemical and hose wagons, as delivered for use in the fire department, were lacking in important requirements.

The new ordinance fixing the time for the City Council to meet at 9 a.m. caused some speculation as to whether a quorum would be present at that time.

Councilman Stockwell, the First Ward member, occupied the chair for some time during the afternoon and manifested considerable familiarity with Council business.

CALLED TO ORDER.

The Council was called to order at 9:35 a.m. by Councilman Munson, President Teed stating that he was not feeling well. All the members except Pessell were present.

The communication from the City Clerk as heretofore published, in reference to a change of the license ordinance so as to make it apply to all money-lenders equitably, was referred to the Finance Committee.

The City Clerk reported, stating the contract for city advertising would expire January 20. The clerk was instructed to advertise for bids for such advertising, to be received next Monday.

The clerk further reported it would be in order to refer the protests of Mary H. Banning and others against the proposed change of grade of Hill street between Rock street and Bellevue avenue, to the Mayor, the Street Superintendent and the City Engineer, as commissioners to assess the benefits and damages of such proposed change of grade. The protests were so referred.

The communication from the Associated Charities, as referred from the late Council, submitting a plan by which to give all idle men an opportunity to work in some of the parks, was referred to the Building Committee. Such reference was on motion of President Teed, who said that temporary quarters had been provided for prisoners for whom there was not proper accommodation in the City Jail, and that the Superintendent of Buildings had been instructed to present plans and specifications for a workhouse in Elysian Park. He (Teed) did not therefore see anything further that could be done in the matter just at present.

FINAL ORDINANCES.

The City Clerk reported it would be in order to pass final ordinances for the following:

Grading Tehama street from Bridge street to State street. Adopted.

Sewering Westlake avenue between Ninth and Tenth streets. Adopted.

Sidewalking Pasadena avenue between Wells and Hamilton streets. Adopted.

Grading and otherwise improving Carondelet street, between Seventh and Eighth streets. Adopted.

Paving Clay street, between Third and Fourth streets. Adopted.

Grading Douglas street from Kensington road to Edgeware road. Adopted.

The clerk further reported that no proposals had been received in response to the advertisement for the sewering of an alley running between Ingraham and Seventh streets, and across certain private property. It was ordered that bids for such work be again advertised for.

Hearing on the protests against the confirmation of the report of the commissioners for the extending of Vignes street from Lyon street to its northern terminus, was set for next Monday.

The City Attorney was directed to present an ordinance ordering the widening of Thirtieth street between San Pedro street and Maple avenue as proposed, and appointing commissioners therefor.

CHARTER ELECTION.

President Teed moved to direct the City Attorney to present an ordinance calling an election for the purpose of submitting to the voters of the city the proposed amendments to the city charter, the election to be called for February 14. Adopted.

The requisitions were approved, as passed upon by the Supply Committee, as read. Requisitions for harness for use with the new chemical and hose wagons, were sent back to the Supply Committee. Requisitions for $40, for repairing fire hydrants for the present month were sent to the Fire Commission, with instructions to notify the City Water Company that the contract between it and the city requires it to keep the hydrants in proper condition. Requisitions for fire alarm boxes were referred to the Fire and Water Committee. One for five new fire department badges was sent back to the Supply Committee, as were a number of them from the City Engineer for instruments and articles for office use.

A LITTLE SURPRISE.

A communication from the Fire Commission, stating that the three new combination chemical and hose wagons had been inspected and accepted by the board, was referred to the Fire and Water Committee.

President Teed said he did not know of his own personal knowledge, but it had been reported to him, that the wagons were deficient in essential particulars. The committee would, however, have a chance to investigate.

On recommendation of the Fire Commission it was ordered that bids be advertised for for furnishing 3000 feet of fire hose.

SEWER MATTERS.

The Sewer Committee reported as heretofore published. The recommendation in reference to a petition of Frick Bros., for a rebate of $21.85, was adopted. Hearing on protests against the Ann-street sewer was set for 2 p.m. next Monday. The recommendation that the bid of J. E. White, to sewer Burlington avenue at $1.02 per foot was adopted, as was also the recommendation in reference to the South Side Irrigation Company.

CITY ASSESSOR'S DEPUTIES.

The Finance Committee reported recommending that the City Assessor be authorized to employ for one year one chief deputy, and until July three office deputies, the former being provided for in the regular salary ordinance, and the latter to receive $90 per month each.

City Assessor Hull was called in. He stated there is a great deal of work to be done in arranging the books and writing them, as it is necessary to do. His (Hull's) predecessor had such deputies allowed him. Under the system of books by which it is proposed to employ the deputies, the chance of making double assessments is almost entirely done away with.

President Teed interrogated City Assessor Hull for several minutes as to whether the deputies asked for could not be dispensed with.

Councilman Munson had something to say about whether it would not be better, before taking action on the request, to see if, provided the proposed charter revision should not carry, a bill could not be made to pass the Legislature whereby all the city tax collecting for the city could be done by the county.

The matter was referred to the Finance Committee.

COMPENSATION FOR EXPERTS.

The Finance Committee also reported recommending that the three requisitions for $150 each for the services of expert engineers in the case of Spilman vs. City, be allowed.

Councilman Munson spoke in favor of paying the experts the amounts named. He said he believed the price as low as the city can honorably settle with the three gentlemen.

The requisitions were objected to by President Teed and finally went to the Finance Committee.

SEWERS USED PREMATURELY.

Health Officer Powers was heard in regard to the new sewer on Twenty-third and Scarff street. He said the sewer had not yet been accepted, but property-owners had made connections with it and sewage was being run in. The sewer ought to be flushed. The City Attorney had informed him that the contractor, strictly speaking, was not maintaining a nuisance, but rather the property-owners who were running sewage into it, although doing so innocently. The sewer ought to be flushed, but had not been.

The question was raised as to whether the Street Superintendent could not be directed to disinfect the sewer and collect the cost from the contractor, and President Teed moved that Mr. Hughes, the contractor, be summoned to appear before the Council at 2 p.m. tomorrow and explain why sewage is being run in the sewer at the present time.

On motion of President Teed the Street Superintendent was directed to cover certain manholes over the sewer in question where their present condition is such as to be a menace to public health.

REBATES ASKED.

The petition of the Los Angeles Consolidated Electric Railway Company, asking for a rebate of $180 on account of license for electric lighting paid for the months of August and September, was, on recommendation of the Finance Committee, denied.

The same committee also reported: "In the matter of the payroll presented from the street department for the first five days of January, we find that the same is largely in excess of the proportionate amount allowed by ordinance for this department; we therefore return the same to Council without recommendation."

President Teed moved that the matter be referred back to the Finance Committee to confer with D. A. Watson, ex-Street Superintendent, as to whether the demands be legal and to whom due. Adopted.

SALT LAKE RAILROAD.

Ex-Mayor Workman was heard in regard to a proposed detachment of a line of railroad running toward this city from Salt Lake City and presented a memorial to the committee of the United States Senate having in charge the reorganization of the Union Pacific Railway, urging that such detachment be made. Mr. Workman urged that if the detachment asked for could be accomplished he believed the road might be built between this city and Salt Lake within a year.

Councilman Snyder said that, as a business man, he felt like encouraging such a movement.

The memorial was unanimously adopted by the Council.

BIDS OPENED.

Proposals for sewering districts No. 4 and No. 8, grading First street, between Hope and Flower, grading San Joaquin street, also for rental of proposed houses for new chemical engines, were referred to proper committees.

The bond of W. A. Caldwell, as Water Overseer, was referred to the Finance Committee.

President Teed moved that the City Attorney be directed to present at the afternoon session an ordinance offering for sale the police station property on Second street. Adopted.

ENGINEER'S REPORT.

The City Engineer reported:

"In the matter of the petition of S. Canfield and others, asking for certain changes in the grade of St. Louis street, I find the total frontage which would be affected by said changes would be 1814.2 feet. The petition represents 860 feet. The petitioners have therefore not a majority on their petition. I beg to state, however, that the changes asked for should be made, and no one materially damaged thereby." Referred back to the City Engineer.

"In the matter of your instructions to me to introduce an ordinance for grading Judson street, between State and Echandia, under the bond act, I find that the cost of said work will not exceed the required amount, to wit, $1 per front foot." Tabled.

"In the matter of your instructions to me to introduce an ordinance for the construction of a cement sidewalk on the west side of Beaudry avenue, between Temple street and Bellevue avenue, upon investigation I find that all the work has been done by private contract, with the exception of about one hundred and fifty feet. I shall introduce an ordinance for the construction of this." City Engineer instructed to present such ordinance.

"Ordinance of intention to construct a cement sidewalk six feet wide on Twenty-second street, between Grand avenue and Figueroa." Laid over for one week.

"Ordinance of intention to construct a cement walk six feet wide on the south side of Eight street from Maple avenue to San Pedro." Adopted.

"Ordinance of intention to construct a sewer on St. Paul's avenue, from Orange street to a point opposite the north line of lot 67, St. Paul's school subdivision." Adopted.

"Ordinance of intention to establish the grade of Thirty-first street, between Main and Grand avenue." Action deferred.

"Ordinance of intention to establish the grade of Gates street, from Downey avenue to a point 568 feet north of Downey avenue." Referred to Councilman Stockwell.

"Ordinance of intention to establish the grade of the alley in block 3, Bently & Crippin's subdivision." Adopted.

"Ordinance of intention to establish the grade of Arroyo Seco avenue, from Cypress avenue to a point north of Ella street." Referred to Councilman Stockwell.

"Ordinance of intention to establish the grade of Beaudry avenue, from the southerly line of the Abila tract to the northerly line of that portion of Beaudry avenue, which encircles the Sisters' Hospital." Referred to Councilman Snyder.

"Ordinance of intention to establish the grade of Clarence street, from a point 234 feet north of First street to a point 295 feet south of the south line of First street." Adopted.

"Ordinance of intention to establish the grade of Whittier street, between Seventh and Ninth streets." Adopted.

"Ordinance of intention to establish the grade of Pleasant street, from a point 234 feet north of First street to a point 295 feet south of First street." Adopted.

"Ordinance of intention to establish the grade of French avenue, from Arroyo Seco avenue to Railroad avenue." Referred to Councilman Stockwell.

"I would call the attention of your body to the fact that all vitrified salt glazed pipe used in sewers has been heretofore of standard thickness, regardless of diameter (with the exception of sixteen and twenty-two-inch pipe,) and as a result some of the pipe in the sewers of larger diameter has cracked longitudinally. Within the last few months the pipe companies have begun the making of vitrified pipe of double strength. I would, therefore, recommend the insertion of this clause in specifications D, at the end of the paragraph headed 'pipe:' 'All pipes twelve inches in diameter and over shall be double strength.'

"I would also recommend that vitrified salt glazed pipe be not used in sewers that exceed twenty inches in diameter, and as bids are about to be received on western sewer district No. 4, which contains some large-sized pipe of single thickness, I would respectfully suggest, if possible, that the matter be deferred until investigated." Specifications amended as suggested.

"I beg leave to submit herewith to your body an inventory of articles belonging to the City Engineer's office, in my possession, as turned over to me by J. H. Dockweiler, ex-City Engineer." Filed.

On motion of Councilman Kingery, the Board of Public Works was requested to investigate the matter of the collection of storm water at Tenth and Pearl streets.

President Teed moved that the City Engineer be instructed to prepare and present specifications to construct crosswalks, consisting of a walk of concrete and asphaltum two feet wide, secured on each side with Belgium blocks, together with an estimate of the cost, and that the Street Superintendent be instructed to repair no more wooden crosswalks.

The motion was adopted, after striking out the clause instructing the Street Superintendent to repair no more wooden crosswalks.

President Teed moved that J. J. Weir be given permission to take earth from Maple avenue, between Twenty-first and Twenty-seventh streets, where the same can be spared, the same to be done under direction of the Street Superintendent. Referred to the Board of Public Works.

President Teed offered and moved the adoption of the following resolution: "Resolved, that in the construction of the lateral sewers it is the sense of this Council that the streets be placed back in the condition required by specifications for graveled streets, a top dressing of gravel eight inches thick, the same to be thoroughly wet down and rolled and not left loose, as is now done." Adopted.

Recess till 2 o'clock p.m.

### Afternoon Session.

The Council reassembled soon after 2 p.m., when the City Attorney presented the following:

"R. J. Floyd and J. C. Curtis have brought suit against the city to quiet title to lots 12, 13 and 20 of the Woodworth tract. From an examination of the abstract of title of the Woodworth tract it appears that no deed has ever been given by the city to this property; that in 1857 Wallace Woodworth acquired title to the property from persons claiming under Mexican grants as far back as 1835. The plaintiffs have furnished us with affidavits of W. H. Workman, Joseph Mesmer and Joseph W. Wolfskill all to the effect that Wallace Woodworth and his grantees have been in possession of the property under claim of title for over thirty years. I find also that the city has for years assessed this property for taxes and collected the same, and for these reasons I recommend that a disclaimer be filed in this action." Adopted.

"In regard to the communication of J. R. Matthews and R. N. Bulla, Nos. 1034 and 1039, referred to this office by the last Council, on the subject of preparing a bill which will provide the same vacations for firemen as now provided by law for policemen, I report that I have prepared such a bill and sent the same to Senator Mathews." Filed.

"I have examined the petition and abstract of title accompanying the same, heretofore filed with the city by the executors of the estate of Bridget Wilson, deceased, praying for a city deed to the property on southwest corner of First and Main streets, and referred to this office by the Land Committee of the last Council, and I am of the opinion that a quitclaim deed should issue as proyed for." Referred to the Land Committee.

"I have also examined the petition and abstract referred to me by the same Land Committee, being the petition of Robert Rasch for a quitclaim deed from the city to certain lots in the Chiriotto tract. From an examination of the abstract it appears that the city gave a deed to this property in 1855, and that there were before that time certain grants made of the property by the Ayuntamienta, and this deed is asked for on account of the uncertainties in the description of the land in the former deed from the city. I am of the opinion that the city has no claim to the property and that a deed should issue as prayed for." Referred to the Land Committee.

"In the matter of the application of John H. Jacobs for a quitclaim deed to certain lots in the John H. Jacobs subdivision of a portion of the Reyes tract, I have examined an abstract of the Reyes tract filed some years ago and on which the city at that time issued deeds to a number of claimants. Mr. Jacobs has also furnished certificate showing the present holdings, and that a quitclaim deed to these lots given to him will innure to the benefit of the present holders of lots. I am of the opinion that in this case also, a deed should issue as prayed for. In the deed to Rasch for lots in the Chiriotto tract mentioned above, there should be the usual reservation for zanja rights-of-way, as zanja No. 4 touches a portion of this tract on the east." Referred to the Land Committee.

"In the matter of the veto of the street railway franchise granted to W. D. Larabee and the question relating thereto, referred to me, I find that this ordinance was passed by the City Council on the 24th day of December, 1894, and was by the City Clerk transmitted to the Mayor on the 27th of the same month. The Mayor having ten days in which to consider the ordinance, and the tenth day in this case falling on Sunday, sec. 12 of the Political Code applies directly, and provides that Sunday shall be excluded, and the following day be allowed to count as the last day. Under these circumstances ex-Mayor Rowan undoubtedly would have had Monday within which to veto the ordinance were it not for the fact that his term of office expired at 12 o'clock Sunday night, January 6, 1895. Of this fact there can be no doubt, as the charter provides that officers elected at a general municipal election shall, after they have qualified as provided in this charter, enter upon the discharge of the duties of the office to which they have been elected, on the first Monday in January of the year succeeding their election, and Mr. Rader having duly qualified as Mayor within the time and under the conditions prescribed in the charter, became Mayor immediately after midnight of Sunday, January 6, with all the powers and subject to all the duties of the office. The law provides for no iniatory ceremony for city officers, and a long line of decisions establish the point that in such cases a physical occupation of the office is not necessary to clothe the incoming official with his full official power.

"To the further question of whether ex-Mayor Rowan had any power to file a veto after his term of office had expired. I have devoted much attention, and find a line of decisions in this State, notably the case of Broder vs. Conklin (98 Cal., 360,) which settles beyond a doubt the point that the filing and not the date makes the veto effective, and that a Mayor has no authority to file a veto after the expiration of his term of office.

"It is, therefore, my opinion that the attempted veto by ex-Mayor Rowan was filed too late to be of any effect by reason of the expiration of his term of office, and that the ordinance, by virtue of the provisions of sec. 38 of the charter, has become effective and valid, wanting only the publication by the clerk to become a law."

Together with the report of the City Attorney was presented a communication from the Southwest Los Angeles Improvement Association, asking that the ordinance be passed over the Mayor's veto.

President Teed said he was very glad the Council would not be called upon in this case to override the Mayor's veto.

Councilman Munson said he wished it had been effective, as there were some provisions in the franchise that he did not like.

The report of the Board of Public Works, as heretofore published was adopted. As a special committee to investigate street-car service as recommended, Councilmen Munson, Kingery and Pessell were appointed.

On recommendation of the Board of Public Works, the Street Superintendent was directed to clean the gutters on the south side of Twenty-third street, west of Union avenue, so as to allow free passage of water.

On recommendation of the Finance Committee the bond of W. A. Caldwell as Water Overseer was approved.

The Street Superintendent presented a communication recommending that R. Schearer be granted an extension of forty days for work on Eighth street. It was explained the extension was asked in order to cover the time of appeal, and it was granted.

MOTIONS.

Councilman Blanchard moved that crosswalks be laid at the following street intersections: Soto and First, Breed and First, Mott and First and Boyle avenue and Fourth. Referred to the Board of Public Works.

Councilman Stockwell moved that the Superintendent of Street Sprinkling be instructed to have the sprinkling hydrant near G street and Pasadena avenue removed to a better location. Referred to the Board of Public Works.

Councilman Ashman moved that the Street Superintendent be instructed to repair the intersection of Los Angeles and Winston streets. Referred to the Board of Public Works.

Councilman Synder moved that the City Engineer be instructed to present the necessary ordinances of intention to sidewalk with cement the south side of Ionia street from Edgeware road to Figueroa street; the south side of Temple street from Edgeware road to Metcalf street, and the north side of Temple street from Edgeware road to Figueroa street, walks to be four feet in width. Referred to the Board of Public Works.

Councilman Snyder moved that the crossing on College street at Buena Vista be repaired; also that a crossing be placed at College and Adobe streets. Referred to the Board of Public Works.

The same gentleman moved that a fire alarm box be placed at Temple and Brent streets. Referred to the Fire Commission.

Councilman Snyder moved that the gutter on the south side of Temple street for about 100 feet east of Belmont avenue be repaired. Referred to the Board of Public Works.

Councilman Stockwell moved that the Street Superintendent be instructed to put a crosswalk at Pasadena ave and Walnut street. Referred to the Board of Public Works.

A POLICE SURGEON.

On motion the Council proceeded to elect a police surgeon. The first roll-call developed the following vote:

Dr. McCarthy—Ashman, Savage, Snyder.
Dr. Bryant—Blanchard, Teed.
Dr. Wernigk—Munson, Stockwell.
Dr. Dodge—Kingery.

Following is the vote developed in the second roll-call:

Bryant—Blanchard, Munson, Savage, Teed.
McCarthy—Ashman, Snyder.
Dodge—Kingery.
Wernigk—Stockwell.

There being no choice a third roll-call was taken, with the results as follows:

Bryant—Same as second roll-call.
Dodge—Kingery, Stockwell.
McCarthy—Ashman, Snyder.

On the following roll-call Dr. Bryant was elected by the following vote:

Bryant—Ashman, Blanchard, Munson, Savage, Teed.
Dodge—Kingery, Stockwell.
McCarthy—Snyder.

On motion of Councilman Stockwell the election of a meat inspector was postponed one week.

Councilman Savage wanted to proceed to elect a plumbing inspector, but Councilmen Munson and Kingery favored a postponement for one week, and a motion to defer the election for that period prevailed.

An ordinance granting permission to property-owners to grade and otherwise improve Adams street, between Central avenue and Naine avenue, by private contract was adopted.

A final ordinance establishing the grade of Beaudry avenue, between Hinton and Alpine streets, was adopted.

The City Attorney presented an ordinance, as directed, advertising for public sale the police-station property, on Second street. The minimum price to be received for the property was fixed at $37,000, and the date of sale was fixed at March 26. The ordinance was adopted in that form.

On motion of Councilman Blanchard, C. F. Derby was appointed to take charge of the outfall sewer.

Adjourned till 2 o'clock p.m. tomorrow.

PETITIONS.

Besides those already published, the following were presented:

From T. A. Grant, asking ten days' additional time in which to complete work on Palo Alto street. Granted.

From Alice McComas and others, complaining of the collection of water on San Benito street. Referred to the Board of Public Works.

From John Bryson, asking that the ordinance be changed so that boilers regularly inspected otherwise shall not be subject to inspection by the city boiler inspector. Referred to the Fire and Water Committee.

From John B. Hunter and a large number of others, asking that the ordinance be so amended as to allow tamale men and other venders of food to use the streets for its sale between 6 o'clock p.m. and 2 o'clock a.m. of each day. Referred to the Finance Committee, after hearing J. W. Kemp in behalf of the petition.

From John Discovich and others, asking that the grade of Byram street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, be established, and that the street between those points be graded, graveled, cement curbed and cement sidewalked, under the bond act; also, that certain land owned by Dr. de Szigethy and obstructing the course of the street, be condemned. Board of Public Works.

### Why He was Hostile.

It appears there are certain facts in connection with the hostility developed in the City Council yesterday, under the leadership of President Teed, against allowing City Assessor Hull certain deputies, as asked for, which facts the Fifth Ward statesman, for reasons best known to himself, omitted to mention.

City Assessor Hull, it will be remembered, appointed I. Q. Dague as his chief deputy, and three other men as deputies. The Councilman from the Fifth, as far as known, has no grievance against the other deputies, but for Dague, politically speaking, he has no excess of friendship. It appears that Dague was Teed's opponent for Councilmanic honors two years ago, and since then Teed has had a feeling of coldness toward him.

Accordingly, when the appointment of Mr. Dague was under consideration, Mr. Teed used his influence to keep Dague out of the position, but unsuccessfully. As a result, Mr. Teed endeavored to fight Dague, so to speak, over the heads of the other deputies, for Mr. Dague, being chief deputy, is provided for in the salary ordinance, and the Council cannot discharge him without amending the ordinance. The employment of the other deputies needs to be authorized by the Council, and on this point Mr. Teed was seemingly attempting to bring his wrath to bear, mildly, yesterday.

### Board of Education.

THE COMMITTEES ANNOUNCED—OTHER BUSINESS.

The Board of Education met last night with a full attendance.

The special committee, which had been appointed to draft rules and regulations, reported recommending the following arrangement of committees, each committee to consist of three members: Finance, Buildings, Education, Supplies and Printing, Teachers and Schools, Insurance, Rules and Regulations, Visiting and Janitors, High School, Library and Course of Study, Kindergarten and Industrial Training, Health, one member, the Health Officer, and School Superintendent; Furniture, Repairs, Fuel and Building Supplies.

Mr. Fulton of the Eighth Ward moved to amend by adding to the Teachers' Committee two more members.

There was no second to the amendment and the report was adopted as it stood.

An application of James M. Pemberton for leave of absence as teacher was referred to the Teachers' Committee.

The board took a recess for a few minutes and President Hale announced the appointment of committees as follows:

Finance—Simonton, Wills and Grubb.

Buildings—Kennedy, Simonton and Bassett.

Teachers and Schools—Pitman, Bassett, Simonton.

Education, Supplies, etc.—Grubb, Garland, Fullerton.

Insurance—Garland, Kennedy, Bassett.

Rules and Regulations—Bassett, Wills, Pitman.

Visiting and Janitors—Kennedy, Fulton, Grubb.

High School, Library and Course of Study—Wills, Pitman, Fulton.

Kindergarten and Industrial Education—Fulton, Pitman, Garland.

Health—Dr. Wills, Superintendent Search and the Health Officer.

Furniture, etc.—Grubb, Garland and Simonton.

A number of applications for positions as janitors were referred to the Janitors' Committee.

The City Auditor returned without his approval a demand for $190 for tuition of pupils living within the city, and attending the Fruitland district. He stated he believed the demand was not a legal one.

Mr. Simonton and also Mr. Grubb said they believed the demand was a just one, and ought to be paid, if there were any way of doing it legally.

Mr. Garland said he thought the matter ought to be referred to the City Attorney for an opinion as to what the board can legally do under the circumstances.

On motion, it was referred to a special committee, consisting of Messrs. Simonton, Grubb and Dr. Wills.

A petition of L. R. McCoy and others, asking the removal of Miss Fuller as teacher in the Eighth-street school, was referred to the Teachers' Committee.

Superintendent Search presented the following statistical report of Los Angeles public schools for the month ending January 11: Times tardy, teachers, 18; total days present, 189,658; total days absent, 16,297; times tardy, pupils, 1635; boys enrolled, 5556; girls enrolled, 5910; total number enrolled, 11,466; average number belonging, 10,297; average daily attendance, 9483; per cent of attendance, 92; number of new pupils enrolled, boys, 280; number of new pupils enrolled, girls, 280; total number of new pupils, 560; Superintendent's visits, 999; visits of special teachers, 459; visits of members of the Board of Education, 243; other visitors, 1394.

The board adjourned, to meet at the Superintendent's office at 1:30 p.m. tomorrow to take final action on the recommendation to the City Council in reference to needed additional school facilities.

### AT THE COURTHOUSE.

#### The Courts.

TRIAL OF ONE OF THE ELIKAN MURDERERS.

Ethan Allen Feeler, one of the two men accused of the murder of Camille Elikan at Long Beach, on November 22 last, appeared before Judge Smith in Department One yesterday, for trial upon that charge.

He was represented by Messrs. Kendrick and Montgomery, while Asst.-Dist.-Atty. W. T. Williams and H. C. Dillon, Esq., appeared on behalf of the State to prosecute the case.

The whole of the morning and part of the afternoon session was consumed in the work of securing a jury, but the panel being exhausted, after seven jurors had been selected, a continuance was ordered until 10 o'clock this morning, a special venire for thirty talesmen being issued meanwhile.

When the case was called the defendant's counsel raised the point that as the names of all the jurors in attendance upon the Superior Court were not in the jury-box of Department One, the drawing of a jury could not legally be proceeded with, but Judge Smith promptly overruled this objection.

The seven jurors agreed upon yesterday were: J. W. Beede, G. Charnock, A. H. Edwards, E. Hartup, C. Heath, S. C. Ruddock and W. R. Steel.

"KID" THOMPSON'S EXAMINATION.

The preliminary examination into the second of the Roscoe train-robbery cases pending against "Kid" Thompson, was commenced before Justice Young in the Township Court yesterday; but very little progress was made, and the matter went over until this afternoon.

The reason for this is that Alva Johnson, who has already been sentenced to the penitentiary for life for the same offense, positively refused to testify when called upon to do so for the prosecution yesterday. This, of course, necessitated the calling of other witnesses, who had not been subpoenaed, and after the examination of Charles Etzler, who materially aided in the discovery of the identity of the Roscoe robbers, the prosecution was compelled to ask for a continuance.

DIVORCE BUSNIESS.

Judge Smith yesterday morning heard and granted the application of Mrs. Addie Duff for a decree divorcing her from W. D. Duff, upon the ground of desertion, by default.

Mrs. Mary Hall was granted a decree by Judge Van Dyke yesterday morning, divorcing her from George Hall, upon the ground of his failure to provide for her. The defendant submitted to default.

The case of Nellie M. Wise vs. Frank H. Wise, an action for alimony, came up for hearing before Judge McKinley yesterday morning, and resulted in findings and judgment being ordered for the plaintiff. By the terms of the decree the defendant is required to pay the plaintiff $25 per month for the support of his child, and within thirty days to pay her $50 attorney's fees.

ADJUDGED INSANE.

Presley Bishop, the real estate agent with a mania for cashing worthless checks, was duly adjudged insane and committed to the State asylum at Highlands by Judge York yesterday, in accordance with the recommendation of Drs. Brainerd and Davisson, the examining physicians. Bishop is a native of Illinois, 57 years of age, and came here from Nebraska in September last.

#### The Supervisors.

ROUTINE BUSINESS TRANSACTED BY THE BOARD.

At the meeting of the Board of Supervisors yesterday, A. M. Neece was granted permission to cut the poplar trees along the line of his land on the Bullis road at Compton.

Upon motion of Supervisor Hanly, the clerk was directed to notify the heads of the various departments of the county government that they would hereafter be held responsible for all errors made in demands to which they have certified.

Petitions for the vacation of certain streets in the El Monte road district and for a change in the Puente road were referred to Supervisor Woodward.

The returns from the recent elections held in the proposed Amargosa Irrigation District were canvassed, and said district duly established. The officers declared elected were: Directors, Jacob Small, Joseph Charbonet and John A. Dahl; assessor, W. Heitkamp; collector, George Hoelling; treasurer, Frank Godde.

### Court Notes.

The following defendants were arraigned and allowed time in which to plead, by Judge Smith, yesterday morning: C. L. Parcels, Pompey Smith, Charles Daley, Thomas Neal and Chris Hipchon.

The motion to set aside the information in the case against T. W. Van Sciever, which was recently submitted to Judge Smith, was denied yesterday morning, and the arraignment of the defendant was set for this morning.

In Department One yesterday morning Judge Smith set the following cases for trial: Al Cobler, embezzlement, February 2; G. Valenzuela, murder, February 7; D. Daniels, attempted robbery, February 11, and Ralph Lecker, murder, February 13.

When W. D. Davenport was called upon to plead to the charge of grand larceny pending against him in Department One, yesterday morning, his counsel moved the court to set aside the information upon technical grounds. The motion was, however, denied by Judge Smith, and the defendant thereupon entered his plea of not guilty, and his case was placed on the trial calendar.

Upon application of the defendants in the case of William Morgan vs. the Board of Trustees of the City of Pasadena, Judge Clark yesterday morning extended the time for filing the transcript of the records of said board and the pleadings, as required by the order heretofore issued therein, until Monday next, when the matter will be heard.

Judge McKinley rendered his decision in the following cases yesterday: J. Moir vs. the Imperial Savings and Loan Society, findings and judgment for plaintiff; D. R. Brearley vs. N. M. Sanborn et al., same order; L. P. Hanson vs. State Loan and Trust Company, judgment for defendant.

The three foreclosure suits brought by the German-American Savings Bank vs Mrs. E. H. Workman et al., came up for hearing before Judge McKinley, yesterday, and resulted in a decree for the plaintiff as prayed, by default. A decree was also ordered for the cross-complainant, W. D. Newell for the foreclosure of his mechanics' lien.

### New Suits.

Among the documents filed with the County Clerk yesterday, were the preliminary papers in the following new suits:

Nelson Story vs. H. W. Heinsch, action to recover possession of the premises, No. 345½ S. Spring St., for $220 rent and $220 damages.

Main St. Savings Bank and Trust Company vs. F. Wack et al., action to foreclose a mortgage for $672.20 upon two lots, in block 79, of the Rancho Palos Verdes.

Main St. Savings Bank and Trust Company vs. J. Hodson et al., action to foreclose a mortgage for $456.20 upon the W. 30 feet of lot 4, block 59, Rancho Palos Verdes.

### AT THE U. S. BUILDING.

#### The Federal Courts.

THE TRIAL CALENDARS CALLED BY JUDGE ROSS.

Yesterday being the first day of the January term in the Federal courts, the trial calendars of both Circuit and District courts were called, and a large number of cases set for hearing and otherwise disposed of.

In the latter court the following criminal cases were set: United States vs. Frank A. English, February 1; Felix Viole et al., February 5; Tuck Joe, February 6; M. Merigan, February 7; Gregorio Ortego, February 8; Herman Henris, February 12; E. E. Calhoun, February 13; Leon Frey, February 14; A. J. Geibner, February 15; Ah Sing, February 19; Josie Abila, February 26, and C. D. Platt et al., March 12.

A venire for seventy-five trial jurors, to serve during the current term in the United States District Court, was ordered issued by Judge Ross yesterday morning, returnable on January 31 next.

Upon motion of James McLachlan, Esq., and presentation of certificate from the Supreme Court of this State, Charles D. Pillsbury, Esq., was duly admitted to practice in the United States Circuit Court by Judge Ross yesterday morning.

In the United States District Court yesterday morning Judge Ross rendered his decision in the case against N. T. Ravlin, charged with having incited a crowd at Hazard's Pavilion to open rebellion against authority of the United States on July 2 last, ordering that the demurrer to the indictment be sustained.

### Another Blaze.

A Chinese laundry kept by Sam Kee at the corner of Seventh and Los Angeles streets, was destroyed between 4 and 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. It was a small fire, entailing little loss except to patrons, some of whose clothing was burned. A still alarm was turned in.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### THE CHEMISTRY OF TEARS

[From a Special Contributor.]

Tears are never idle. Tennyson [is] using a poet's hyperbole when he said [so.] They have their functional duty to accomplish, like every other organ of the body, and the lachrymal gland is not placed behind the eye simply to fill space or to give expression to emotion.

It is usual for the laity to believe the latter theory, for tears are indissolubly connected with sorrow, although eye specialists assert that there is no scientific explanation for this acceptance.

The only reason is this: That the [lach]rymal sac is formed of many sympathetic nerve fibres, that in any emotional condition of the body discharge the gland's secretion. One may weep for joy and the expression is not paradoxical, though commonly considered. The psychic action of tears is purely a nervous one, the reflex action produced from physical reasons. Tickling the nose or facing the wind may cause a shower of tears as abundant as the result of deepest grief or greatest pleasure.

The chemical properties of tears consist of phosphate of lime and soda, making them very salty, but never bitter. The action on the eye is most beneficial, as here consists their prescribed duty to the body, washing thoroughly that sensitive organ, which allows no foreign fluid to [enter] the same work. Nothing cleanses the eye like a good, salty shower bath, and medical art has followed nature's law in this respect, advocating the invigorating solution for any distressed condition of the optic. Tears do not weaken sight, but improve it. They act as a tonic to the muscular vision, keeping, the eye soft and limpid, and it will be noticed that women in whose eyes sympathetic tears gather quickly, have brighter, tenderer orbs than others. When the pupils are hard and cold, the world attributes it to one's disposition, which is a mere figure of speech, implying the lack of balmy tears that are to the cornia what salve is to the skin or nourishment to the blood.

The effect of tears on the skin about the eyes, however, is intensely irritating and inflaming. They keep the epidermis in a dark, puffy condition, and in legend only do weeping women preserve the beauty of their broad white lids. Niobe, all tears, may have had clear eyes, but she could not have been a comely sight when she was indulging in her favorite pastime.

The reason some women weep more easily than others, and all more readily than the sterner sex, has not its difference in the strength of the tear gland, but in the possession of a more delicate, impressionable nerve system. The nerve fibres about the gland vibrate more easily, causing a downpour from the watery sac. Men are not nearly so sentitive to emotion in their sympathetic nature—the term is used in a medical sense—is less developed, and the eye gland is, therefore, protected from shocks. Consequently, a man should thank the formation of his nerve nature when he contemptuously scorns tears as a woman's practice.

Why facial distortions should be the usual accompaniment to the sobbing of the gentler sex, there seems no satisfactory solution. It may be that the nerves which lead to the muscles as wires to marionettes, twitch and pull them in the fashion, while they are at work emptying the tear gland of its contents.

Few women can shed tears as gracefully as the Mater Dolorosa, whose face is only pathetic, not ugly, as the great crystal drops slowly flow down her face cheeks. This is the graceful way to weep, but it is a difficult pose to assume, requiring the mobility of a statue to carry it out satisfactorily.

That the

# AS TO WATER RATES.

## An Important Decision Given by Judge Ross.

### Case of the Santa Ana Water Company Against the Town of Ventura.

### A Number of Nice Points of Law Involved in the Contention, Which are Set Forth at Considerable Length.

Judge Erskine M. Ross rendered his decision in the case of the Santa Ana Water Company vs. the Town of San Buenaventura, an action involving the rights of an incorporated town to establish water rates, in the United States Circuit Court yesterday, ordering that the bill of complaint be dismissed for the reasons set forth in the following interesting opinion:

"When this case was before the court on demurrer to the bill, it was held that the contract entered into January 4, 1869, between the defendant corporation and Jose de Arnas, Victor Ustassaustegui, and Francisco Molleda, in so far as it reserved to those parties the 'unrestrained right to establish such rates for the supply of water to private persons as they may deem expedient, provided that such rates be general,' and subject, also, to the implied condition that the rates be reasonable, was a valid contract in the hands of Arnaz and his associates, and passed by assignment to the complainant corporation. The facts upon which those rulings were based were admitted by the demurrer filed by the defendants to the bill. Subsequently, defendants answered the bill, and upon the issues thus joined proofs were taken and the case has been heard on its merits. Except in respect to two affirmative defenses, the proofs establish the same facts as formed the basis of the rulings upon demurrer, and as I am satisfied of the correctness of the conclusions then reached and with the reasons given in support of them, it is not necessary to go over that ground again. The case on demurrer will be found reported in 56 Fed. Rep., 339.

"The affirmative defenses referred to are the following: The board of trustees of the defendant corporation under the law creating it, consisted of five members, but three of whom, Tico, Chateneauf and Escandon, were present and authorized the execution of the contract in question. Tico had previously been elected clerk of the town and accepted the position, and Chateneauf had been elected and accepted the position of treasurer thereof, each of whom, the defendants contend, thereby vacated his office of trustee, which, if true, left only one member of the board of trustees—Escandon—taking part in the execution of the contract on the part of the town. The answer also alleges that Chateneauf had a direct pecuniary interest with Arnaz, Ustassaustegui, and Molleda at the time of the making of the contract, and that other trustees had such adverse interests at the time of its subsequent attempted ratification which rendered their acts on behalf of the town in respect to the contract void and of no effect.

"In respect to the first of these defenses, it is contended on behalf of the defendants that there is such incompatability between the office of trustee and clerk and trustee and treasurer of the town as rendered the acceptance by Tico of the clerkship a vacation of his office of trustee, and a like vacancy of Chateneauf's office of trustee by his acceptance of the position of treasurer. As pointed out in the former opinion herein, the defendant corporation is a municipal corporation, created by an act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled, 'An act to incorporate the town of San Buenaventura,' approved March 10, 1866 (Stat. 1866, p. 216) and was thereby invested with all the rights and privileges conferred by, and was made subject to all liabilities, restrictions, and provisions of, an act entitled, 'An act to provide for the incorporation of towns,' approved April 19, 1856 (Stat. 1856, p. 198) so far as the provisions of that act may be consitent with the provisions of that of March 10, 1866. It is provided by the act creating the defendant corporation that its officers shall consist of a board of five trustees, a treasurer, a clerk, who shall be ex-officio assessor, a marshal, who shall be ex-officio collector, an attorney, and a surveyor; and, with the exception of the first board of trustees, designated by the act itself, it provides that they shall be elected by the qualified electors of the town, and shall hold their office for the term of two years, and until their successors are elected and qualified. It is also provided that the treasurer, clerk, marshal, collector, attorney, and surveyor shall be appointed by the trustees, and shall hold their office for two years, unless sooner removed for misconduct or neglect of official duties. The seventh section of the act makes it the duty of the clerk to keep the books, papers, and documents of the board belonging to the town; to attend all meetings of the board of trustees, and keep a record of all its proceedings, sign all warrants issued by order of the board, and keep an accurate account in a suitable book of all such warrants, their number and date, and assess all taxes, levied by the board of trustees. By the eighth section, it is declared that the treasurer shall take charge of all moneys of the town, pay all warrants, which shall first be signed by the clerk and countersigned by the president, and keep a correct account of all moneys received and paid out by him, and make due report thereof once a month to the board. By the eleventh section it is provided that the trustees shall elect one of their number president of the board, and that the president chosen shall act as town recorder. Jurisdiction over certain offenses committed within the corporate limits is committed to him, and he is authorized to receive in such cases the same fees as were then allowed by the laws of the State to justices of the peace. The fifteenth section of the act provides: 'The compensation of the board of trustees shall be $1 per annum. The officers appointed by the board of trustees shall receive for their services such sums as the board may direct.'

"It will be observed that while the act creating the defendant corporation provides that the trustees shall appoint a clerk and treasurer, it is silent as to whether such appointments shall be made from their own number or from without the board. No special provision is made therein regarding vacancies in the office of trustee, but the general act for the incorporation of towns of April 19, 1856, the provisions of which, except where inconsistent, are expressly made applicable to the defendant corporation by the act creating it, provides what shall cause a vacancy in the office of trustee, that is to say, removal from the town, absence therefrom for thirty days after election, and, if bond is required, neglect to file such bond within ten days after election. (Stats. 1856, p. 198.) And the act of the Legislature of the State of April 22, 1863, regarding offices and officers. (Hittell's General Laws, p. 693) declared what should constitute a vacancy in office, among which causes are not enumerated incompatability of offices or acceptance of another office. This statutory enumeration of causes constituting a vacancy in office has been held by the Supreme Court of the State to be exclusive, Rosborough vs. Boardman, (67 Cal., 118,) and cases there cited, and settles the question in relation to the alleged vacancies in the office of trustee of the town of San Buenaventura at the time of the making of the contract in question against the contention of defendants, regardless of any other consideration; for it cannot be doubted that the qualifications prescribed by the State for those who shall be eligible to office under it, or under any of its subordinate subdivisions, or as to what shall constitute a vacancy in any of such offices, are conclusive upon the Federal courts.

"A more serious question is that raised by the allegations of the answer to the effect that Chateneauf had a direct pecuniary interest with Arnaz, Ustassaustegui, and Molleda, at the time of the making of the contract in question, and that on October 28, 1872, when an ordinance was adopted by the board of trustees of the town, purporting to ratify and confirm the contract, and its subsequent assignment to the then existing complainant corporation, McKeeby and Molleda were members of the board of trustees; that their votes were essential to the adoption of the ordinance; that they voted for it, and thus passed it, and that they were at the same time holders of stock in the water company.

"The evidence shows that but three of the five members of the board of trustees, namely, Tico, Chateneauf and Escandon, participated, on the part of the town, in making the contract. It further shows that Chateneauf at the same time held for Escandon, who was the president of the board, an equal interest with Arnaz, Ustassaustegui, and Molleda in the subject matter of the contract. Such being the facts, I am of the opinion that the contract was absolutely void, and not merely voidable. The common law, on grounds of public policy, prohibits a trustee from contracting with himself. So does the statute of California. (Hittell's General Laws, p. 699; Political Code, secs. 920, 921 and 922.) The State statute referred to contains the further provision that every such contract may be avoided by any party interested therein, except the officer or officers making the contract, or having an interest in it, and it is contended for the complainant that the effect of this provision of the statute is to remove from such contracts the character of absolute nullity, and make them voidable merely. A similar statute of New York was held by the Commission of Appeals of that State to be merely declaratory of the common law, so far as it goes, in the case entitled Smith vs. City of Albany, (61 N. Y., 444.) And such is evidently the view taken by the Supreme Court of California of the California statute, for, in Wilber vs. Lynde, (49 Cal., 290,) where certain trustees of a corporation executed to themselves, on behalf of the corporation, its promissory notes, the Supreme Court of California held their action contrary to public policy and absolutely void, saying that the case came fully within the doctrine of the preceding case, entitled San Diego vs. The San Diego and Los Angeles Railroad Company, (44 Cal., 16.) In that case two of the three members of the Board of Trustees of the city of San Diego, assuming to proceed under an act of the Legislature of the State authorizing the president and trustees of the city to donate and convey to the railroad company such parcels of the pueblo lands of the city, not exceeding in amount 5000 acres, as they might deem advisable, and upon such terms and conditions as they might determine, passed a resolution granting to the railroad company 5000 acres of the city lands. One of the two trustees at whose instance the resolution was passed was at the time a stockholder in and a director of the railroad company. The court said:

"'We do not doubt that a majority of the trustees might execute the power, but the question is, whether Sherman, who was a stockholder and director of the railroad company, could be one of that majority. When he entered upon the duties of trustee, his relations to the city became those of an agent to his principal, or of a trustee to his cestui que trust, and while holding the office he could do nothing inconsistent with those relations. This is clear upon principle, and rests upon abundant authority.

"'The general principle is, that no man can faithfully serve two masters, whose interests are or may be in conflict. The law, therefore, will not permit one who acts in a fiduciary capacity to deal with himself in his individual capacity. "It may be regarded," says Parsons, "as a prevailing principle of the law, that an agent must not put himself, during his agency, in a position which is adverse to that of his principal. For even if the honesty of the agent is unquestioned, and if his impartiality between his own interest and his principal's might be relied upon, yet the principal has in fact bargained for the exercise of all the skill, ability, and industry of the agent, and he is entitled to demand the exertion of all this in his own favor." (1 Pars. on Cont. 74.) This principle has found expression in a large number of cases involving a great variety of circumstances. And it applies equally, whether one deals with himself, acting as sole trustee; or with a board of trustees, of which he is a member; or with the directors of a corporation of whom he is one.'

"A similar ruling was made by the same court in the more recent case of Davis vs. Rock Creek L. F. and M. Co., (55 Cal., 359.) The principle governing such cases is applicable alike to all officers and trustees of public and private corporations. (Dillon's Mun. Corp., vol. 1, sec. 444.) To permit a trustee to convey the interests of his cestui que trust to another, himself thereby securing an undisclosed interest with that other, would be to sanction a violation of the plainest principles of honesty and fair dealing. Such, according to the evidence in this case, was the transaction surrounding and entering into the contract in question, and it was for that reason void ab initio. If it be conceded that a contract so made admitted of ratification, precisely the same reasons which rendered the contract itself a nullity rendered ineffectual the attempted ratification and confirmation of it by the town ordinance of October 28, 1872; for the evidence shows that two of the four trustees voting for that ordinance, namely: McKeeby and Molleda, were at the time holders of stock in the complainant water company. That ordinance, by an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled 'An act to re-incorporate and extend the limits of the town of San Buenaventura, State of California, and also to change the name of Canyada street in said town to that of Ventura avenue,' approved March 29, 1876, (Stats. 1875-6, p. 534,) was approved and ratified. And prior to that, to-wit, on the 29th of March, 1870, a similar act was passed by the Legislature ratifying and confirming in general terms all ordinances, acts, and proceedings of the board of trustees of the town. While the Legislature may cure irregularities and confirm proceedings which, without the confirmation, would be void because unauthorized, (Mattingly vs. District of Columbia, 97 U. S., 690,) I do not think it can be properly held that the Legislature, by the acts referred to, ratified and confirmed a fraud not disclosed to it. The application of the doctrine of ratification always largely depends upon the circumstances of the case. In speaking of the application of the doctrines of ratification and estopple, it is said in Morowitz on Private Corporations, sec. 631a, 'The application of these doctrines necessarily depends in each case upon all the peculiar circumstances. The equity of the case must be determined. It is necessary to consider the character of the act with which it is sought to charge the corporation, the importance of the act, and the degree of publicity which was given to it. The good faith or bad faith of the parties, and their business relations are also important considerations.'

"Whether the ordinance in question violated those provisions of the Constitution of the United States declaring that no person shall be deprived of his property without due process of law, and securing every person the equal protection of the laws, need not now be determined, since under the provisions of the State Constitution and State statute pursuant to which it was enacted, its functions had ceased long prior to the final submission of this case, the chief object of which evidently was to procure a judicial determination of complainant's alleged rights under the contract of January 4, 1869. Inasmuch, however, as the defendant trustees are required to fix the rates annually in the month of February, it is perhaps not out of place to call attention to the case of Spring Valley Water Works vs. San Francisco (82 Cal., 286,) in which the Supreme Court of California, in considering that provision of the State Constitution relating to the fixing of water rates, held that the governing body of the municipality has not the right to fix rates arbitrarily, without investigation, and that, while not bound to give notice to a water company of its intention to fix such rates, it is nevertheless in duty bound to make proper efforts to obtain all information necessary to enable it to act intelligently and fairly in fixing the rates, and a failure to do so may defeat its action; that when the Constitution provides for the fixing of rates or compensation, it means reasonable rates and just compensation, and attention also to those decisions of the Federal courts in which it is held that the fixing of any such unreasonable rates as amount to a taking of private property without due process of law, or as operate to deprive a party of the equal protection of the laws, are contrary to the provisions of the Constitution of the United States, and, in appropriate proceedings, will be declared invalid. (Regan vs. Trust Company, 154 U.S., 412; Ames vs. Union Pacific Railway Company, 64 Fed. Rep., 165, and cases there cited.)

"From the views above expressed it results that the bill must be dismissed at complainant's cost, and it is so ordered.

"ROSS, District Judge."

## BURGLAR AND MURDERER.

### Steadman's Record in the East—Committed Many Crimes.

The following letter, received by Chief Glass, is another evidence of the reputation the city police department has abroad:

METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTM'T,
KANSAS CITY (Mo.,) Jan. 10, 1895.

J. M. Glass, Esq., Chief of Police, Los Angeles, Cal.—Dear Sir: Your letter and clipping in reference to Ed Steadman duly received. Accept congratulations, as I consider him one of the most desperate thieves and burglars in the country.

Inclosed find clipping, showing his record in this city. If you have photographed him, kindly give me one of his pictures. Yours truly,

THOMAS M. SPEERS,
Chief of Police.

The clipping is from the Kansas City Star, and brands Steadman as a notorious burglar and jail-breaker. He broke into several houses in Kansas City, and was captured, after being twice shot through the body, in a fight with detectives. He was thrown into an ambulance, believed to be nearly dead, and was sent unguarded to the Receiving Hospital. On arrival there, the ambulance was empty, and Steadman gone. It was learned that he afterward went to St. Joseph, Mo., and was there nursed to health by the women he afterward married. Then he went to Chicago and organized the gang of crooks that terrorized that city. He was taken and sent to Joliet, but broke jail and went to California. Here he got into trouble, and was sent to San Quentin for burglary. He broke from there, and was next in the Topeka (Kan.) penitentiary for burglary, but escaped from there after serving only a few weeks of a five years' term.

This "Ohio Fatty" owes five years at San Quentin, seven at Joliet and five at Topeka, and several more for other crimes as soon as he gets out. Aside from his burglary record, he has killed two men.

The Joliet authorities offered $500 reward for his recapture, and are now trying to take him away from the San Quentin authorities, but it is not probable that Gov. Budd will grant a requisition as long as he is wanted in California.

The Pinkerton Agency is also after Steadman, and probably there will be a big row between Illinois, Kansas and the Pinkertons for him as soon as San Quentin lets him out.

## UNCLE SAM'S WARSHIPS.

### Part of the Pacific Squadron to Go to San Diego Bay.

Somehow or other brass buttons and a pair of epaulettes have a fascination for the average female. The ordinary army or navy officer can give ace and spades to his brother civilian, and beat him every time in the favor of the society girl, and in the same way the festive police officer can corral the heart of "cooky" while the butcher or baker is standing by biting his thumbs.

And so this peculiar phase of feminine character is to be given due prominence in the near future. Four of the United States war vessels attached to the Pacific squadron have been ordered to sea for drilling purposes. The objective point is said to be San Diego Bay, and as Rear-Admiral Beardslee and other of the officers have engaged apartments for their families at the Hotel del Coronado for the season, color is given to the report.

With the exception of the flagship Philadelphia, now coaling at Mare Island, the vessels are a portion of the small fry of the navy, consisting of the Bennington, Alert and Ranger. But all the same, gay times are ahead, and already some of the ladies of Los Angeles are arranging for a flitting trip to the bay, and for several weeks receptions, hops and general gayety will be the order of the day.

### Wouldn't Do.

(New York Weekly:) Railroad Superintendent. Yes, I have decided to open a bureau of information for the accommodation of passengers who wish to know about trains, and I am looking for a good man to run it.

Applicant. Well, sir, I have been a railroad ticket agent for a good many years.

Superintendent. Then you won't do. I want a man who is accustomed to giving information.

WE HAVE increased our capacity for the manufacture of mirrors, and are now prepared to furnish anything in the looking-glass line at prices heretofore unknown. Remember that we guarantee the silvering of all our French-plate mirrors. Beveled plates of all descriptions made to order. H. Raphael & Co., No. 440 South Spring street.

SMITH'S Dandruff Pomade will eradicate all dandruff and restore the scalp to a healthy condition, thereby preventing baldness. A few applications will convince the most skeptical. Satisfaction guaranteed by H. M. Sale & Son, No. 220 Spring street.

DON'T fail to try the St. Louis A. B. C. Bohemian Bottled Beer, brewed by the American Brewing Company. It is the pure malt and hops. C. F. A. Last, wholesale dealer.

CHINESE and Japanese art goods and manufactory of ladies' underwear and gents' shirts to order. Reduced prices. Heng Lee, No. 505 North Main street.

Mackintoshes, Rain-coats and Gossamers

FOR WOMEN, FOR CHILDREN.

We are headquarters for storm garments, and our prices will convince you that we must do ALL of this business. There is wisdom in being first at this sale.

Elegant Rubber Faced Rain-coats, with capes, bought to sell for $3.50..... $1.98
Elegant Cloth Surface Rain-coats, with capes, sold until now for $4.50..... $2.25
Elegant Cloth Surface Rain-coats, in gray, in blue, in black, very serviceable.... $2.75
Elegant Cloth Surface Rain-coats, extra heavy, in colors, silk lined cape..... $4.75
Elegant Silk Surface Rain-coats, best quality, silk lined, a $15 garment for..... $8.50

PARISIAN CLOAK & SUIT CO., Importers, 221 S. Spring st

## NOTORIOUS CROOKS.

### THE WOODRUFFS WANTED BACK IN KANSAS.

### Broke Jail Twice, and in One Instance They Carried off All the Other Prisoners with Them.

Another feature of three-eyed peacock variety is about to adorn Los Angeles' thief-catching record, but this time she must share the glory with Pomona.

In the estimation of local detectives and police, the County Jail contains two of the most notorious thieves and Eastern jail-breakers that have come to this Coast. They are two brothers named Woodruff, Titus Henry Woodruff, alias Henry Wood, and Samuel G. Woodruff, alias J. W. Woodruff.

They were sent over from Pomona for petty larceny December 14, to serve forty and sixty days, respectively. For several months previous to their arrest a great deal of thieving had been going on in San Jose township, and especially in Pomona city, without any clew to the criminals being discovered. But City Marshal Lorbeer and Constable Slanker dropped down on their trail one morning and followed their wagon tracks through the mud up into the little canyon back of the town, where these people lived. A couple of wagon loads of plunder was found in the house.

They were convicted on only one specific charge of stealing a blanket and a plow, and were sent to the County Jail.

Newton Brown, ex-jailer at San Bernardino, where the fellows had once been confined, went to the jail about the first of the month and identified the two men to Detective George Insley as the two men he was looking for, and were wanted for jail-breaking in Kansas, and for whom he had been carrying requisition papers, signed by Gov. Markham, for over a year and a half.

The two had been jailed in the Lyons, Rice county, jail for burglary and robbery, and had broken from there. They were caught in McPherson, and were thrown into the McPherson County Jail, and they not only escaped from there, but took every other prisoner along with them. From there they fled to Southern California, and have been at their old tricks here.

Deputy Sheriff Frank Dowler knows them as great thieves all over Southern California, especially in Santa Ana and Pomona, and he has wanted them for horse-stealing. A nephew of theirs, Oscar Woodruff, is even now in the County Jail, held to answer from Pomona since December 10, for grand larceny and horse-stealing.

Detective Insley has been waiting for their terms to expire to nab them, but he learned that Mrs. Woodruff, alias Mrs. Wood, was about to pay her husband's fine and get his release, so he told her kindly not to waste her money, as he would be taken as soon as released. But she sought to circumvent the detective by paying the fine and retaining E. St. Julien Cox, Esq., to secure his release from the requisition by habeas corpus before the Kansas official Insley has telegraphed for can arrive.

Judge Van Dyke heard the appellant's statements yesterday, and has set January 17 for the hearing.

But the officers have enough against the prisoners to hold them months, if necessary, so it is probable they will remain here safely until the Governor of Kansas gets an officer here.

The wives and five children of these scamps followed them over here, as previously told in The Times, and were in very destitute circumstances. The Associated Charities loaned them a tent, and they camped in the river bed for awhile, but recently they went back to the cabin in the canyon back of Pomona, and have been there until Titus Woodruff's wife sold their last horse to pay his fine to release him from jail.

WHAT YOU NOTICE.

At first, perhaps, in taking the Carlsbad Sprudel Salt regularly, is a decrease in weight. It is getting rid of all the unhealthy, unnatural flesh and tissue—if you have any. That is what makes it so valuable in cases of obesity.

But after that, or, if you are thin already, the firm, sound, healthy flesh that you need comes in a thoroughly natural way. Your digestive organs are put into perfect condition; your appetite is sharpened; there's no waste; the food that you take nourishes you.

No matter whether you're too stout or too thin—the Carlsbad Sprudel Salt brings you to the proper, healthy standard, either way.

Take no imitations sold as "improved" or "artificial" Carlsbad Salt, which are only mixtures of ordinary Glauber Salt and Seidlitz Powder, sold by unscrupulous dealers in order to make larger profits. The only genuine imported article has the signature of "EISNER & MENDELSON COMPANY, Sole Agents, New York," and the seal of the city of Carlsbad on every bottle.

## AN ILLEGAL VOTER.

### One of the Commonwealers Behind the Bars.

A complaint was filed in the Township Court yesterday afternoon, charging Frank Holland with having illegally registered on September 29 last, and a warrant was issued by Justice Young for his arrest, and placed in the hands of Detective A. B. Lawson for service.

Holland, after serving a short term in the City Jail of San Francisco, joined the Commonwealers at Barstow last spring, and was committed to the County Jail by Judge Ross for eighty days for contempt of court. Five days after being discharged from that institution, he was registered by Deputy County Clerk C. W. Dobyns, where he swore that he had been a resident of the city for ninety days. The law, however, explicitly provides that confinement in any prison or public institution shall not gain for him a residence in the county, and under the statutes, therefore, Holland is charged with the commission of a felony.

Last evening Holland was arrested by one of Lawson's operatives and locked up in the County Jail.

Glenwood Cookstoves.

Have you seen them? There are no stoves on the market that approach them. If you want a cookstove that will give you perfect satisfaction in every respect, get a "Glenwood." You will see at a glance a dozen points of superiority if you look at them. They are sold by the W. C. Furrey Co., Nos 159 to 165 North Spring street. Call and see them.

Beware of Imposition!

The attention of fathers and mothers is called to the fact that Castoria is put up and sold in one size bottles only, and not in any other form. It cannot be purchased in bulk. The wrapper around each original bottle of Castoria bears the facsimile signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

All others are fraud. We caution the public against an unprincipled druggist who offers for sale a preparation, giving it a name sounding similar to Castoria, which is intended to deceive the public and enable him to make a few cents more profit, at the same time risking the health of children using such a preparation. Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

is on ev'ry wrapper.

son the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Look at This!

Washington Street.




These Beautiful lots in the best residence location of Los Angeles for sale at above mentioned prices and upon the following reasonable terms: One-third or one-quarter cash; balance in two or three annual payments, with interest at the low rate of 6 per cent. net.

Owners will build good houses for purchasers, if desired, on equally favorable terms. Only seven lots—first come first served. An unusual chance to get a home on graded streets in the very best neighborhood. City water, cement walks, close to electric cars.

Richard Altschul,
EXCLUSIVE AGENT.
123½ West Second st., Burdick Block.

Union Iron Works,
SAN FRANCISCO,
Ship and Engine Builders,
Electrical Machinery,
Mining Machinery,
Boilers, Tanks, Etc.

THE Animal Extracts

Prepared according to the formula of DR. WM. A. HAMMOND.

In his laboratory at Washington, D.C. The most wonderful therapeutic discovery since the days of Jenner.

CEREBRINE, . . From the Brain.
MEDULLINE, . . From the Spinal Cord.
CARDINE, . . . From the Heart.
TESTINE, . . . From the Testes.
OVARINE, . . . From the Ovaries.

The physiological effects produced by a single dose of Cerebrine are acceleration of the pulse with feeling of fullness and distention in the head, exhilaration of spirits, increased urinary excretion, augmentation of the expulsive force of the bladder and peristaltic action of the intestines, increase in muscular strength and endurance, increased power of vision in elderly people, and increased appetite and digestive power.

Dose, Five Drops. Price (2 drachms,) $1.

THE COLUMBIA CHEMICAL CO.
Washington, D. C.

Send for book.

Open all night.

Prescriptions filled at all hours of the night, and all medicines and drugs delivered to any part of the city without any additional charge.

Off & Vaughn,
Corner Fourth and Spring sts. Tel. 491.

## LEGAL.

### Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of The Los Angeles Electric Company will be held at the company's office, No. 457 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal., on Wednesday, the 16th instant, at two o'clock p.m., for the purpose of electing a board of five directors to serve for the ensuing year, and until their successors shall have been elected and qualified, and also to transact such other business as may be presented for their consideration.

W. R. BLACKMAN,
Secretary.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 2, 1895.

### Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Los Angeles Lighting Company will be held at the company's office, No. 457 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal., on Wednesday, the 16th instant, at three o'clock p.m., for the purpose of electing a board of five directors to serve for the ensuing year, and until their successors shall have been elected and qualified, and also to transact such other business as may be presented for their consideration.

R. M. ADAMS, Secretary.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 2, 1895.

AUCTION PROBATE SALE OF VALUABLE water rights near San Fernando. About fifteen inches already running and plenty more to be developed. Must be sold. Sale January 21, 12 o'clock at office of Clarence A. Miller, attorney, Bryson building, Los Angeles. For particulars apply to above office. DAVID H. SHERMAN, Administrator.

## LINES OF TRAVEL.

LOS ANGELES TERMINAL RAILWAY—
—In effect—
MONDAY, SEPT. 24, 1894.

| Leave Los Angeles for | | Leave for Los Angeles |
|---|---|---|
| *6:35 am | Pasadena | *7:15 am |
| 7:10 am | " | 8:05 am |
| 9:00 am | " | 9:05 am |
| 9:00 am | " | 10:35 am |
| 10:30 am | " | 12:30 pm |
| 12:25 pm | " | 1:45 pm |
| 1:40 pm | " | 3:05 pm |
| 3:00 pm | " | 4:05 pm |
| 4:00 pm | " | 5:35 pm |
| 5:20 pm | " | 7:05 pm |
| 6:20 pm | " | 8:05 pm |
| *11:30 pm | " | *12:15 am |
| **9:30 pm | " | **10:15 pm |
| 9:00 am | Altadena | 10:10 am |
| **10:30 am | " | **12:00 m |
| 1:40 pm | " | 2:40 pm |
| 4:00 pm | " | 5:00 pm |
| *6:40 am | Glendale | *7:26 am |
| **8:15 am | " | **9:12 am |
| **12:35 pm | " | **1:22 pm |
| 5:25 pm | " | 6:13 pm |
| Leave East San Pedro. | | |
| 9:55 am | Long Beach & S. Pedro | *7:25 am |
| **1:05 pm | Long Beach & S. Pedro | **7:50 am |
| *5:15 pm | Long Beach & S. Pedro | **11:20 am |
| **6:00 pm | Long Beach & S. Pedro | *2:40 pm |
| | Long Beach & S. Pedro | **4:15 pm |

RUBIO CANYON AND ECHO MOUNTAIN.
—Trains Leave Los Angeles—
9:00 am **10:30 am 1:40 pm 4:00 pm
Fine pavilion, new hotel, grand scenery.
*Daily except Sunday.
**Sunday only. All others daily.
Stages meet 8:00 a.m. and 12:35 p.m. trains at Pasadena for Wilson's Peak, via new trail. Passengers leaving Los Angeles at 8:00 a.m. for Wilson's Peak can return on same day. Good hotel fare at $3 per day.
City ticket office at A. B. Greenewald's cigar store, corner First and Spring streets.
Depots east end First-st. and Downey-ave. bridges. General offices, First-st. depot.
T. B. BURNETT, General Manager.
W. WINCUP, Gen. Pass. Agent.

REDONDO RAILWAY—
SPECIAL WINTER TIME CARD, NO. 14.
—IN EFFECT—
5 A.M., MONDAY, JANUARY 14, 1895.
Los Angeles Depot, cor. Grand ave. and Jefferson st. Take Grand-ave. cable or Main-st. and Agricultural Park horse cars.

| Leave Los Angeles for Redondo. | | Leave Redondo for Los Angeles. |
|---|---|---|
| 9:05 am | Daily | 7:30 am |
| 2:30 pm | " | 10:30 am |
| 5:30 pm | " | 4:10 pm |
| 8:05 am | Saturday and Sunday | 6:45 am |

7:30 train from Redondo in the morning makes run up in 45 minutes.
5:30 train from Los Angeles in the evening makes run down in 40 minutes.

Oceanic S.S. Co
(Spreckels' line)
Los Angeles to Honolulu and return $135. Yokohama and Hong-Kong via Honolulu and China lines. Round the world, 1st class, $510 to $610.
HUGH B. RICE, Agt.
134 W. 2d, Los Angeles

## LINES OF TRAVEL.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY—
TIME-TABLE, DECEMBER 20, 1894.
Arcade Depot, Los Angeles.

| Leave for | DESTINATION. | Arr. from |
|---|---|---|
| 2:10 am | "Sunset Limited," Fri...New Orleans..Sat. See foot-note. | 8:10 pm |
| 8:40 pm | Sat..San Francisco..Fri. | 1:30 am |
| 2:00 pm | San Fran. & Sacramento | 7:30 am |
| 7:45 pm | San Fran. & Sacramento | 1:48 pm |
| 2:00 pm | Ogden & East, 2d class. | 7:30 am |
| 7:45 pm | Ogden & East, 1st class. | 1:48 pm |
| 7:45 pm | Portland, Or | 7:30 am |
| 8:30 am | El Paso and East | 7:00 pm |
| 8:30 am | Deming and East | 7:00 pm |
| 8:30 am | Banning | 7:00 pm |
| | Redlands | **9:20 am |
| 8:30 am | Redlands | *10:10 am |
| 10:30 am | Redlands | 4:58 pm |
| 4:30 pm | Redlands | 7:00 pm |
| | Colton | **9:20 am |
| 8:30 am | Colton | *10:10 am |
| 10:30 am | Colton | 4:58 pm |
| 4:30 pm | Colton | 7:00 pm |
| | Riverside | **9:20 am |
| 8:30 am | Riverside | *10:10 am |
| 10:30 am | Riverside | 4:58 pm |
| 4:30 pm | Riverside | 7:00 pm |
| | San Bernardino | **9:20 am |
| 8:30 am | San Bernardino | *10:10 am |
| 10:30 am | San Bernardino | 4:58 pm |
| 4:30 pm | San Bernardino | 7:00 pm |
| 8:30 am | Chino | *8:45 am |
| | Chino | **9:20 am |
| 4:30 pm | Chino | *10:10 am |
| *5:25 pm | Chino | 4:58 pm |
| 8:50 am | Monrovia | 9:20 am |
| 2:15 pm | Monrovia | *12:45 pm |
| 5:15 pm | Monrovia | 4:20 pm |
| 7:30 am | Santa Barbara | 1:48 pm |
| 2:00 pm | Santa Barbara | 8:25 pm |
| 9:40 am | Santa Ana & Anaheim | 8:44 am |
| *1:55 pm | Santa Ana & Anaheim | *1:09 pm |
| 5:10 pm | Santa Ana & Anaheim | 4:29 pm |
| 5:10 pm | Tustin | 8:44 am |
| 9:40 am | Whittier | 8:44 am |
| *1:55 pm | Whittier | *1:09 pm |
| 5:10 pm | Whittier | 4:29 pm |
| 9:25 am | L. Beach & San Pedro. | 8:19 am |
| 12:55 pm | L. Beach & San Pedro. | 11:54 am |
| 5:03 pm | L. Beach & San Pedro. | 4:20 pm |
| 9:20 am | Santa Monica | 8:00 am |
| | Santa Monica | 8:51 am |
| 1:10 pm | Santa Monica | 12:12 pm |
| 5:15 pm | Santa Monica | 4:56 pm |
| 6:00 pm | Santa Monica | |
| 9:30 am | Soldiers' Home | 8:51 am |
| 6:00 pm | Soldiers' Home | 4:56 pm |
| 9:20 am | Port Los Angeles and | 12:12 pm |
| 1:10 pm | North Branch Station | 4:56 pm |
| *2:30 am | Chatsworth Park | *2:40 pm |

Chatsworth Park—Leave from and arrive at River Station (San Fernando st.) only.
*Sundays excepted. **Sundays only.

CATALINA ISLAND,
Connecting with W. T. Co.'s steamers at San Pedro.

| Leave for | ARCADE DEPOT. | Arr. from |
|---|---|---|
| 9:25 am | Saturday | |
| | Monday | 4:20 pm |

"Sunset Limited," east-bound, arrives and departs River Station only; west-bound, arrives and departs Arcade Depot. Passengers can board vestibuled sleeper of Sunset Limited at Arcade Depot Thursday evenings from 8 until 12 o'clock (midnight.) Tickets can there be bought and baggage checked until midnight, after midnight at River Station.

All of the seaside and local interior trains stop at the new station, corner of First and Alameda streets.

The train arriving from Santa Monica at 8 a.m. stops only at The Palms and University, between Santa Monica and Arcade Depot.

General passenger office, 144 S. Spring st.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA RAILWAY—
(Santa Fe route.)
IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 4, 1894.
Trains leave and are due to arrive at Los Angeles (La Grande Station,) First street and Santa Fe avenue.

| Leave for | DESTINATION. | Arr. from |
|---|---|---|
| 7:00 am | Overland Express | 6:30 pm |
| 5:00 pm | Chicago Limited | 9:35 am |
| 8:15 am | San Diego Coast Line | *1:15 pm |
| *4:20 pm | San Diego Coast Line | 6:45 pm |
| 7:00 am | San Bernardino via | 9:35 am |
| 9:00 pm | | *9:55 am |
| *4:00 pm | | *1:35 pm |
| 5:00 pm | Pasadena | 6:30 pm |
| 7:00 am | Riverside, via | *1:35 pm |
| 9:00 am | San Bernardino | 6:30 pm |
| *11:00 am | Riverside and San Bernardino, via Orange | 10:15 am |
| 4:20 pm | | 6:45 pm |
| 7:00 am | Redlands, Mentone and Highlands, via | **9:35 am |
| 9:00 am | | *9:55 am |
| 4:00 pm | | *1:35 pm |
| 5:00 pm | Pasadena | 6:30 pm |
| *11:00 am | Redlands and Mentone, via Orange and Riverside | 10:15 am |
| 4:20 pm | | 6:45 pm |
| 7:00 am | Monrovia, Azusa | *7:35 am |
| 9:00 am | | 8:50 am |
| 1:35 pm | and | **9:35 am |
| *4:00 pm | | *1:35 pm |
| **5:00 pm | | **5:35 pm |
| 6:50 pm | Intermediate Stations | 1:30 pm |
| 7:00 am | Pasadena | *7:35 am |
| 9:00 am | Pasadena | 8:50 am |
| *10:30 am | Pasadena | 9:35 am |
| 1:35 pm | Pasadena | **9:35 am |
| *4:00 pm | Pasadena | *11:30 am |
| 5:00 pm | Pasadena | *1:35 pm |
| **5:30 pm | Pasadena | 1:30 pm |
| 6:50 pm | Pasadena | 6:30 pm |
| 8:15 am | Santa Ana | 8:43 am |
| *2:00 pm | Santa Ana | *1:35 pm |
| 4:30 pm | Santa Ana | 6:45 pm |
| 7:55 am | Santa Monica | 9:46 am |
| 10:15 am | Santa Monica | 1:30 pm |
| 4:45 pm | Santa Monica | 6:34 pm |
| 10:00 am | Redondo | 1:30 pm |
| 4:45 pm | Redondo | 7:45 pm |
| *7:00 am | San Jacinto via Pasadena | *1:35 pm |
| *9:00 am | San Jacinto via Orange | *1:35 pm |
| *11:00 am | Temecula via Pasadena | *1:35 pm |
| *11:00 am | Temecula via Orange | |
| *8:15 am | Escondido via C't Line | *1:15 pm |
| **4:30 pm | Escondido via C't

# "DROVE BACK."

By W. Clark Russell.

[From a Special Contributor.]

It was in that voyage that I took in the Empire that I made up my mind to knock off the sea. We was homeward bound from Adelaide, and I was keeping a look-out one black night on the fok'sle, when, there coming a yelling spit of soaking blast slap into my face, I lifts up my fist and brings it down on the rail. For more than twenty year had I used the sea, and what was it come to? An old chest, two or three shifts of rags, a pair of sea-boots and, s'help me, no more. Through the improvidence of the sailor? By thunder, then, no! What's Providence got to do with such a withered life as the ocean? Saving means getting, and where in niggers is the getting to be found where it's all living hard, faring hard, dying hard, and going to hell after all?

Beef ye could chisel into snatch-blocks; pork too foul to grease your boots with; kicks and curses aft; wet and famine forrards—is it good enough? With a fok'sle so full of fired Dutchmen—why, when they hoist the English red ensign the flag's the bitterest lie since Annynius and Sophia.

But how was I to get a living ashore? That was the question that occupied my attention when I walked them decks in solitude. I'd say to my mates, "What 'ud you do if you knocked off?" and some was for going to sea again, and the rest was for the work'us. I'd seen so little of life ashore that I couldn't guess how men got their livings. What was a merchant? He was a covey who traded. What was a clerk? He was a covey who sat on a stool and wrote in a book. No use of my laying a course for the likes of that. My taste went to the country, deep inland. I fancied I'd like to get a job under a market-gardener. I'd feel pleased when I thought of reaping wheat and cutting down grass, of going home at sundown on top of a wagon-load of hay, the air sweet as nuts, and sitting down to a burstin' blow-out of ale and roasted apples, and bread and cheese. "Go away, salt water!" I'd think then.

I was about 35 years old, and looked 45; lobscouse'll serve yer measlier than weather. They say a weak heart paints the nose blue, which colors the spirits. Soup an' bully's worse than a decayed vital, and if yer leave yer teeth in the mess-kid, how many spoonfuls of pease-soup do it take to raise a wrinkle?

The ship duly arrived, and I, along with the rest, was paid off. There was twenty-two months' wages to make up, so I had scope to ride by. I took a lodging at No. 2, Bromley street, Commercial road, and spent £2 in a land-going-rig-out. Then I was at a loss. The name of the landlady was Mrs. Bloomer, and her husband was a waterman. Meeting her one day in the passage, as I was going to take a turn to look about me:

"I should like," I says, "to have a short yarn with you, Missis, if you've got a minute."

"Certainly, sir," she answers.

"Don't sir me, I beg," says I. "I'm no dog."

She steps me into a bit of a parlor, close with careful keeping. There was a little looking-glass over the mantel-shelf, bound in yaller gauze, with oyster shells for occasional ornaments, and a glass case, with a stuffed bird, in the front window."

"Can I sit?" says I.

"Why, yes," says she, smiling. "It can't hurt yer."

I put down my cap and took a chair, and says: "Mrs. Bloomer, I've been a sailorman all my life, and have come ashore to find a job, meaning to stop ashore. "I've got a few pounds, and can hold out for some time, and I want you to tell me how I ought to go to work."

"What's your age?" says she, looking me over.

I told her.

"There's many situations a-going," says she, "and a handy man ought never to want for a job. Why not turn waterman?"

"No more water for me," says I.

"Light porter," says she.

Thought she meant something to drink.

"Can you drive a 'orse?"

"I don't fancy driving," says I.

"Look 'ere, Mr. Pooley," says she, "your chance'll lie in advertising. Write out a little piece for the papers. It'll cost yer about three or four shillings to put in. 'Answers'll come, and you can pick and choose."

I allowed this to be up to the knocker, and in that same room she and me made out this advertisement:

"A sailorman wants a job. He is an all-round hand, useful anywhere and any time, being accustomed to a calling that runs a day's work into twenty-four hours, and pays no overtime wages. Address William Pooley, 2, Bromley street, Commercial Road, E."

When Bloomer came home that night he recommended me to put the piece into the paper which says it has the largest circulation in the world. This I did next day. Forgot the cost. Valuing it in pints of beer, call it four gallons. I'm a slow hand at reading, and it took me a smothered long time to spell through the advertisements on the day when the piece I had wrote was to appear. At last, down in a corner, I spies my name.

"Who's a-going to see this?" says I to Mrs. Bloomer, putting my finger upon it.

"It do look insignificant, certainly," said she.

"Who the blooming blazes is a-going to see it?" says I, a-bringing down my fist.

"Yer never can tell," says Mrs. Bloomer.

I went out for a turn that afternoon, and sat for a spell with an old shipmate that had brought up in the home, in Well street. He had said to me:

"You'll never git rid of it, Bill. O'er an' o'er I've been a-giving of it up. Six times have I been a-running, and I've tried my hand at barger, dorg-fancyin', and wheel chairman. All no go," says he. "Here I am, three weeks ashore from Jamaica, and now I'm looking for another ship. They don't want sailors on dry land. Yer'll be drove back to it."

When I returned to my lodging I found a letter addressed to Mr. William Pooley.

"Blistered if it ain't been seen arter all," said I, grinnin' like a fool.

I opens the letter and, going to the window, holds it out and reads it. It was from a gent, saying he had seen my advertisement, and was willing to give me a job, but I must invest some money along with him. Mrs. Bloomer said that I must look to get a number of letters of that sort. They was all thieves who wrote 'em, and I was to take no notice. She tore up the letter, fearing that I might be tempted to call upon the old covey.

Well, after that letter, I had no more. Who was a-goin' to see my name down in that there corner? I poked round at the office four days after the notice had appeared, and says to a clerk: "Considerin'," I says, "the cost I've been put to, I'm surprised," says I, "not to have got any answers."

"Put it in again," says he.

"Down in that corner?" says I. "What's yer charge for half of one of them pages of yourn, with that there notice printed big, right amidships of the white?"

"We don't do business in that sort of way," he says. "If we did, the cost 'ud keep yer to windward of jobs for the rest of yer shining days."

When I got to the lodging that afternoon, Mrs. Bloomer told me that a party had called to see me.

"Something in the job line?" says I.

"I can't say, I'm sure," says she, and I thought that her manner was changed. She had a sort of cast in her eyes, and looked at the wall past my head, though she was a-starin' hard at me and taking me in."

"What did the party want?" says I.

"She was a female," she answers, "I believe she'll be able to find yer a job, Mr. Pooley. She'll be here at half-past ten tomorrow morning, if convenient to you."

I went to my room and smoked a pipe. There were no letters in answer to my notice. The paper might have had the biggest circulation in the world, but its corner-pieces wasn't read. What female party was this a-asking after me? A good many women kept shops. Numbers was widows in the baccy, sweetmeat and other lines. Any sort of a job ashore would suit me, and one to my taste for all I knew might be coming a long tomorrow at half-past ten.

Half-past ten came around right enough, for if there's one thing that never disappoints a man it's time; that old bloke, drawed with a beard and a log-glass, always keeps his blushen word. There was no letter from the largest circulation. I had come back from getting a mouthful of breakfast and was a-shaving—it was about half-past ten; whilst I was all lather comes a knock, and Mrs. Bloomer sings out, "Mr. Pooley, the party that called yesterday is awaiting to see you in my parlor."

"Right," says I, and wiping off the soap, I put on my jacket and went downstairs.

There was a woman and her little boy standing by the table. She wore a green hat, and looked to be got up for a Sunday outing. The boy for his tidy looks was like one of them children that sings in the streets along with men in clean jumpers, and women with babies under their shawls. Mrs. Bloomer, standing beside the door, says: "This is Mr. Pooley."

When I steps in the woman took and dodged a bit, shooting her head out first to port, then to starboard, a-screw-driving of her eyes into me with the twistings of her face. She then says faintly:

"Lor—why—yes, Bill!" and grasping the table she fell to rocking herself very quietly, saying once or twice, softly, "Bill, Bill," but with a note of such grief and reproach that an old goat might have been moved by it.

"What's this?" says I, turning upon Mrs. Bloomer.

"Oh, Bill," shrieks the woman on a sudden, holding out her hands to me, "don't pretend not to know me if I'm not to drop dead. Here's your child, your own little William. He was 6 months old when you left me, and—and—oh, William, think—now he's 6 years!" And with that she lifts him right on to the table, calling out, "Look at your father, Billy. Ask him if he ain't ashamed to have left his poor wife for nigh six year, with never one word to say whether he was alive or dead?"

I thought to myself, "Bloomed if I don't think now that them cornerpieces in the largest circulation are read." Mrs. Bloomer's face was like a ship's figurehead, hard with feelings.

"You're quite mistaken," says I. "I never was married in this here world, and so if I've got a wife she must be an angel."

"Never was married!" she screamed, running up to me, whilst the boy sang out, "Mother, I shall fall!" and Mrs. Bloomer put him down. "Never was married!" she shrieks. "D'yer mean to say you forget courting me at my father's, Simon Dadds' who kept the hostillery called the 'Sinking Star,' on the Sandwich Road? Never was married!" she yells, with her words streaming in a quick rattle like coal from a tip, "when the church was St. George's, at Deal, and the date June 21, 1876? Never was married? Oh, Bill!" and seizing me by the arm she pulls me to the window, and sobs out, "Oh, Bill! If you ain't so changed, I can't be. I've been alone for night six years. Look at your child; it's me as has fed him and done for him, or where'd he be? Don't say yer don't know me. I never expected that."

And here, letting go of my arm, she buries her face, and lets fly all her nerves in screechings.

"Why don't you comfort her?" says Mrs. Bloomer.

"Why don't you?" says I. "She's got nothen to do with me."

With that I wafks out. The woman flies after me.

"Bill! Bill!" she bawls, catching hold of me.

I turned and said: "What's it yer want?"

Here the young 'un began to cry, roaring for mother.

"What's all this about?" says Bloomer, coming up from the kitchen. He'd got a cold in his head, and was a-lying by.

"Joe," answered Mrs. Bloomer, "this poor woman has been deserted, along with her child, for nigh upon six year, and now she says she's found her man in Mr. William Pooley."

"I've had almost enough of this here larking, han't you?" says I to the woman. "Who are yer, and what dy'er want? You don't believe I'm your husband. Bloomer, s'elp me, as I stand a diving man, I never was married, and that woman knows it."

"How should she know it?" squawked Mrs. Bloomer, like a gull in a gale.

"Got yer there, Pooley," in a voice thick as gruel with cold.

"I was married," cried the woman, "at St. George's Deal, January 21, 1876, and William Pooley was my man's name. Simon Dadds was my father, and kept a hostillery. Oh, ma'am, that he can stand there and pretend not to know or remember! If my father were alive—he was a sailor then," she sings out, pointing to me. "Will you tell me that you don't recollect stopping the carriage at the Deal Lugger Inn, as we drove from church, and treating the boatmen? Didn't yer likewise stop at the 'Yarmouth Packet' and keep father awaiting dinner for us——?"

"I tell yer," I roared out, breaking in to her noise, "that I don't know yer, and that I never was married, and that you've mistook your man."

Here Bloomer, stumping back to his kitchen, stops at the head of the staircase to call out:

"Settle it quickly, and don't make no noise, for this 'ouse 'as got a name to lose. I know what sailors are, and mubbee it is, and mubbee it ain't. Lizzie, keep you clear, and if the parties'll come to tarms outside, it'll be agreeable," and down he went.

"Are you going to tell me, Mr. Pooley," says Mrs. Bloomer, whose face showed like a relish for this shindy, for all that it was as hard as sailors' beef, "that there's no truth in this party's statements?"

"None," I yelled, for their working up of an old iron was a-making me red hot.

"And yer tell us," says Mrs. Bloomer, with a sneer, "that a woman's memory won't allow her to recognize her husband after six years of desertion?"

"He was six months old," says the other, sobbing and pointing to her boy, "when he left. He sailed in a ship called the Miranda. I've never heard of him since, but I knew he was alive, for he desarted at Sydney, and arrived at Liverpool in a ship called the Simon Orkins, and that I larnt," she screamed, rounding upon me, "from Jim Redpath, who had sailed with yer afore, and came home with yer in the 'Orkins."

When she had said this I pulled off my jacket and waistcoat, bared my arms to the elbows, and, opening my starched shirt, I turned it under that they might see to the flesh of me. They yelled and fell back, thinking I was going for them, and Bloomer came upstairs again, sneezing. I ran my finger through my hair, and, flinging open the house door, that the light of God, which the minister says is the truth itself, might shine upon me, I lays hold of the woman and pulls her on to the doorsteps, and sings out:

"Now, look at me. Can yer see me? Was this 'ere chest your William's?" and I gives my bosom a thump. "Was this 'ere arm your William's?"

"Yes," she shrieks, "that was his crusifige."

"Was this here face your William's?" says I, slapping my forehead, and I shoves it into her'n, and sings out: "Look again. Look by God's light. Look if your durned perishing William ever had such a face upon him as mine in all his goin' a-fishin."

There was a crowd by this time, and, noticing it, I steps into the passage, picks up my clothes, and goes upstairs.

After this I shifted my shanty. There was nothing to be lost, I allowed, by a change of address as they call it. By this time all notion of getting a job out of the largest circulation was clean gone. I hired a room in Smith street, Stepney. The house was kept by Mrs. Gumble, widow of a coasting skipper. When I paid Mrs. Bloomer she took my money scornfully, and I think would have spoke, but my eye kept her quiet; my pulling off my coat, too, and hauling of the lying party onto the pavement had done Mrs. Bloomer good.

I still carried some pounds of good money in my pocket, but guessed if I didn't fall in with a situation soon the old leather purse 'ud be showing like the end of a long voyage. I answered advertisements and hunted about; it was all no good—nobody wanted me. What was expected was always exactly what I hadn't got. Then they wanted written characters, and I had nothing but "V.G." certificates to show 'em. I told Mrs. Gumble I wanted to give up the sea and settle ashore, and she answered that in her heart she couldn't blame me. She advised me to put in a little notice. I told her I'd done so.

Says she, "though once might be of no use, twice might work the traverse; try another paper."

After considering the thing, and understanding it might find me a chance if it did no more, I walked round to another newspaper with the same piece that had appeared in the corner of the largest circulation, only instead of signing my name William Pooley to it, I took the name of William Treakell, my mother's name afore her marriage, partly because I reckoned that as William Pooley I'd had all the innings I was going to get, whilst Treakell was like starting on a fresh voyage, and partly because I didn't want my name to meet the eye of the lying party.

And now I'm going to tell you what, I daresay, you'll not believe; but if it ain't true, then my eyes aren't twins. Two days after the piece had appeared I returned to Stepney from a cruise to Regent street. When I walks in, Mrs. Gumble calls out from her back room: "Is that you, Mr. Pooley?"

"Pooley it is," says I, stopping at the foot of the steps.

She comes out and, looking hard at me, says: "There's a party, with a boy, inquiring arter you."

"Female party?" says I.

"Yes," says she.

"What does she want?"

"She says that her husband left her when her child was six months old. He was a seafaring man. His name was Pooley," says she, looking at me very hard. "He didn't always used to sign on under that name, and sometimes shipped himself as William Treakell," I breathed short. "It was his mother's maiden name," said Mrs. Gumble.

"What brought her to this house," says I, talking as if I'd just had a tooth drawed.

"She's always on the lookout for her husband, and reads the advertisements in the papers. She saw the name of Treakell an' says you're her man. She described yer," said Mrs. Gumble, begining to talk with a sort of a snarl (there's a durned sight too much of fellow-feeling among people of Mrs. Gumble's sort.) "She gave me your likeness in words as though she talked with your picture in her 'and. She says yer lodged at Mrs. Bloomer's, down out of Commercial road, and left that house because she discovered yer."

"Well," says I.

"Well," says she, "she'll be here tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, and hopes it'll be convenient for you to see her."

"It'll be convenient for me to see her in——" but I stopped myself; the bloomin' joke was past beyond all cusses. "How in flames did she know," says I, "that I called myself Treakell?"

"She asked if the Treakell as lodged here answered to the description she gave of yer. 'No Treakell lodges here,' says I, 'but I've a party stopping in the house as is the same as you describe.' 'Then his name's Pooley,' says she. 'Pooley it is,' answered I, the surprise making me answer quick. Then she tells me yer married her at Deal, and desarted her when yer infant babe was six months old."

"I'll not see the hedgehog," I burst out. "She's ten stun o' lie from hat to heel. Don't let me be troubled by her. She's no wife of mine."

"You won't see her, d'yer say?"

"Look here! Is there any letter for me?"

"Nary letter. You won't see her, d'yer say?"

"Nary letter?" I says. "It cost me four bob, and who the blooming blazes is a going to see it where they've gone and stuck it, right amidships of a whole smother of like notices? If they takes yer money why don't they find yer in answers? Damn me if it ain't worse than picking your pocket, to entice a man into spending four bob, and never a one withered reply in two days."

"So yer won't see her, then?" says Mrs Gumble, lifting of her eyebrows, and sourly spreading of her lips till I saw the red of her false teeth at the back of her jaw.

I just wished deep down in me that she'd been Gumble instead of his widder, and passed upstairs.

I went to a coffee-house for breakfast early next morning, and was messing about all day looking after a job, but could get nothing to do, not even down at the docks, though I remember thinking, when it came to my turning my eye in that direction, that if I was to knock about ships for a living, I'd better go to sea for good. There was no country fancies in the Isle of Dogs, no smell of the haystack, no scent of the milkmaid in the breezes there. I went back home to my lodgings in the evening, wore out. Mrs. Gumble told me that the party had called at 10 o'clock along with the boy; but I wouldn't hear tell of her, and went straight to my bedroom, and lay down on my bed to smoke a pipe, and to consider whether this sort of seeking for a job wasn't like asking the way to the workhuss.

I lay late next morning, being, as I have said, worn out. 'Sides, what was there to get up for? Of course, it would be the old joke over again, ways of refusing of a man that was the same as punching his head, loafing about all day long, coming home and no letters, and wondering if drowning was as quick as hanging.

I was getting out of bed at noon, when comes a knock upon the door, and Mrs. Gumble's voice says, "You're wanted."

Who wants me?" says I.

"An officer of the court," she answers.

I opened the door to hear her, and putting my head out, says: "What court?"

"The Police Court," says she.

"What does he want?"

"You come down and he'll tell yer."

I dressed and went down stairs. Mrs. Gumble, hearing my footsteps, beckoned me into the front parlor, and there I found the party as claimed me for her husband, the young 'un, and a tall man with strong whiskers, dressed like a police boss.

"Now, sir," cries out the party when I steps in; "that's my 'usband, William Pooley. He deserted me——"

"This female," says the officer, "was up at the court this morning, asking the magistrate's advice. His Washup sent me round to inquire into her complaint. She says you're her husband. If she can prove that, you're liable for her maintenance—her's and her youngster's."

"His youngster," says the party.

"This all comes along," says I, "of my stepping ashore, and putting a piece in the paper with the 'opes of getting a job. If that," says I, pointing to the party, "is the sort of a job that's offered to sailormen when they comes ashore sick of the sea, the sooner it's aboard and 'up keeleg' with them the better. Mr. Officer, I'm no married man, and she knows I never was her husband. I was in Bombay in a ship called the Sutlej when she says I was a-marrying of her at Deal."

"Oh, you liar!" shrieked the party.

"If he can prove he didn't marry yer, there's an end," says the officer, turning to the female.

"He's got a crusifige on his arm," she yelled; "so had my William. What made his take the name of Treakell? Don't it stand to reason? His name's William Dooley, and Mr. Officer, he's my man—growed nothing, broadened a little, certainly, but its William's face after six years, and, oh, William," she cried out, "how can you deny it?"

The officer looked very hard at me, and then very hard at the female, and then says to her, "If he can prove an alibi, what are you going to do? Have you got no certificate of discharge," says he, "going back six years?"

"Have I," says I, and rushing up stairs I brought him down a handful. There was seven, and they went back twelve years. He turns 'em about, then, asking for the date of the marriage, says:

"Here y'are. He's spoken the truth. This man was at sea when you said you were married to him."

"And am I to believe they're his own certificates," cried the woman. "Aren't sailors every day a-forging of these here V.G.'s?"

"Put 'em up," says the officer to me, "I can't help you missis," says he, taking up his hat.

Just one hour later I met an old shipmate on the steps of the shipping yard at Tower Hill.

"What are you doing here, Bill?" says he.

"Looking for a ship," says I.

"I heard that you'd squared yards with the sea and was ashore for a settlement."

"And a settlement it's been," says I, and just then, some one singing out for hands for a China clipper, I steps in, scarce smiling as I thought of that night when I brought my fist down on the forecastle rail of the Empire.

(Copyright, 1895, by Clark Russell.)

## LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

### Not "All Work and No Play."

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 14.—(To the Editor of The Times.) There are cranks and cranks, but one of the worst brought to light is "A Parent," who cries out against the parade of the school children in the coming La Fiesta ceremonies. One would think from perusing his (or her) letter that the writer either passed a gloomy childhood or else he has grown so selfish as to have forgotten he ever had one. There is no better relaxation from the studies of childhood than the exercise of a march, and the consequent drills give them a stimulating exercise they need and enjoy. "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy" is as true today as it ever was. I am sure there was no finer feature of La Fiesta parade last year than that of the bright, healthy children of the public schools. Their evolutions were nearly perftction, and the "company front" in which they marched around the corners of the streets was the very poetry of motion and called for the unstinted plaudits of the multitude of spectators.

Aside from marching in the parade the practice of teaching children to march is of inestimable value to them all along through after life.

The men and women of today who have the stateliest bearing and ease and grace upon our streets and our halls are those who, in their school days, learned to march.

No, the pride of the nation is its public schools, and when this Angel City has a grand public demonstration, such as La Fiesta will be, let every pupil take part.

NOT A PARENT.

### Quien Sabe?

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 14.—(To the Editor of The Times:) Can any of your readers inform me why property at Coronado Beach is assessed in 1894 at three times the amount at which it was assessed in 1892-93? I should be glad to be informed that another boom had visited Coronado Beach and await a reply. TAXPAYER.

## MUSICAL MENTION.

In spite of the storm, there were quite a number of people at Music Hall last evening to hear Chevalier de Kontski for the last time in the concert tendered him by the musical talent of Los Angeles. Several of the well-known musicians assisted, and a fine programme was rendered. Chevalier de Kontski was enthusiastically received and responded to several encores. Following is the programme: Piano duet, "Andante," from C minor symphony (Beethoven,) Mrs. Masac and William Piutti; vocal quartette, "Spring Song" (Pinsuti,) Mrs. Schooley, Mrs. Dr. Owens, Mr. Zinck, C. S. Cornell; violin solo, "Souvenir re Bade" (Leonard,) Harley E. Hamilton; contralto solo, "La Stella Confidente" (Robaudi,) Mrs. Jenny T. Kempton, with violin obligato by H. E. Hamilton; Chevalier de Kontski; flute solo, "Fantaisie de Concert" (Terchak,) Walter C. McQuillen; male quartette, "On the Sea" (Dudley Buck,) Mr. Zinck, Dr. Semler, Messrs. C. S. Cornell, W. Blake; Chevalier de Kontski; vocal quartette, from "Semiramide" (Rossini,) Mrs. Modini-Wood, Mrs. Kempton, Mr. Modini-Wood, C. S. Cornell; Chevalier de Kontski.

### Licensed to Wed.

Marriage licenses were issued at the County Clerk's office yesterday to the following persons:

Frank Salmons, a native of Georgia, 28 years of age, of Escondido, to Hazel R. Wood, a native of California, 25 years of age, of this city.

George H. Wigmore, a native of California, 26 years of age, to Martha E. A. Heinsch, also a native of California, 25 years of age; both of this city.

Albert S. Alvord, a native of Michigan, 27 years of age, of this city, to Lillian Covey, a native of Missouri, 18 years of age, of Lincoln Park.

Charles A. Westenberg, a native of Pennsylvania, 32 years of age, of San Bernardino, to Jessie F. de Wolfe, a native of New York, 32 years of age, of this city.

T. A. Kiser, a native of North Carolina, 29 years of age, to Effie L. Foley, a native of California, 23 years of age; both of this city.

### Romance of Pumpkin Hollow.

The old folks had gone to bed, and Sime and 'Mandy were in the dim little parlor, where burned a slow fire of sizzling hickory logs in the old-fashioned fireplace. The wintry blasts shook the old farmhouse and the windows rattled, and a puff of smoke now and then came down the chimney on a return trip and circled familiarly about the room, but Sime and 'Mandy didn't mind it. They were sitting very close together. Sime, with throbbing heart and faltering tongue, had declared himself and 'Mandy had listened shyly and with down-cast eyes.

Sime's arm stole in a casual and apparently accidental way along the back of her chair.

"And you'll have me, 'Mandy?"

"Yes, Sime."

It was spoken softly, but Simon heard it, and there was a sound like that of a quart of cold mush colliding violently with the side of a brick house.

Then the stalwart young man recovered himself and rose to his feet.

"'Mandy," he said, with the assured bearing of a man accustomed to acting with business-like promptness in all the great emergencies of life. "I've got to go to Chicago next Wednesday with four carloads of hogs, and we'll get married in the mornin' and make the trip together."


MALARIA.

HOW TO KEEP IT OFF.

A Simple Vegetable Remedy.

"I was attacked with malarial fever in the summers of both 1882 and '83, and became very much reduced in flesh, and my friends thought I would die. I was induced to try Simmons Liver Regulator and commenced improving at once. Before taking three bottles of Regulator I was entirely well of malarial poison and have not had an attack of it since. . . . My son had a severe attack of chills and I gave him a few doses of Regulator, which completely cured him." —John T. Chappell, Poplar Mount, Va.

The Joke Didn't Work.

A man at a Glasgow hotel in a loud tone of voice called his friend back just as he was leaving the dining-room, and then whispered to him:

"How far would you have got if I hadn't called you back?"

The other, straightening himself up, replied in a tone loud enough for all to hear:

"No, sir, I won't lend you £5; I haven't got it on me, and if I had I wouldn't let you have it until you have paid me what you borrowed two months ago."

His friend will never call him back again in a public dining-room.

WOMEN, GET STRENGTH.

No Excuse for Debility and Nervousness.

What Paine's Celery Compound Does in a Few Short Weeks—It Makes a Tremendous Difference With Tired, Sickly Women.

(Boston Herald:) In thousands of homes some one, father, mother or brother, is actually dying from starvation of the nerves and blood. This lack of nutrition of some vital part is not usually called by the harsh word "starvation," but it amounts to the same thing. It is called dyspepsia, neuralgia, Bright's disease, rheumatism or nervous prostration, headaches or sleeplessness.

This general feeling of discomfort throughout the body shows a literal starvation of some of the important organs of the body, either heart, kidneys, stomach, liver or nerve centers.

Scores of men and women showing their first gray hair, who in business and society wear a smiling countenance, are tormented in private life by a despondency they can scarcely explain, which renders their life almost unendurable. Such mental depression, falling short of insanity, occurs most often at the "turning point" of life, or soon after it, and is a lamentably common complaint.

After middle life the body often becomes bloodless, the nerve tissues impoverished. Then Paine's celery compound supplies building material for used-up blood and nerves. It makes people strong, ruddy and well. It regulates the nerves, feeds their wasted, exhausted parts, purifies the blood of all dangerous humors and brings back strength and health. Where there is a gradual loss of strength, a growing thinness, irritability and nervousness, Paine's celery compound keeps up the strength and resists the final breakdown to a state of invalidism and of constant suffering that is likely to come where nothing is done to check the wasting process.

It is upon women that the great burden of tiring, exhausting and petty duties fall.

Hundreds of homes might be saved from sickness and unhappiness if the wife or the husband, or some member of the household could only see how near aid and comfort is to the dear ones who are slowly drooping and relaxing their interest in the things about them, preparatory to leaving them forever. Paine's celery compound is within the reach of every home in the land where there is illness. It has met the unqualified approval of reputable physicians of every school.

SEE THAT CAN

(Look out for that label)

COCOA IS FOOD AND DRINK IN ONE.

NOURISHMENT STRENGTH AND ECONOMY IN

GHIRARDELLI'S COCOA.

Refuse any substitute offered 'as good as"—it isn't.

Many Wonderful Cures.

Dr. Hong Soi,

Chinese physician and surgeon, has successfully treated many patients unable to get relief from other physicians. He is the sixth generation of doctors in his family, having graduated and received his diploma from the medical schools of Canton.

He has made many wonderful cures of consumption, rheumatism, asthma, catarrh, kidney and liver troubles, and all other diseases. Dr. Hong Soi uses only herb medicines and no poisonous drugs. All diseases carefully and correctly diagnosed by feeling the pulse.

Many testimonials at his office of many wonderful cures. During seven years' residence in Los Angeles he has cured over 4200 people.

Dr. Hong Soi, 334 S. Broadway

Los Angeles, Cal.

INCUBATORS and BROODERS, for a short time sold at cost to make room for new LOS ANGELES INCUBATOR.

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TELEPHONE 11


# The Times.

# Annual Trade Number.

## January 1, 1895.

Triple Sheet, 36 Pages.

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THE TIMES-MIRROR CO.,

TIMES BUILDING, LOS ANGELES.

# SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA NEWS

## PASADENA.

### THE CHAIN-GANG ORDINANCE IS NOW IN FORCE.

### Hobos Will Now Give the City a Wide Berth—Important Street Improvements—Briefs and Personals.

PASADENA, Jan. 14. — (Special Correspondence.) At the regular meeting of the Board of Trustees this afternoon all members, excepting Trustee Hamilton, were present when the roll was called. After the reading of the minutes the ordinance providing for "public works," otherwise called the "chain gang," was read a second time. Trustee Lukens said he was in a quandary regarding the advisability of passing such an ordinance, as it would involve considerable expense, as there are now no quarters suitable for the use of any considerable number of tramps. City Attorney Arthur stated that City Marshal Buchanan had bethought him of a scheme for furnishing accommodations for the convicted hobos, where they could be kept in restraint and at the same time be made to be useful. He proposed to rent a corral where there is an inclosed shed, which with blankets, could be made as comfortable as the gentry are accustomed to, and could be watched by a guard. Trustee Weed said that he introduced the ordinance to comply with a general demand for protection against the tramps, who are becoming bold and troublesome to citizens, especially in the suburbs. Trustee Washburn said he favored such an ordinance because its enforcement would scare away the tramps so that after a while there would not be many to take care of. The ordinance was declared passed, all members voting for it.

The accompanying ordinance defining the acts of vagrants as misdemeanors, punishable by terms in the "public works," was passed, all members voting for it.

An ordinance adopting general specifications for sewers was introduced, read for the first time, and referred to the Committee on Ordinances and Judiciary.

A report from the City Engineer was received, stating that he had taken levels of the alley running from Fair Oaks and Raymond avenue, between Colorado and Union streets. It was adopted.

Ordinances establishing the grade of a portion of Illinois street and of Arbor street were read for the first time and referred to the Street and Alley Committee.

Trustee Lukens moved that hereafter all ordinances establishing or re-establishing grades be referred to the Street and Alley Committee, who shall present the same to the board.

The question of building a sewer on Colorado street east of Los Robles avenue, was brought up by the appearance of a protest against the original proposition. It comes out that such a sewer could be used only by the property-owners on the north side of Colorado street, and the property-owners on the south side naturally object to help pay for benefits that they cannot share. As a result of the discussion which followed it was moved and carried that the City Engineer be instructed to draft a diagram of an assessment district for such a sewer on Colorado street from Los Robles avenue to the east line of Mr. Frost's new house.

A ten days' extension of time was granted to Contractor E. J. Hart for completing his work on South Madison avenue.

Permission was granted to the Pasadena Hardware Company to build a corrugated iron shed near the rear of its own premises.

The report of Judge M. J. Hester, declaring his opinion that, though he criticises the proposed new charter as a document full of errors, the Board of Trustees has no option in the matter of calling an election to vote upon the adoption or rejection of it. The report was ordered placed on file. It was the sense of the board that to satisfy the people it would be necessary to hold the election, even though the defeat of the measure is a foregone conclusion.

A communication was received from Street Superintendent J. A. Buchanan, calling attention to the urgent necessity of opening streets in localities thus described: Extending Center or some other street between Madison and Moline avenues, as there is no cross street between Colorado and California streets; extending De Lacy street between Kansas and Dayton streets; opening a street between Lincoln and Pasadena avenue north of Orange Grove; extending Villa street from Vernon avenue to Lincoln avenue. In his opinion public convenience would be served by making the suggested changes.

Trustee Washburn brought up the subject of changing the name of Kansas street to Green street, in compliance with the petition presented several weeks ago and laid on the table. Trustee Lukens moved that the clerk be instructed to publicly announce that the proposition to make such a change would come up at the next meeting of the board, and all persons opposed to such a change should then appear and state their objections. The motion carried.

Trustee Washburn asked City Attorney Arthur if the board had any power to condemn a right of way for a water course across the land of J. H. Baker on Dayton street, in the line of De Lacy street if that thoroughfare should be opened. The attorney will give his opinion later. The discussion brought out the fact that though Mr. Baker was originally so much in favor of opening De Lacy street through that he proposed to donate the lot necessary. After the city, through Trustee Washburn, had bought of Smith & Hughes for $450 another lot necessary for such street dedication Mr. Baker stated that his wife objected to giving away the lot, but would sell it. Thus the opening of De Lacy street is delayed.

#### A WATER PICNIC.

The picnic to be given by the Lake Vineyard Land and Water Company to all who come, will be held next Saturday, the 19th inst., at Flutter-wheel Springs, the mouth of the new tunnel near Devil's Gate. The company will provide tables and coffee, and the public is asked to bring their lunch in baskets. The tables will be spread and the covers lifted at 1 p. m. Preparations are being made for a grand time, if the weather permits. Those attending the picnic who may wish to enter the tunnel will do well to take with them their rubber coats and boots for its interior is damp as it should be. It will be an excellent opportunity to visit the headworks of Pasadena's water supply.

#### PASADENA BREVITIES.

At the funeral services of Miss Maud Jones, which were held Sunday afternoon at the home of the family, on Fillmore street, the attendance was very large. The white casket, in which the body of the young girl was laid away, was covered with violets and other flowers, and the parlor was filled with the perfume of many other lovely floral offerings sent in by friends. The religious services were conducted by Rev. Florence Kollock. The pall-bearers were six young gentlemen, who had been schoolmates of the deceased.

The funeral of the late Mrs. L. C. Foote was held Sunday afternoon at the Christian Church. Many floral offerings had been sent in. Among them were a screen of white carnations, a pillow of white carnations, with the word "rest" traced in blue violets, and an anchor of blue violets from the Y.P.S.C.E., and a bouquet of white roses tied with white ribbon, from the Junior Christian Endeavor. The young people's Sunday-school class sent a beautiful pillow of white roses and blue violets.

Luther J. Crowell died at his home on Center street Sunday evening after a long illness, surrounded by members of his family. The deceased had lived in Pasadena since 1885. He was born at Warren, R. I., in 1843, and came to this Coast in 1873. He was at one time commander of the John R. Godfrey Post, G.A.R., of this city, and was a leading spirit in that order at his Eastern home. He leaves a widow, mother, sister and several brothers to survive him.

By mutual consent, the hearing of the writ of review in the railroad franchise case did not come up in the Superior Court today, as it was expected to; but was postponed until next Monday. At that time the attorneys and the members of the Board of Trustees will all be present. The transcript of proceedings, ordered by the court, has been prepared by City Clerk Dyer, and is a voluminous document.

In voicing people's complaint about the awful dust that prevailed Sunday and the day before, The Times did not intend to bring down this rain. It was not the lack of rain that was complained of, but the sprinkling wagons.

One of the attractions of Miss Ethel Graham's concert at the Hotel Green Tuesday evening, will be Foley Parker of Los Angeles, the character singer, who is so popular. After the concert there will be a hop.

It will pay all music lovers to hear the Neally Stevens philharmonic concert, Tuesday evening, at the Tabernacle. Tickets at Dimonds Music House.

P. A. Collins says he was attacked by a footpad on South Fair Oaks avenue, near Dayton street, Sunday morning, but drove off the would-be robber.

A. B. Manahan of this city, who, for some time, has been managing some mines for L. J. Rose in Arizona, has returned home.

The auction sale of curios, paintings, etc., at No. 34 South Raymond avenue, has been postponed till Tuesday at 10 o'clock a.m.

The Pasadena "Liner" department is in the last column of this page. Announcements of local interest will be found there.

Mrs. C. K. Giles, Miss Mary Giles, Miss Bertha Giles, Mme. Ferry and Miss Baldwin of Chicago are at the Hotel Green.

Mrs. Gregg and son have moved hither from Los Angeles and rented the cottage of Mr. Lutz, on Center street.

There are now 1785 pupils enrolled in the Pasadena public schools—209 in the High School alone.

The annual parish meeting of the Universalist Church was held this evening.

Miss Gardner has returned from her visit with friends up North.

## SANTA MONICA.

### Too Many Hobos—Prosperous School Days—Other Local Affairs.

SANTA MONICA, Jan. 14.—(Special Correspondence.) In common with neighboring places Santa Monica is over-supplied this winter with specimens of the genus hobo. Not all who line up under the general designation, however, properly belong to the class. Some who fall under suspision are veritably men out of work who would prefer to be employed. Such an one was in the contingent arraigned before Justice Barackman on Monday. The score for Constable Myers the day before was five, and among them one who said he was found among the outlyers from motives of economy. He has friends who will arrive soon from the East, and to save as much of the wages he had earned during the week as possible he slept elsewhere than at an hotel. He took a sentence of five days without resentment, saying that would let him out in time to welcome his friends on their arrival. The other four industrials got ten days each.

The monthly report of the public schools submitted by Principal Smith for December shows the condition of the school to be first class in all respects. The December enrollment was 460, making the total for the year 533. The attendance in days was 6851, against 616 absences. In enrollment the boys exceed the girls by 47. The average number belonging for the month was 415, making 91 per cent. of attendance. The total cases of tardiness for the month was only 51. The High School scholars in the business department took up business forms January 7.

"Somewhat of a surprise," says Sunday's San Francisco Examiner, "was created in society circles yesterday by the announcement of the engagement of Miss Alice Hobart and Winthrop E. Lester, of Santa Monica." Among the many nice things said about the young lady, and which occupy more than half a column of the society page of the paper, are these: That she is an heiress in her own right to better than $12,000 per month; is among the best known and popular young society ladies of the northern metropolis; is one of three children who inherit their father's estate valued at $15,000,000; is an expert equestrienne and bicycle rider and a devotee of outdoor sports, and is withal a thoroughly estimable and level-headed young lady, as her choice of a plain American citizen for a husband demonstrates—a man with a clean character and good, common sense. W. E. Lester is well and popularly known here. He is a nephew of Senator John P. Jones, and cashier of the Bank of Santa Monica. His many friends will be prompt with their congratulations upon his good fortune in securing a young lady of such character as to appreciate the sterling qualities in a husband which make married life a success. The date of the wedding, though not yet fixed, will probably be soon after Easter. The young couple have known each other since childhood.

The Town Trustees were to have held a brief called meeting Monday afternoon to approve the official bonds of the lately-elected officers. Those presented and approved were: T. H. Wells, Recorder, $500; sureties J. E. Kneasel and E. B. Woodworth; T. H. James, Engineer, $500; sureties Roy Jones and George D. Pendleton; S. R. Cripe, Poundmaster, $500; F. M. Culp and F. L. Simons. On account of no quorum being present, the matter went over.

His Santa Monica friends are pleased to know that Prof. Leroy D. Brown has been selected to the superintendency of the San Luis Obispo schools, and feel certain that the present excellent reputation of the schools will suffer nothing at his hands.

Another of our quiet, effective rains set in Sunday night, and the gentle dropping kept up until a quarter of an inch of rain had been added to the season's total. Nothing could be more fortunate for the country and its crops than the manner of this season's rains. Practically nothing runs to waste; absorption claims it all.

Mrs. E. B. Woodworth returned Sunday evening from her visit at the parental home in Ventura.


### COOK'S HONOLULU TOURS.

Taking in the Volcano of Kilauea and Chief Points of Interest on the Islands.

A first-class, personally-conducted party will leave for Honolulu on the steamship Australia January 19, at 10 a.m., and reach Honolulu in six days. Time about four weeks. Total expense, $235 from Los Angeles and return. For particulars apply to H. B. Rice, tourist agent, No. 124 West Second street.

SHARP & SAMSON, funeral directors, No. 535 South Spring street. Tel. No. 1079.


## ORANGE COUNTY.

### MEETING OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

### A Grand Fox Hunt in Santiago Canyon — Real Estate Transfers—News Notes and Personal Mention.

SANTA ANA, Jan. 14.—(Special Correspondence.) The Board of Supervisors met today in regular session, with all the members present.

Applications for the janitorship of the county buildings were received from W. B. Winans, B. B. Greenleaf, G. M. Benedict and C. Stine. On the second ballot G. M. Benedict received a majority of the votes cast, and was declared elected. Upon motion his election was made unanimous, and his term is to begin February 1, 1895.

A communication from Dr. J. P. Boyd, in reference to a previous order of the board that the County Physician should furnish the medicine he used on county patients, at his own expense, was read and ordered filed.

Applications for the position of County Physician were received from the following: Dr. W. H. Hill, Dr. Ferguson, Dr. Rairdon, Dr. M. S. Jones. On the third ballot Dr. Hill was elected.

James Harrison was employed to expert the county books, and to prepare a report for publication.

Mrs. Hall's name was taken from the indigent list, as was also the name of Mrs. Whigham.

County Recorder Scott asked that some changes be made in the arrangement of his office. The matter was referred to Supervisors Armor and Nickey.

The County Tax Collector also asked for some changes to be made in his office, and the same was referred to Messrs. Armor and Nickey.

The application of Orange Lee to be placed on the indigent list was referred to Supervisor Nickey.

The order heretofore made, giving Mrs. C. E. Brock the feeding of the county prisoners, was rescinded, and the price per meal fixed for said prisoners was fixed at 11 cents, the Sheriff to procure the said meals from whomsoever he desires.

Supervisor Potter was granted the privilege of continuing the gravel hauling on the Anaheim and Olive road, to an amount not to exceed 175 yards, as per contract with A. C. Elliott.

Friday, December 18, at 9 a.m. was fixed as the date for inspecting the new public highway in the Newport road district, petitioned for by A. E. Jefferson et al.

The application of H. Berley for county aid was referred to Chairman Nickey.

Mr. Flippen of Olive appeared before the board in reference to protecting the banks of the Santa Ana River near the Olive bridge, and, after some discussion, the matter was referred to Supervisor Potter, with power to act in case of an emergency.

Dr. Hollister appeared before the board in reference to protecting the river bank south of the Fifth-street bridge, on the west side. The matter was referred to Hawkins.

Ordinance No. 27 was referred to the District Attorney for such changes as may be necessary to enforce the working of county prisoners.

The County Surveyor was instructed to follow up the construction of the maps by a set of tracings for the County Assessor.

The opinion of the District Attorney relative to furnishing justices of the peace with codes was in effect that the same could not be done. The opinion was filed.

The petition of E. P. Miller et al., for a new public highway in the El Modena and Olive road districts, was postponed to January 16, 1895.

The board adjourned to Wednesday, January 16, 1895.

#### A GRAND FOX CHASE.

G. A. Edgar, George Carey, Collie Travis and C. E. Parker went up to Santiago Canyon last Saturday night for a fox chase with J. E. Pleasant's hounds. The night was one of thrilling adventure and as a result of the round-up the pack of hounds (nine in all) caught three wildcats and one fox. The wildcats made a battle royal with the dogs, but the canines finally disposed of each of them without receiving any very serious injury from their sharp claws and teeth. The gentlemen returned Sunday and they say now that their trip was worth an ordinary month of rest and recreation.

#### CHAIRMAN NICKEY'S GAVEL.

F. P. Nickey, chairman of the Board of Supervisors, was presented today with a fine lignum vitae gavel with a beautiful iron bark handle, by S. Armor, Supervisor from the Fourth District. The little "order restorer" is a beauty and is an ornament to the Supervisor's table, over which Mr. Nickey presides.

#### TODAY'S REAL ESTATE SALES.

The principal real estate sales today were as follows:

Glenn H. Lamb of Los Angeles county, 10 acres south of Westminster to Lillie M. Hodson, for $1500.

James W. Shanklin of Oakland, to J. R. Bryant of Crawfordsville, Ind., lot 2 of the Hazard subdivision of the Shanklin tract, containing 20 acres, $1200.

B. H. Hiss, a twenty-acre farm in the Los Coyotes rancho, to Ella H. Nafus, for $1250.

#### SANTA ANA BREVITIES.

The County Clerk of this county has received a letter from one Daniel P. Barton of Palmyra, Marion county, Mo., asking for information about his brother. His borther, he whites, left Adams county, Ill., in the spring of 1860 for Pikes Peak, since which time he has heard nothing from him until a few weeks ago when a neighbor read in some California newspaper of the death of one Ezra Barton. The paper containing the notice has been lost, therefore, the writer is somewhat at sea to know just where to direct his queries.

Charles Bellac, connected with the French laundry, on West street, got on a good-sized jag Sunday night and proceeded to make forcible entrance in an apartment in the Bruner building. He was overhauled by Marshal Curtice, jailed, and today taken before City Recorder Matthews, to whom he was given the privilege of paying the sum of $10 for the city or going to jail for a few days to mingle with the tramp and criminal element. He paid the fine and $1 more, to pay for the damage he had done to the door in the Bruner building.

The Junior Endeavorers of El Modena have reorganized by electing the following officers for the ensuing year: Miss Sylvia Gregory, president; Alice Ivans, vice-president; Maggie Bartley, secretary; Eddie Cope, treasurer, and Miss May Jenkins, chorister.

The Anaheim Independent says: "There is a very promising possibility that the Southern Pacific Railway will ere long change the course of their line and place a depot nearer the center of the city, and it is intimated that a spur may be run up to Placentia."

The jury in the case of Pritchard vs. Gassen et al., an action for damages alleged to have been due on account of the removal of about sixty head of cattle, brought in a verdict Sunday morning for the defendant, after having been out about fifteen hours.

The regular semi-monthly meeting of the city school teachers was held this (Monday) afternoon, in the Central School building. The subject that is at the present time being discussed by the teachers is "The History of Education."

There are sixteen tramps in the County Jail, and thirteen in the City Jail. Twenty-six were routed out down around the Santa Fe depot late Sunday night, and about fifty more camped between this city and Orange.

A large number of ladies and gentlemen from this city drove down to Laguna and Arch Beach, Saturday and Sunday, to take advantage of the lowest tide of the year, in gathering mosses and shells of the deep sea.

Prof. G. Abram Smith will give another pupil's recital February 9. The programme this time will be rendered in Spurgeon's Hall, and Prof. Edward Clark of Los Angeles is expected with the violin.

Mr. and Mrs. Adams of Pasadena, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Robert Arborn of this city for the past week, returned Sunday evening to their home in the "Crown City."

Rhodes Hervey and Henry Peabody, two young lawyers from this city, who located a short time ago in Los Angeles, have been visiting their parents in Santa Ana the past few days.

The Congregational Church of this city has called Rev. John H. Cooper of Addison, Mich., as its pastor, and the reverend gentleman will at once enter upon his pastoral duties.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Gove of Washington, Ill., old-time friends of John Avis, are visiting that gentleman and his family at the Richelieu Hotel.

James L. Flood vs. Juan Manriques et al., an action to quiet title on property in this county, has been filed with the County Clerk.

Up to 5 o'clock this afternoon .42 of an inch of rain had fallen during the present rainstorm, making 7.12 inches for the season.

Miss Etta Ross departed today for Elsinore, to visit with friends for several weeks.

## POMONA.

### An Important Improvement to be Made in the Near Future.

POMONA, Jan. 14.—(Special Correspondence.) And now comes the statement that is claimed to be "straight goods" by those on the inside, that George Heath, the Messrs. Gallup, R. F. Housé and perhaps one or two others, have arranged that in the early spring they will cover the entire vacant frontage between the Boutelle hardware store and Odd Fellows' Hall by a two-story brick block, with the second story as an armory hall for the use of the militia. This hall, it is said, will also be planned and finished so as to answer for a first-class operahouse and public hall for all extra occasions where a large seating capacity is necessary.

If this be correct—and it seems to be, judging from conversations with several parties upon the matter, not only possible but probable—it shows that the west enders are being aroused by the plucky push and progress of the business men and property-owners of the east end of Pomona's main business thoroughfare, namely, Second street.

This will create a good demand for the burning of a large supply of brick, as there is now none on hand, but what have been purchased for use in some of the blocks now being erected—in fact, there was not a sufficient quantity for this purpose, quite a lot having been shipped into Pomona to meet the demand.

The Weather Bureau can now chromicle another first-class rain that came down in regular, gentle showers—not even being cold enough to dub it "chilly."

There were as many present in the Christian Church Sunday night as could be possibly accommodated within the building to hear Rev. F. M. Dowling, who is conducting an interesting revival. There were several baptisms after the regular services. There were also four immersions at the First Baptist Church.

Miss Annie Houston, a niece of Mrs. Hiram H. Hathaway, has arrived from Green county, Ala., and will be her guest this winter.

H. G. Tinsley intends making a trip to San Francisco, perhaps starting about the middle of the week.

There are now peanuts in this market grown right in this valley, that would do full justice to the regular "goober" State—Georgia. They are fine, and, if anything, more platable than those grown in the East, as they are not quite as oily.

An impressive and touching scene was that of the immersion last night of an old man totally blind, by Rev. Dowling at the Christian Church.

## RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

### Y. M. C. A. Directors Elected—News Notes and Personals.

RIVERSIDE, Jan. 14.—(Special Correspondence.) At the annual meeting of the Y.M.C.A., the following were elected directors for three years: Judge John F. Crowe, Dr. J. H. Goodhue and S. C. Evans, Jr. To fill a vacancy for a two-year term, B. B. Bush was elected. The membership is now 105.

The property on the East Side, known as the Crossman place, has been sold by the Riverside Savings and Loan Association to William Pardy of San Francisco for $2000.

The mill for the Alice mine, near Perris, is being put in place by mechanics from Los Angeles.

There is talk among the gun club members, the wheelmen and others of consolidating all the sportsmen's organizations in one athletic club. It is said that good grounds have been offered for the use of such an organization.

The county is without a health officer, the Supervisors having decided that one was unnecessary, and voted the office vacant. The County Horticultural Commissioners are also in danger of decapitation, one member having declared in favor of reducing the force to one man, and reducing the pay of inspectors to $2 a day.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank A. Miller have returned from San Francisco.

Suit has been instituted by Emma Smith against the Riverside Banking Company, to recover $1000, alleged to have fallen due June 1, 1893.

The citizens of the Alessandro Irrigation District are determined to ascertain whether they have any contract with the new Bear Valley Company, to furnish water, and have voted to engage counsel to bring a suit to compel the delivery of water as contracted for with the old Bear Valley Company.

## MONROVIA.

MONROVIA, Jan. 14.—(Special Correspondence.) Delay on the part of the alleged capitalists of Chicago, who were the successful bidders for our municipal improvement bonds, more than a month ago, has made necessary a suspension of work in the water development tunnels in Monrovia Canyon.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank will be held on the 16th inst.

We are having a steady rain here that further insures a good water supply for next summer.

Stella Smith, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Smith of this place, died on Saturday. Appropriate ceremonies were held in the Baptist Church on Sunday afternoon, and she was buried in Live Oak Cemetery.

The Southern Pacific section-gang has been repairing the road for some time, and it is now in good condition to withstand the winter floods.

## SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

### THE SUSPENDED FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

### It is Expected to Go into the Hands of a Receiver, Notwithstanding the Institution is Solvent. Personal Items.

SAN BERNARDINO, Jan. 14.—(Special Correspondence.) The why and wherefore of the closing of the First National Bank of this city and the air of mystery surrounding every movement, though few, made by the Comptroller of the Currency and his agents since the closing, remain fertile topics for conversation in this city. That its bank was solvent at the time it closed its doors, and that its securities are yet abundant to meet all demands should it open for business, there is every reason to believe. The fact that two banks of this city have made offers to assume all liabilities upon receipt of the assets, besides offers from outside the city, seems to be sufficient guarantee of this. Yet the bank has remained closed for over two months with no apparent action having been taken to reopen the doors. The Comptroller has had these propositions before him, yet no action seems to have been taken further than to select an agent in Washington who is now on his way to this city to make further investigation before any action is taken. What powers may be conferred upon this agent is a matter of conjecture. So far as is known the majority of the stockholders (that is, President Joseph Brown and the stock he controls,) have taken no steps towards putting the bank upon its feet, though fully 50 per cent. of the deposits is supposed to be available now as cash, should the doors open. Why the bank owners should want a receiver is a puzzling question, yet there is indication in the slow movement that a receiver is expected, with all the expense connected therewith.

#### SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.

This evening, at the residence of Miss Husted, Griffin avenue, Los Angeles, Rev. C. A. Westenburg, pastor of the first Methodist Episcopal Church in this city, will be united in marriage to Miss Jessie Fremont de Wolf of Whittier. They will come at once to this city and on Friday evening a reception will be tendered them by the members of Mr. Westenburg's large congregation.

The Republican County Central Committee held a meeting this afternoon to consult respecting the United States Senatorship. The action of the meeting is not made public.

Rev. David Walk will deliver his second lecture of the course on travel at the church on Tuesday evening, when Scotland, Ireland and England will occupy his attention.

Dr. James P. Booth left yesterday for his desert home at Needles, preparatory to blowing "Booth's Bazoo." He carried with him a long list of subscribers from this city.

A marriage license was granted today to Joseph Harry Moore, a native of Missouri, aged 34 years, and Kate Miller, a native of Iowa, aged 34 years; both of Pomona.

Mrs. W. M. Tibbot is back from Kansas, where she spent two months with friends at Hutchinson.

The engagement is announced of Miss Nellie Hilligoss of this city to Clark Alberti of San Diego.

Co. E proposes having a "high jinks" on Saturday evening.

## REDLANDS.

REDLANDS, Jan. 14.—(Special Correspondence.) One of the most substantial and elaborate residences erected in this city is that recently completed on Center street and Cedar avenue, and now occupied by the owner, C. E. French. The house is built in the colonial style of architecture. The floors are all of hardwood, walnut, oak, cherry, ebony and maple, being laid in mosaic. Upon the first or ground floor there is a parlor, library, dining-room, kitchen, butler's pantry and screened laundry. Upon the second floor are the sleeping apartments, consisting of four chambers, with all the conveniences of the period. The third floor is arranged for amusements, having a billiard-room, photographic studio, with dark-room and laboratory, smoking verandah, screened in, and two chambers for servants. The house is finished throughout in the richest of natural woods, and is provided with electric bells, electric and gas lights, and all things necessary for comfort. It is a most luxurious dwelling, and one which Redlands is proud to count among her many handsome homes.

#### REDLANDS BREVITIES.

Mr. and Mrs. I. B. Lawton of Boston, Mass., and Charles E. Lawton of Central Falls, R. I., are in the city for a few days, guests at the Windsor. They expect to select homes in Southern California.

Although last year was a "hard times" year, Redlands has kept right along with building. The total sum expended for building during the year amounts to $145,000.

Maj. F. C. Prescott left today for Sacramento, where he has accepted a position as clerk of the Judiciary Committee of the Assembly. He will be there during the session.

G. E. Foster returned yesterday from Kern county, where he is interested in mining. He brought some fine specimens of ore with him.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Woodworth of Niagara Falls, who spent last winter in this city, are back again, stopping at the Windsor.

J. B. Kimball is enlarging his grounds, having just purchased the two lots adjoining his home on Eureka and Clark streets.

The new officers of the Masons will do the lodge work for the first time this evening, conferring the third degree.

The new Adventist minister, L. N. Archibald, has begun his labors in this city, preaching at 11 a.m. yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Lippincott and son are here from Hadden Heights, N. J., looking for a place to locate.

## COLTON.

COLTON, Jan. 14.—(Special Correspondence.) A few days ago Colton contributed quite a collection of fruit to the display at the Chamber of Commerce room. The number and variety of fruits contributed speaks well for the interest taken by Colton growers in the advancement of the section through this kind of advertising. The largest variety was contributed by William C. Fuler, who sent Lisbon lemons, Washington navel, ruby Satsuma silver and seedling oranges and budded grape fruit. M. A. Murphy contributed Washington navel, Ruby blood and Hermosassa oranges; Milo Gilbert sent Hort's Tardiff, E. J. Gilbert and M. D. Hathaway sent seedling grape fruit. Hermosassa oranges were also sent by F. M. Hubbard, Richard Stetson and E. A. Pettijohn, and Washington navels by W. S. Bullis, A. F. Judson and M. D. Hathaway. E. A. Pettijohn also sent tangarines. This colection was sent as the Colton Terrace plate exhibit.

#### WANTS A HIGH SCHOOL.

The school board of this city is doing all in its power to arouse sentiment in favor of establishing a high school here. They point out as reasons for the school that there are already twenty pupils in the city schools doing regular high school work under special arrangements with the principal, and as many more go elsewhere to attend high schools, that few, if any, other cities in this State of the size of Colton are without a high school, or are in a union high school district; that better work is done where there are small high schools of forty to fifty pupils than in the larger schools; that only in this way can the poorer pupils get a high school education; that the presence of the high school would give greater impetus to pupils in the lower grades to push forward to the higher work; that now about $400 a year is paid to high school elsewhere for pupils sent from Colton; that the State school fund for Colton would be increased by $625 a year, and the additional expense of the high school would be but about $1200 a year after the first year. These are certainly many and weighty reasons for the high school.

The board of directors of the First National Bank of Colton has been re-elected for the ensuing year; likewise the old officers.

The Colton city bonds, issued for waterworks, have been approved by the purchasers, with complimentary notices from their attorneys, and the $64,000 for which they sold is now deposited in the bank here.

## SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

### Preparing for the Flower Festival—Novel Advertisement.

SANTA BARBARA, Jan. 14.—(Special Correspondence.) The Board of Trade has hit upon a very happy idea for advertising the charms of Santa Barbara county. It is proposed to publish, as an advertisement, in the New York Herald, the Santa Barbara weather and climate reports. While it may be sorry comfort for the frozen East, shivering under furs and dodging blizzards, to read that at the same moment that it is enjoying these diversions the mercury at Santa Barbara is soaring in the neighborhood of the eighties, or that balmy breezes are playing here, the benefit to our region in this very forcible presentation of its advantages, can scarcely be questioned.

With the engagement of the best band on the Pacific Coast, the managers of the Flower Festival Association have entered vigorously upon arrangements for the forthcoming festival. There is no gainsaying the fact, that last year's procession, while fully upto the standard of foregoing ones in character, fell far beneath them in numbers and variety of display, and this was due partly to the genral depression of business, which affected social life as well, and partly attributable to a waning faith in the desirability of maintaining this festival as a regular annual feature of Santa Barbara life, especially in view of the circumstance that wo of our most powerful Southern neighbors had entered into competition with us. The thorough artistic success of the festival, in spite of thes discouragements, has given new courage to the fainthearted, and this year everybody is ready to join hands to present the most brilliant series of spectacles that our city has ever witnessed.

Now that our Supervisors have adjourned, after a session of sober, faithful and conscientious consideration of the county's needs, is it not time for some idle talkers about town to take themselves to task for baseless reports that were placed in circulation? For several days before and during the session, it was positively and authoritatively declared by men whose standing had weight to their assertions, that a series of surprises were in store for Santa Barbara, that "Oglesby would not be appointed;" "the Sheriff has been picked out from the upper county;" "they've made a trade! We know all about it!"

The acts of the board have been a dignified and conclusive refutation of these charges. There is not a suspicion of anything but the most honest dealing in the appointment of Mr. Hicks; there was no hesitation in confirming Mr. Oglesby, the people's choice, after one scattering vote, expressive of individual complimentary preference.

Our public officers, who have assumed their responsibilities at our call, deserve something better than suspicion and calumny at our hands. Santa Barbara county is not a mob of office-seekers; scan the list of our public officers, and it will be difficult to find but one or two professional politicians among them. They are for the most part private citizens of irreproachable character, who have been placed in nomination because of their excellent standing in the community. In other places the fact that a man is in public office may be a presumption against him; in Santa Barbara county it is a presumption in his favor.

Saturday afternoon, when State street was crowded with the usual throng of vehicles, the team of a Carpinteria gentleman named Stewart took a fancy to break away, and pranced up the street in fine style, doing no damage beyond a slight grazing of a phaeton, so far as could be learned.

The Ignacios brothers, who attempted to "shoot up the town" on Thursday night, in addition to offenses already chronicled, fired at a party of five bicycle riders down town, at a young man out near the low resort known as "Wilson's Nook," and at two young ladies driving along Goleta road. Cathedral Oaks, their starting place, is yet to be heard from.

One of the last acts of the Board of Supervisors before adjournment, was to accept the resignation of Dr. S. B. P. Cox, as County Physician in the Eighth District, and to appoint Dr. Cunnane in his place.

Mrs. Robert Ord, an invalid of advanced age, residing in a pretty adobe cottage on the corner of De lo Vina and Canyon Perdido streets, in some unexplained manner upset a lamp and set fire to her clothing, Friday night. One hand and arm are very badly burned, and there is danger of blood poisoning, which would necessitate amputation. Dr. Winchester is her attending surgeon.

Out beyond the old mission an experiment in fencing is being tried that is winning the praise of all who observe its progress. Prof. Marsh, who owns a little tract beyond the creek, the soil of which is liberally interspersed with stones and boulders like most of the land in this vicinity, is turning these to use in making them onto a wall, n which great boulders are combined with smaller stones, with an effect very pleasing to the eye. In the hollows formed between the outjutting boulders wild roses and ferns are being planted.

William Hunt attempted suicide this morning by cutting his throat, and is in a dangerous condition.

Mrs. Ord, who was so badly burned, is said to be steadily improving.

### Revival Services at Vernon.

Considerable revival interest prevails in Vernon. The week of prayer was observed last week by union meetings between the Congregational Church and the Central-avenue Methodist, part of the week in one church and part in the other. Rev. G. Rawson, pastor of the Congregational Church, preached in the Methodist Church on last Sunday evening, to a house with very few vacant seats. The Vernon Orchestra of eight instruments assisted in the musical part of the service. The sermon was of a plain, forcible and searching character, and at its close two expressed a desire to begin a Christian life. The meetings are to continue each night in the Methodist Church. Monday evening Rev. J. R. Oden from Benton Harbor, Mich., preached. On Tuesday evening Rev. J. S. Ledford, the singing evangelist, is to take charge of the meetings and conduct them the balance of the week. On Sunday morning, January 20, Rev. Isaac Naylor, the Yorkshire evangelist, is under engagement to take full charge of the services and carry them forward during the following week or two.

## SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

### THE WATER QUESTION IS STILL UPPERMOST.

### Four Plans for a City Supply and Distributing System Discussed. A Successful Fishing Party.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 14.—(Special Correspondence.) Water, water, water. That is the question uppermost in the minds of people in this city and county. Four plans for a city supply and distributing system are discussed. The Mt. Tecarte plan, whereby, for $1,400,000, a complete system is to be acquired. The Grant plan amounts to about the same price, less annual rental of $30,000 of $40,000. The Pine Valley plan, which is almost out of the race, and another plan, details not yet published. In addition to this the Consolidated Water Company sits on its perch ready to furnish all the water needed—water which it can and is delivering today, whenever time-contracts are signed. This company now has thirty days to consider the city's offer of $600,000 for its distributing system. The Mt. Tecarte Company, which has been yearning for a proposition from the city, now that said proposition has been received in a form believed to be perfectly agreeable to Elijah S. Babcock, chief promoter of the Mt. Tecarte Company, halts and hesitates. Meanwhile the Grants trot out new or revised editions of their proposition, with almost bewildering frequency. No one knows definitely what capitalists are behind Grant or Babcock. People surmise who the capitalists are, but that is all. A big taxpayer says: "We don't want a $1,400,000 debt. If the Consolidated Water Company can sell us water reasonably, and assure us of a constant supply, it is in a position to talk business. A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush." Others want the back country developed by a possible irrigation system, which shall also serve the city. Others don't know what they want—anything almost, so long as Babcock and Sefton do not have a hand in it. Others want one or two companies to develop city water and then bid for the business. These people object to paying for about ten times the amount of water now needed by the city. The fight is on again between Elijah and Joseph, the would-be water kings of the Silver Gate, and a portion of the public is a bit bewildered by the moves made publicly by these gentlemen and their emissaries—emissaries, by the way, whose names might cause a sensation if published.

An instance of the variety of fishing and shooting to be had in the waters about San Diego is reported in the Union this morning, which says: "A fishing party including Col. T. T. Hillman, the Alabama iron king; John H. Gay, Jr., C. B. Daggett, George W. Lynch and M. Y. Beach, had a rather novel experience yesterday six miles off Point Loma, in the steam launch Urania, in charge of Capt. Paulsen. While trolling for mackerel the fishermen encountered a large school of sea bass at the edge of the kelp beds, and within a few minutes hundreds of pounds of these luscious fish were taken, the actual catch tipping the scale at 311 pounds. In addition to this 447 pounds of mackerel were taken. Fish fins were seen above the ocean's surface which the skipper thought belonged to a shark. Upon approaching the supposed shark two enormous sun fish were discovered. Mr. Gay shot one of these basking leviathans with a heavy charge of duck shot at a range of not over fifteen feet, killing the creature instantly. It weighed 373 pounds. In the distance five spouting whales were seen, the largest of which must have been forty feet long. Two of these monsters had a sharp fight in full view of the interested anglers, who refrained from attacking the whales because they did not have a harpoon aboard."

Admiral Beardslee, in the flagship Philadelphia, accompanied by the U.S.S. Bennington, Alert and Ranger, will come to this port in the near future on a practice cruise.

Mayor Carlson's contest of the election of Assessor John P. Burt will be heard in court January 14.

Fanny L. Keating is suing John Gray to recover $10,970 due on a note.

Marshall Field, the Chicago millionaire, is soon to occupy his cottage at Coronado Beach, with a party of friends.

### DEATH RECORD.

O'REILLY — At his home, No. 1218 Iowa street, January 12, 1895, William O'Reilly, aged 36 years. (San Francisco, Cal.; Sydney and Melbourne, Australia, and Victoria, B. C., papers please copy.)

The funeral services, which were announced in yesterday's paper to take place this afternoon, will be postponed.

ADAMS—In this city, Monday, January 14, 1895, Kathleen, only daughter of H. B. and Rebecca Adams, aged 2 years 4 months and 15 days. Funeral private.


C. D. HOWRY
Leading Funeral Director
FIFTH & BROADWAY.

## PASADENA LINERS.

FOR SALE—
Real Estate.

PASADENA, CALIFORNIA—

Our advice to you is to visit the many beautiful places for which Southern California is noted before coming to Pasadena

# CITY BRIEFS

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

### The Weather.

United States Weather Bureau, Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 14, 1895.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the thermometer registered 29.94; at 5 p.m., 29.83; thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 52 deg. and 51 deg.; maximum temperature, 54 deg.; minimum temperature, 48 deg. Rainfall for past 24 hours, .70; rainfall for season, 7.19. Barometer reduced to sea level.

### Weather Bulletin.

United States Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau. Reports received at Los Angeles, Cal., on January 14, 1895. Observations taken at all stations at 8 p.m., seventy-fifth meridian time.

| PLACE OF OBSERVATION. | Barometer. | Temp'ture. |
|---|---|---|
| Los Angeles, rain | 29.83 | 51 |
| San Diego, cloudy | 29.86 | 54 |
| San Luis Obispo, rain | 29.82 | 48 |
| Fresno, cloudy | 29.82 | 48 |
| San Francisco, clear | 29.80 | 50 |
| Sacramento, clear | 29.80 | 52 |
| Red Bluff, clear | 29.80 | 52 |
| Roseburg, clear | 29.78 | 42 |
| Portland, cloudy | 29.84 | 36 |

GEORGE E. FRANKLIN, Observer.

### The Reason.

He advertised, and yet he sadly said
That trade continued slow.
His ads he put in papers little read,
"Because their rates were low."
—(Printer's Ink.

Do not waste cast-off clothing. "Economy is the road to wealth." It also enables those already wealthy to help the destitute. Save from moth and mold your old, partially-worn clothing, children's clothing, or any garments that can be made over into children's clothing. Anything of this description left at the Times business office will be useful in supplying those much in need. No matter how small the amount you have, or how badly worn, it will be useful to those with no money to buy new. If inconvenient to send in the articles you have, get them ready, notify us, and they will be called for.

Miss Gertrude Auld, assisted by Mrs. Le Gage and Messrs. F. A. Bacon and H. S. Williams, will give a grand concert in Simpson Tabernacle, Thursday evening, January 17. All seats below top gallery reserved at Blanchard & Fitzgerald's Music Store, No. 113 South Spring street, for 50 cents; top gallery, 25 cents. This will be the last opportunity to hear Miss Auld.

Y.W.C.A. advanced and beginning Spanish classes, with Mrs. J. L. Phipps, Mondays and Thursdays, at 6:45 o'clock p.m. Conversational method; join at once. No. 107 North Spring street.

Bring your odd or waste periodicals, magazines or old books to The Times office, or leave address and they will be called for, and they will be given to the poor and unfortunate.

Kregelo & Bresee, funeral directors, were yesterday called to take charge of the remains of James K. Weldon. Interment, Binghampton, N. Y.

Go the Woman's Exchange, No. 330½ South Broadway, for Indian baskets and Mexican drawn work. New lot just received.

Drawing, painting and every branch, beginners and advanced students. School of Art and Design, No. 110 West Second street.

The funeral services of William O'Reilly, which were announced to take place this afternoon, will be postponed.

Visit the Arrowhead Hot Springs, the finest mountain resort on the Coast. See notice under hotels.

Mantels, tiles, office fittings, hardwood lumber. H. Bohrman, No. 514 South Spring.

A large, well-lighted front room on the third floor of Times Building for rent.

Buy the Whitney make of trunk. Factory, No. 423 South Spring street.

Sweet Redlands oranges at Althouse Bros.

There is an undelivered telegram at the Western Union telegraph office for Hamblin & Constable.

The Fuller-Blair concert, which was to have occurred in the Y.M.C.A. course last evening, was postponed until next Monday night on account of the rain.

Edward Emory, a fifteen-year-old boy from San Diego, came up yesterday morning, and soon after reported to the police that he could not find his father. He requested the officers to please find him, as he had forgotten the address here. The father's name is Edward C. Emory, a carpenter. The boy is with Mr. Dean, at No. 132 South Broadway.

## PERSONALS.

Mrs. G. T. Leiter of Chicago is quartered at the Nadeau.

Col. Judson N. Pollard, of the Denver Republican, is in the city.

Mrs. R. A. French and son of Buffalo, N. Y., are among the Hollenbeck guests.

D. B. Anden and wife of Cleveland, O., are among the Eastern arrivals at the Nadeau.

A. H. Pratt, of the Florence Hotel, San Diego, is at the Nadeau, accompanied by his wife and children.

Thomas Davis, Senator-elect from Pinal county, Ariz., left for his home Sunday after a few days' stay in town.

Hon. Frank L. Ewing, Probate Judge of Yuma county, and a heavy property-holder of Southern Arizona, is in the city.

P. J. Bolan of Redondo Beach was in the city yesterday. Mr. Bolan during "early days" was District Attorney of Graham county, Ariz.

A. D. Land of New York, who has devoted considerable time to the study of oil development in Pennsylvania and other places, is at the Hollenbeck. He is looking over the oil region in this city, and will be in town for several days.

## A CLOSE SHAVE.

### Almost a Disastrous Fire in the Oil District.

The oil district came near being the scene of a disastrous fire between 3 and 4 o'clock yesterday morning, and, but for the hard work of the fire department, several derricks and numerous tanks of oil would have been fired and lost.

A small frame shanty at the corner of Court and Douglas streets, belonging to the Diamond Oil Company, next to a large tank containing 550 barrels of oil, was set on fire by the tipping over of a gasoline stove upon which a man named Wilkinson was preparing his breakfast. The gasoline exploded before the stove tipped over and the house went up in smoke in short order. The arrival of Chemical No. 2 and the good work of its crew was all that saved the neighboring tanks from destruction. As it was, the tank near the house was charred and burned almost through. The loss will be less than $500.

COUPON.

This will entitle the bearer to one copy of "Gathered Jewels of Song," upon presentation at our office, and the payment of 25 cents; 160 pages of late, choice, popular songs, with music. THE TIMES, Times Bldg., First and Broadway.


Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE


## ANOTHER GOOD RAIN.

### A PRECIPITATION OF NEARLY AN INCH.

### The Rainfall so Far This Season is Almost Half an Inch in Excess of the Total of Last Year.

When Ceres went chasing after her lost daughter, the lovely Proserpine, she neglected her duties, and the earth became barren and dried up. She didn't care, though, and continued her search until she found that her giddy offspring had gone to —— carried thither in the arms of Pluto.

Meantime Ceres, overcome with grief that the earth had become parched for want of rain, sent Triptolemus of Eleusis, who was not educated in any agricultural college, throughout the earth to teach the inhabitants how to produce. Not being well up in horticulture and viticulture, Trip handed over his contract, so far as California and other favored spots are concerned, to Flora, fair goddess of flowers and gardens, and she, crowned with flowers and holding the horn of plenty in her hand, has been a watchful guardian over the Golden State ever since. Tied by bonds of kindred with Jupiter Pluvius, she tends and cares for the Golden State.

Anyway, that is the modernized classic version of our prolific soil and the reason why the earth is again having a good, long drink.

The downpour which deluged the earth yesterday began in the small hours of the morning, and at 5 a.m. registered .03 of an inch; at 5 p.m., it registered .67 of an inch, making, to that hour, .70 for the storm, and 7.19 inches for the entire season. This amount is nearly half an inch in excess of last season's rainfall, and about the same amount in excess of the average for the corresponding period during a period of nearly fifteen years.

From 5 o'clock in the morning until the same hour in the afternoon there was a general fall in the barometer along the entire Coast, with cloudy and rainy weather south of San Luis Obispo. Elsewhere it was generally clear with no rainfall. The winds were south to easterly, excepting at Fresno, where it was from the northwest, the precipitation being .42 of an inch for the storm. At San Luis Obispo .94; San Diego, .70, and at Los Angeles, .70, as before stated.

As Southern California has been especially favored with rain this season it will be now in order to "let go," and give the blessed sun a chance to shine and mature the crops.

But while the country is rejoicing, more or less, in the downpour that means a material prosperity later on, city folks have indulged in the one prerogative that can be denied to no one—the privilege of grumbling. It is not every one that is armed with a shiny mackintosh, an umbrella and a pair of what the Private Secretary called his "go-loshes," and quite a number of these sought to neutralize the effect of the rain on their exterior by cheerfully applying hot, soothing, alcoholic decoctions to the interior part of their anatomy with gratifying results. The ladies appeared to have much the worst of it, for the average woman, hurrying across a street, inevitably marks her progress by stepping in every puddle there is, and when, by chance, she misses count the ubiquitous small boy is on hand to take her place and give her skirts the benefit of his agile antics.

A case of this kind occurred yesterday at the corner of First and Spring streets. The rain was coming down in a steady downpour. An elderly and rather sour-visaged woman was crossing the street, when a lad, minus overcoat and umbrella and evidently hurrying with much sense to get out of the wet, ran across the street, and, acting in accordance with his boyish instinct, jumped into every puddle there was. The last one was what would vulgarly be known as a "corker," and the muddy spray must have fairly drenched the sour-visaged lady's understandings, as it certainly did her dress. Some of the bystanders smiled, and the lady, enveloped from head to foot in wraps, remarked to her companion: "Oh! did you see that dear boy?" This was too much for the injured party, who overheard the remark. "Dear nothin'," she answered back, while anger and rain chased across her face. "Young limb ov the divil. I wish I had him across my knee, that I do." Somehow the sympathies of the onlookers were with the rapscallion boy, who was too far away to hear the aspersions on his personal make-up.

While, as a general thing, the old motto, what is one man's food is another man's poison, is true, at present a consensus of opinion inclines to fine weather, and the sooner the heavens close up the better will both town and country people be pleased.

### Petty Offenders.

James Hinz, Harry Althouse and H. C. Beamis, the three men found guilty of violating the saloon-closing ordinance, were fined by Justice Morrison yesterday, and paid $10 each.

John B. Buford, the negro who carried a loaded pistol, was fined $5 for doing so without a permit.

Jose Luna, charged with petty larceny, was before Justice Morrison yesterday, but the case was continued.

Ah Wong, arrested for violation of the lottery ordinance, was discharged by Justice Owens yesterday, there not being sufficient evidence on which to hold him.

## GRANT'S CONDITION.

### He is Doing Nicely and Will Soon be About.

Dr. Bryant reports that John Grant, the man who was accidentally shot Sunday morning, is progressing nicely and will soon be about. The only danger is from blood-poisoning.

Mounted Officer Maguire is yet very much worried over the outcome, but thinks his friend will pull through all right.

The theory of Maguire as to the shooting is that he was riding over his beat and a dog was worrying his horse by snapping at his heels. To stop this the officer drew his pistol and fired it at the beast to scare him away. When he got to the stable the hammer was on the exploded cartridge and one away from the empty chamber on which he always kept it. To put back on the empty chamber, he was turning the cylinder around when Grant called to him. As he whirled about to answer, his thumb slipped from the hammer and the pistol went off.

Notice to the Public.

Call and have a talk with C. H. Brown and E. H. Fisher, architects, Nos. 515 to 517 Stimson building, before ordering your plans. We are never too busy to serve our clients.

MILLINERY PARLORS. Ladies, until I can find a store on the first floor for less than $200 or $300 per month, you will find me at the beautiful millinery parlors where the rent is so low that I can nearly give millinery away, as my goods are all paid for. Mrs. C. Dosch, No. 230½ South Spring street, rooms 43 and 44.

TRY our Columbian lump coal. $8 per ton, delivered to any part of the city. Banning Company, No. 222 South Spring street.

MRS. C. N. SMITH and Mrs. C. C. Carpenter are now prepared to receive the ladies of Los Angeles and vicinity for artistic hairdressing, cutting, shampooing and manicuring in latest approved style, at Eastern prices. Satisfaction guaranteed. Rooms Nos. 133, 134 and 135, Stimson Block.

THERE will be a great sale at Wineburgh's, No. 309 South Spring, beginning 9 a.m. Wednesday.

SINGERS and artists generally are users of "Brown's Bronchial Troches" for coughs, colds, hoarseness and throat irritations. They afford instant relief. Avoid imitations.


TIP TOP COUGH SYRUP

In Every Instance
Tip Top;
Has worked like a charm and we feel warranted in giving it a cordial recommendation.
Prof. F. W. Livingston, San Diego, Cal.
All Druggists at 50c.

Mothers,
when nursing babies, need a nourishment that will give them strength and make their milk rich.
Scott's Emulsion
the Cream of Cod-liver Oil, nourishes mothers and makes babies fat and healthy. Gives strength to growing children. Physicians, the world over, endorse it.
Don't be deceived by Substitutes!
Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists.

JOE POHEIM
THE TAILOR
MAKES THE BEST CLOTHES IN THE STATE
At 25 PER CENT LESS THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE.
SUITS Made to Order from $20
PANTS Made to Order from $5
FINE TAILORING AT MODERATE PRICES
Rules for Self-Measurement and Samples of Cloth sent free for all orders.
No. 143 S. Spring St., LOS ANGELES.

W. G. Walz Co.
B. BURNELL, Manager.
321 South Spring Street
Largest stock in the city of
Mexican and Indian Curios
And Souvenir Goods.
A Museum well worth a visit.

Thrown Crutches Away. Many of our customers date the commencement of their recovery from rheumatism to the day they began to use Paine's Celery Compound. Try it.

"CUPIDENE,"
the great life-giver cures general and nervous debility, and all diseases wearing on the body and mind. $1.00 a box, six for $5.
For sale by C. H. HANCE, 177-179 N. Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

MISS M. A. JORDAN
Has not gone out of business and cordially invites the ladies of Los Angeles and Southern California to favor her with their patronage.
318 S. SPRING ST.

TrunkFactory
J. C. Cunningham,
336 S. SPRING ST.
Opp. L. A. Theater. Tel. 818
Manufacturer and dealer
Repairing a Specialty.
Old Trunks taken in exchange.

TOILET Parlors.
Hair Goods
To order in new styles and of excellent workmanship.
Artistic Coiffures
By Mr. R. Roberti of Paris. Our specialty, SHAMPOOING.
Mrs. Weaver-Jackson,
206-7-8 Stimson Block, Telephone 1256.

TO THE YOUNG FACE
Pozzoni's Complexion Powder gives fresher charms, to the old renewed youth. Try it.

Dry Goods Market Report.

The very latest and precise quotations which may be relied upon as being the very lowest figures for like qualities to be found in this city. Wherever you may do your buying you will find these prices a helpful guide as to what you ought to pay. Our assortment of storm defying apparel is complete, storm coats, hats and shoes in bountifully varied prices.

Linens.
50c Cream Damask Linen now 35c
20c Knotted Damask Towel now 15c
35c Huck Towels, 48 inches long 25c
15c Turkish Towels, per doz. $1.00
35c Turkey Red Damask 25c
50 inch Pillow case muslin 10c
8-4 Bleached Sheeting 14c

Domestics.
7½c Indigo Blue and Turkey Red Prints 05c
12½c Dress style Plaids and stripe ginghams, dark colors at 8½c
10c Fancy stripe dress ginghams 05c
15c Fleeced Danish Downs 10c
7c Light Colors, Outing Flannel 05c

Blankets.
10-4 Fine quality $1.50 gray Blankets $1.00
10-4 Colored Camel's Hair Blankets 75c
11-4 Extra quality Gray Blanket $1.50
11-4 White California blanket, $6 quality, at $4.50
$3.00 Purity Comfort at $2.50
75c White Crochet Spread at. 55c

Children's Jackets.
$4 Reefer Jackets, now only $2.50
$7.50 Reefer Jackets, now only $3.95
$10 Reefer Jackets, now only $5.00
These coats in sizes from 3 to 8 years only.

Plush Coats.
$35 Plush long coat, now $15.00
$45 Plush long coat, now $25.00

Ladies' Jackets.
$15 Long Black Jacket, now $8.50
$18 long Brown Jackets, now $10.00
$10 tailored street suits, now $5.00

Stationery.
¼ ream white ruled note paper 15c
¼ ream white ruled note paper 19c
¼ ream heavy ruled note 30c
Good lead pencils, 8 doz. 10c

Embroideries.
15c edgings and insertings 5c
35c Hamburg edges, now 20c
50c half flounce embroidery 25c
$1 solid color embdy, now 25c
$1.25 45 inch Swiss flouncing now 50c
$1 45-inch black Swiss flouncing 25c

Trimmings.
$1.25 Fancy Braid Sets, all colors, now 25c
$1 Jetted Plush Band trimming 25c
50c Persian band trimming 10c
50c Tinseled braid trimmings 10c
75c Silk passementerie, all colors 10c

Gloves.
$1.25 Kid Gloves, all shades, now 50c
50c Wool cashmere gloves 25c
35c Woolen mittens, now 25c

Drugs.
Harlem Oil 5c
St. Jacob's Oil 34c
Wizard Oil 34c
Hostetter's Bitters 75c
Sulphur Bitters 80c
Coca Calisaya Tonic 65c
Dr. Koch's Sarsaparilla 59c
Ayer's Sarsaparilla 63c
Hood's Sarsaparilla 63c
Dr. Koch's Digestine 35c
Lactopeptine 80c
Hance's Rum and Quinine Hair Tonic 50c
Hance's Antiseptic Dentifrice. 25c

Dress Goods.
25c Two-tone figured dress goods 15c
40c Scotch gray suitings now 25c
50c All-wool mixed suitings, now 35c
75c 54-inch wide covert cloths 50c
$1 Imported novelty suitings 50c
$1.25 54-inch silk and wool suitings 75c
$1 54-in. cardinal red serge 50c
$1.25 54-inch imported cheviot in navy 75c

Black Goods.
46-inch surah and storm serge, 75c quality at 50c
$1 storm serge, 52 inch, at 75c
75c novelties in Priestley black goods 50c
$1.25 black novelties now 85c

Silks.
50c 21-in. new wash silks now 40c
75c two-tone fancy stripe silks 50c
$1 fancy taffeta silks 65c
$1 22-inch black corded silks 65c
$1 24-inch brocaded evening silks 75c
$1.35 22-in. black satin all-silk $1

Men's Wear.
$1.50 imported neckwear now 95c
50c neckwear, 4-in-hands and tecks 25c
75c unlaundered shirts now 50c
$1.25 underw'r, odd stock now 75c
75c suspenders, kid ends, now 45c
$1.25 Rossi Mocha gloves now 65c
75c calf driving gloves now 50c
75c plain white muslin nightrobes now 50c
$1.00 twilled nightrobes now 65c
$1.50 soft hats now $1
75c boys' hats now 50c
$4.00 boys' suits now $2.95

Umbrellas.
$1.75 Gloria silk 26-inch umbrella $1.35
$2.50 navy blue 26-inch umbrella $1.75
$3.00 black silk 26-inch umbrella $2.50
$2.75 twilled gloria 26-inch umbrella $2.00
$4.00 all-silk 26-inch umbrella $3.00

Millinery.
Grand "close-out" stock-taking sale of all our fine trimmed hats, worth from $5 up to $10 each; take your choice of any lovely hat in the collection at $3.95
Black and colored ostrich tips, 3 in a bunch, price per bunch 25c
Untrimmed French felt hats 25c

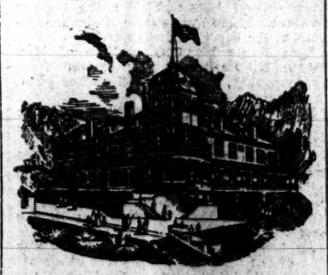
Ladies' Hose.
50c unbleached 3-thread balbriggan hose, now 3 pairs $1
Infants' wool hose, navy blue and brown, worth 25c, now 3 pair 50c
Ladies' black wool hose, double heel and toe, worth 35c, now only 25c
Children's black ribbed hose, sizes 5 to 8½, fast colors, 3 pair 25c

Down-stairs Salesroom.
50 piece dinner set, semi porcelain $4.50
Splendid plated orange spoons, per set $2.00
Decorated sugars and creamers each 25c
Wade & Butcher or Westenholm razors 75c
Gold band white china cuspidors 35c

Prescriptions. We are in the Drug Business to do Drug Business. We use only the best and purest materials that money can buy, and hand you your prescription at a half to a quarter less than you can get it filled at any single-handed drug shop in the city.

A. HAMBURGER & SONS.

ECHO MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
Mount Lowe Railway.


3500 FEET ABOVE THE LEVEL OF THE SEA, AT THE SUMMIT OF THE GREAT CABLE INCLINE.

The Echo Mountain House is the finest and best-equipped mountain hotel in the world, and is second to none of the world-famed hotels of Southern California. In location it has no equal, being immediately overlooking the San Gabriel Valley, with mountains, foothills, ever-verdant valleys, towns, villages, Old Mission, sea beach, shipping, islands and ocean in full view. The climate is delightful, both winter and summer. It is never hot and never cold. On the verandas there are always cool breezes in summer, and in winter it is warmer than in the valley below. The sunrises and sunsets witnessed from its porches and verandas equal in splendor the most gorgeous displays pictured by European visitors. An additional attraction is the Lowe Observatory, presided over by the eminent astronomer, Dr. Lewis Swift. Other attractions within easy reach of Echo Mountain House are numerous and will take days and even weeks to explore them, and no visitor should spend less than one day and night on these mountains—where more enjoyment can be had in the same time than in any other spot on the globe—to witness the gorgeous sunset and sunrise; the cities of Los Angeles and Pasadena below, with their thousands of electric lights glimmering like an immense lake of diamonds; the operation of the great World's Fair searchlight, and look through one of the finest telescopes in the world; also the fine zoological collection of wild animals that inhabit the Sierra Madre Mountains. Rates no higher than like accommodations in the valley. Weekly and monthly rates on application. See time-table. A well-equipped livery stable at Altadena Junction for the accommodation of guests of the hotel. Guests stopping at Echo Mountain House will receive low-rate commutation tickets over the railway to visit the valley.
For rates apply to
H. R. WARNER, Manager.

E. L. DOHENY, Manager. GEO. J. OWENS, Supt.,
Doheny, Connon & Owens Oil Co.,
Fuel Oil.
In any quantity at market prices. Satisfaction guaranteed. Our oil contains no Benzine, naphtha or other dangerous explosives. We furnish—
Maier-Zobelein Brewery, Los Angeles Cold Storage Co., Cudahy Packing Co., and many other consumers, to whom we refer. Can be burned with any style of burner.
Telephone 1472. Wells and office, Cor. Douglas and West State Streets

DR. TALCOTT & CO.
Of New York, permanently located in Los Angeles,
THE LEADING SPECIALISTS,
And only Doctors in Southern California treating
Diseases of MEN Exclusively

Not a Dollar
NEED BE PAID US
Until We Cure You.
No guarantee or Security whatever is demanded. We trust to the honor of our patients to pay us when cured, as is customary with *all regular and reputable physicians.*
We mean the above statement emphatically—it means everybody, and it is to show our sincerity, honesty and ability to cure these diseases, of which we make a specialty. We have the largest practice in Southern California, acquired by skill and moderate charges.
Our Offices are the most elaborate and private in the city, and you need see no one but the doctors. Private entrance on Third street prevents publicity. We make it a part of our business to deal in sacred confidence with our patients. We have abandoned the treatment of all diseases except every form of Private Weaknesses, Unnatural Secretions, Vile Habits and their effects, Blood Taints and Surgical Diseases of Men. We believe that we thereby attain the highest possible degree of success for the speedy, thorough and permanent cure of these peculiar cases. Our experience has taught us that medicines alone will not cure these diseases. Improvement begins at once upon the application of our local treatment. Our book on the nature and treatment of these diseases, together with rules for diet, exercise and sleep sent free on application; also our self-diagnosis sheet and our opinion as to the curability of the case.
Consultation, Examination and Advice absolutely Free.
Cor. Main and Third Sts.

Bear in mind that "The gods help those who help themselves." Self-help should teach you to use
SAPOLIO

DO YOU KEEP HENS?
STURTEVANT'S IMPERIAL Egg Food
Will make your hens lay
For sale by F. W. Braun & Co., J. D. Mercer, 117 E. Second st., Petaluma Incubator Co. 231 South Main st.

Sturtevant's Roup Pills
cures Roup, Swell Head, Diphtheria, Canker, Gapes, etc.
F. C. STURTEVANT
Sole Proprietor
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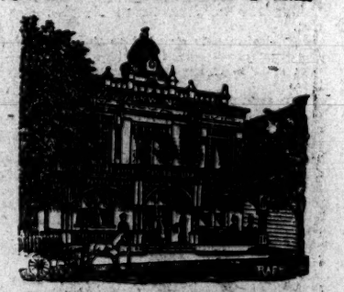
Imported Steam and Domestic Coal
Banning Company,
COLUMBIAN COAL - - $8 PER TON
Delivered in bulk.
TELEPHONES - - - 35 and 131
130 West Second street.

Hise Sanitary Refrigerator Company, Incorporated, Manufacturers of Refrigerators, Cooling Rooms, Ice and Refrigerating Machines. Offices: 224 E. Kinzie St., Chicago, Ill.; 230½ S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.

Dr. Wong's SANITARIUM


NERVOUS and CHRONIC DISEASES quickly cured without the use of poisons. Four thousand cures. Ten years in Los Angeles.
DR. WONG.
713 S. Main st., Los Angeles.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. FIT FOR A KING.
$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$4 $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO
$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S
EXTRA FINE
$2.50 $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES
LADIES
$3 $2.50 $2 $1.75
BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE
W. L. DOUGLAS
BROCKTON, MASS.

Over One Million People wear the
W. L. Douglas $3 & $4 Shoes
All our shoes are equally satisfactory
They give the best value for the money.
They equal custom shoes in style and fit.
Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed.
The prices are uniform—stamped on sole.
From $1 to $3 saved over other makes.
If your dealer cannot supply you we can. Sold by
L. W. GODIN, 104 N. Spring st.
MASS. SHOE HOUSE, 129 W. First st.
ROCHESTER SHOE HOUSE, 105 N. Spring

Auction!
Of the entire
FURNITURE
Of an 8-room residence 139 North Grand avenue, this day at 2 p.m. The above sale will positively take place.
C. M. STEVENS,
Auctioneer.

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When what you read is entertaining and when you don't have to strain your eyes in perusing it. You can afford to be reckless with anything but your eyes; you can afford to take chances with anything but your sight. We make all sorts of glasses for all sorts of eyes, and for their expert examination no charge is made. You will find in our fine stock everything to improve one's eyesight in the way of glasses. Pacific Optical Co., Scientific Opticians, 107 North Spring st. Don't forget number